LOGICAL FRAMEWORK FOR THE PROJECT			
OVERALL OBJECTIVE	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF VERIFICATION	
To enhance capacities of institutions in Bosnia and Herzegovina to govern and tackle corruption	Indicator: Level of corruption in Bosnia and Herzegovina in 2016 (as compared to 2014). Baseline: 80 st place out of 175 countries in 2014. Target: 76 th place out of 175 countries in 2016.	Corruption Perceptions Index, Transparency International (<u>http://www.transparency.org/cpi</u> 2014/results).	
SPECIFIC OBJECTIVE	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF VERIFICATION	ASSUMPTIONS
To improve governance of anticorruption initiatives in Bosnia and Herzegovina focusing on parliamentarians, the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina, and other relevant institutions defined in the Anti-Corruption Strategy of Bosnia and Herzegovina.	Parliament and Public Officials and Civil Servants are corrupt/extremely corrupt in 2016 (in comparison with 2013).	 Global Corruption Barometer (National Report for Bosnia and Herzegovina to be conducted in 2016), Transparency International (http://www.transparency.org/gc b2013/country/?country=bosnia and herzegovina). Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Progress Report on Implementation of the Strategy (www.apik.ba). Reports on performance of the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina adopted by the Parliamentary Committee for the Election and Monitoring of the Work of the for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina (https://www.parlament.ba/sadrz aj/komisije/ostalo/komisija- korupcija/default.aspx?=&id=416 28∣=2&langTag=bs-BA&pril=b 	Participating institutions have political will to embrace and apply effective mechanisms to combat corruption.

OUTPUTS	OBJECTIVELY VERIFIABLE INDICATORS	SOURCES OF VERIFICATION	ASSUMPTIONS
 Output 1: Governance of anticorruption initiatives in Bosnia and Herzegovina is improved. Output 2: Anticorruption tools and practices in selected institutions in Bosnia and Herzegovina are introduced and affirmed. Output 3: Audit reports are effectively used in parliamentarian and prosecutorial practices. 	<u>Indicator 1.2</u> : Number of Strategy oversight meetings organized annually with joint participation of the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the relevant Parliamentary Committee (<i>linked to Output 1</i>). <u>Baseline</u> : No such meetings were held after the establishment of the new relevant Parliamentary Committee in 2015.	 Reports on performance of the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina adopted by the Parliamentary Committee for the Election and Monitoring of the Work of the for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina (https://www.parlament.ba/sadrz aj/komisije/ostalo/komisija-korupcija/default.aspx?=&id=416 28∣=2&langTag=bs-BA&pril=b (for indicators 1.1, 1.2, 1.4). Minutes from the meetings of the Parliamentary Committee (https://www.parlament.ba/sadrz aj/komisije/ostalo/komisija-korupcija/default.aspx?=&id=416 28∣=2&langTag=bs-BA&pril=b) (for indicators 1.8, 1.9 and 1.10). Regular information and reports prepared by the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Progress Report on Implementation of the Strategy (www.apik.ba) (for indicators 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.6 and 1.7). Project progress/final reports, photos and documentation (all indicators). Results from a repeated capacity assessment for some segments conducted in the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Progress/final reports, photos and documentation (all indicators). 	Parliament of Bosnia and Herzegovina is committed to membership in GOPAC. Political interests prevent the anchoring of new anti-corruption tools and mechanisms. Lengthy process of instituting new procedures/tools within institutions.

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entity and cantonal government levels is		Corruption of Bosnia and	
initiated by the Agency for Prevention of		Herzegovina (<u>for indicators 1.5</u> ,	
Corruption and Coordination of the Fight		<u>1.6, 1.7</u>).	
Against Corruption of Bosnia and		Entry-point and post-training self-	
Herzegovina, and brings together at least 5		evaluation of participants (for	
relevant institutions by the end of 2015.		<u>indicator 2.1, 3.5</u>).	
Reference: Capacity Assessment Report of	\succ	The specialized training	
the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and		programmes developed under the	
Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption		project (for indicators 2.2, 3.3,	
of Bosnia and Herzegovina, point 4.1 –		<u>3.4)</u> .	
Assessment Findings and Recommendations	\triangleright	Web-sites of the selected 5	
for Specific Functions.		institutions	
		(www.javnenabavke.ba;	
Indicator 1.4: Number of cross-institutional		www.dkpt.ba;	
coordination meetings (led by the Agency		www.granpol.gov.ba;	
for Prevention of Corruption and		www.sipa.gov.ba) (for indicators	
Coordination of the Fight Against		2.3, 2.4);	
Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina and		Procedures to protect whistle-	
engaging other relevant law-enforcement		blowers designed, as well as	
institutions) organised (linked to Output 1).		relevant formal documentation	
Baseline: Such coordination meetings are		(Decisions, Internal Procedures of	
sporadic, while engagement of all relevant		selected 5 institutions) (for	
institutions is weak.		indicator 2.5);	
Target: At least 3 coordination meetings by	Δ	Assessments of corruption-prone	
the end of 2016.		functions conducted for the	
Indicator 1.5: Level of capacity and specific		selected institutions with the	
expertise of employees of the Agency for		project support (for indicator 2.6).	
Prevention of Corruption and Coordination	1		
of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia		Public media coverage;	
and Herzegovina (<i>linked to Output 1</i>).		information posted on websites of	
		participating institutions and other	
Baseline: Insufficient capacity of staff.		public media sources in Bosnia and	
Reference: Capacity Assessment Report of	4	Herzegovina (<u>for all indicators</u>).	
the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and		Specific survey conducted by the	
Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption		Project in partner Prosecutor's and	
of Bosnia and Herzegovina, point 3.2.3.		Audit institutions (for indicators	
Target: Increased capacity of staff to		<u>3.1 and 3.2</u>).	
perform specific subject-area assignments			
by the end of 2016.			
Indicator 1.6: Number of staff from the			
Agency for Prevention of Corruption and			
Coordination of the Fight Against			

Г	Computing of Design and Hammanian	
	Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina	
	trained and able to conduct corruption-	
	related capacity and risks assessments in	
	any institution (linked to Output 1).	
	Baseline: Employees of the Agency did not	
	receive any specialised training on relevant	
	subject-matters. Reference: Capacity	
	Assessment Report of the Agency for	
	Prevention of Corruption and Coordination	
	of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia	
	and Herzegovina, points 3.2.3 and 3.2.10.	
	Target: At least 50 % of the Agency staff	
	increased their capacity to perform	
	assignments related to corruption-related	
	capacity and risks assessments by the end of	
	2016.	
	Indicator 1.7: Number of specialised	
	training programmes in the area of anti-	
	corruption designed and delivered to target	
	groups from the Agency (linked to Output	
	Baseline: none. Reference: Capacity	
	Assessment Report of the Agency for	
	Prevention of Corruption and Coordination	
	of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia	
	and Herzegovina, points 3.2.3 and 3.2.10.	
	Target: At least 2 specialised training	
	programmes, each comprising a 3 5-day	
	thematic modules are designed and	
	delivered to the target groups by the end of	
	2016.	
	Indicator 1.8: Number of members of the	
	newly-established Parliamentary	
	Committee for the Election and Monitoring	
	of the Work of the Prevention of Corruption	
	and Coordination of the Fight Against	
	Corruption having general knowledge in the	
	area of anti-corruption (linked to Output 1).	
	Baseline: the general awareness and	
	knowledge of the newly-set Parliamentary	
	knowledge of the newly-set ranamentary	

Commission is very limited (2015).	
Reference: Capacity Assessment Report of	
the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and	
Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption	
of Bosnia and Herzegovina, point 3.1.2 and	
3.1.6 – General Assessment Findings and	
Recommendations.	
Target: All members of the newly-	
established Parliamentary Committee have	
basic understanding and knowledge in the	
area of anti-corruption as a result of 2	
thematic trainings held by the end of 2016.	
Indicator 1.9: Number of regular meetings	
of the Parliamentary Committee for the	
Election and Monitoring of the Work of the	
Prevention of Corruption and Coordination	
of the Fight Against Corruption held	
annually (linked to Output 1).	
Baseline: The Committee had 3 annual	
meetings in 2014. Since then, no meetings	
were held.	
Target: At least 4 meetings held by the end	
of 2016.	
01 2010.	
Indiantan (10) Franciska achim af the	
Indicator 1.10: Formal membership of the	
Parliament of Bosnia and Herzegovina in	
GOPAC (linked to Output 1).	
Baseline: The Parliament of Bosnia and	
Herzegovina is currently not a member of	
GOPAC.	
Target: The Parliament of Bosnia and	
Herzegovina becomes a member of GOPAC	
by the end of 2016.	
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Indicator 2.1: Level of knowledge and	
capacities of selected institutions mandated	
to combat corruption (<i>linked to Output 2</i>).	
, ,	
Baseline: Insufficient, particularly for	
specialised areas. <i>Reference: Capacity</i>	
Appraisal Reports of the Public Review	
Board, Public Procurement Agency of Bosnia	

and Herzegovina, Directorate for	
Coordination of Police Bodies of Bosnia and	
Herzegovina, Border Police of Bosnia and	
Herzegovina, State Investigation and	
Protection Agency.	
Target: Level of knowledge and capacities of	
selected institutions mandated to combat	
corruption is increased by the end of 2016.	
Indicator 2.2: Number of specialised	
training programmes in the area of anti-	
corruption designed and delivered, and	
number of trainees from selected	
institutions (linked to Output 2).	
Baseline: none.	
Target: At least 4 specialised training	
programmes are designed and delivered to	
at least 50 employees from selected 5	
institutions by the end of 2016.	
Indicator 2.3: Number of new mechanisms	
for reporting corruption by citizens, as well	
as by institution employees set in place and	
promoted (linked to Output 2).	
Baseline: in the selected 5 institutions such	
are either inexistent, or non-functional.	
Target: At least 8 new mechanisms (at least	
4 for reporting corruption by citizens and at	
least 4 for reporting corruption by	
institutions' employees) are established	
within the 5 select relevant institutions and	
promoted by the end of 2016.	
Indicator 2.4: Number of corruption signals	
submitted by citizens or institutions'	
employees within the selected 5 institutions	
and addressed (<i>linked to Output 2</i>).	
Baseline: not available.	
Target: At least 10 corruption signals	
submitted by citizens or institutions'	

employees within the selected 5 institutions	
are addressed by the end of 2016.	
Indicator 2.5: Number of procedures to	
protect whistle-blowers designed and	
formalised within the selected institutions	
(linked to Output 2).	
Baseline: no such procedures exist in	
present within the selected institutions.	
Target: At least 4 relevant institutions	
design and adopt procedures to protect	
whistle-blowers by the end of 2016.	
whistle-blowers by the end of 2010.	
Indicator 2.6: Number of assessments of	
corruption-prone functions within relevant	
institutions conducted by APIK (linked to	
Output 2).	
Baseline: no such assessments were	
conducted by APIK to date.	
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Target: 5 assessments of corruption-prone	
functions within the selected 5 institutions	
conducted jointly with the Agency for	
Prevention of Corruption and Coordination	
of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia	
and Herzegovina by the end of 2016.	
Indicator 3.1: Number of cases where	
Prosecutors used Formal Audit Reports to	
perform their function (<i>linked to Output 3</i>).	
Baseline: Very limited, if any. Reference:	
Interim report, Project Phase I, Guidelines	
for prosecuting corruption offenses.	
Target: At least 10 by the end of 2016.	
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Indicator 3.2: Number of cases when Public	
Audit employees submitted reports on the	
commission of a criminal offence (linked to	
Output 3).	
Baseline: Very limited, if any. Reference:	
Interim report, Project Phase I, Guidelines	
for prosecuting corruption offenses.	

Activities related to Output			
ACTIVITIES	MEANS	OVERALL COST	ASSUMPTIONS
	sessions delivered by the end of 2016.		
	corruption as a result of 3 thematic training		
	audit reports and can identify indicators of		
	Committee increase their understanding on		
	Target: All members of the Parliamentary		
	for prosecuting corruption offenses.		
	Interim report, Project Phase I, Guidelines		
	members of the Committee. Reference:		
	corruption (<i>linked to Output 3</i>). <u>Baseline</u> : Limited knowledge by all		
	improve their skills to identify indicators of		
	their understanding on audit reports and		
	House of Representatives who increase		
	Committee on Finance and Budget of the		
	Indicator 3.5: Number of members of the		
	the end of 2016.		
	at least 30 future criminal investigators by		
	programmes are designed and delivered to		
	Target: At least 5 specialised training		
	Baseline: none.		
	trainees (linked to Output 3).		
	designed and delivered, and number of		
	investigators on the use of audit reports		
	training programmes for future criminal		
	Indicator 3.4: Number of specialised		
	institutions by the end of 2016.		
	at least 30 employees from relevant		
	programmes are designed and delivered to		
	Target: At least 6 specialised training		
	Baseline: none.		
	institutions (linked to Output 3).		
	number of trainees from selected		
	Auditors designed and delivered, and		
	Indicator 3.3: Number of specialised training programmes for Prosecutors and		
	Target: At least 10 by the end of 2016.		

key institutions mandated to tackle corruption 1.1.1. Organize 3 Anti-Corruption Strategy oversight meetings with representatives of the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina and the Parliamentary Committee for the Election and Monitoring of the Work of the for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina. 1.1.2. Organize 3 round-table sessions for representatives of the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina, prosecutors' offices and relevant law enforcement agencies. 1.1.3. Hold 3 Anti-Corruption Strategy monitoring sessions with representatives of the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina and entity/ cantonal anti-corruption bodies Activity 1.2. Strengthen capacities of the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina to adopt evidence-based decisions and to conduct relevant anticorruption assessments 1.2.1. Design anti-corruption capacity	 Human resources and staffing; Training and workshops; Travel costs; Technical assistance (consultancies and expertise); Training design and delivery experts; Venues and hospitality for conference, trainings; Study visit; Visibility; Indirect costs. 		Open and collaborative relationships are established with all participating institutions. Strong and continued motivation and commitment for capacity development and introduction of new anti-corruption mechanisms on behalf of management of participating institutions. Continued interest and motivation for capacity development by public employees within participating institutions. Relevant specific subject-matter expertise is available in Bosnia and Herzegovina.
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1.2.2. Deliver the training to relevant		
representatives of the Agency for		
Prevention of Corruption and		
Coordination of the Fight Against		
Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina.		
1.2.3. Conduct one capacity and risk		
assessment for at least 1 selected		
relevant institution, together with the		
Agency for Prevention of Corruption		
and Coordination of the Fight Against		
Corruption of Bosnia and Herzegovina.		
Activity 1.3. Improve capacities of		
Parliamentary Committee for the		
Election and Monitoring of the Work of		
the Agency for Prevention of Corruption and Coordination of the		
Fight Against Corruption of Bosnia and		
Herzegovina, through intensive anti-		
corruption training.		
1.3.1 Design the anti-corruption		
training programme.		
1.3.2. Deliver the anti-corruption		
training programme.		
1.3.3. Organise a study visit for		
members of the Parliamentary		
Committee.		
Activity 1.4. Instituting practices and		
cooperation mechanisms of the Global		
Organisation of Parliamentarians		
Against Corruption (GOPAC) within the		
Parliament of Bosnia and Herzegovina		
1.4.1. Submission of Membership		
Request by the Parliament to GOPAC.		
1.4.2. Organise thematic conference.		
1.4.3. Institutionalise relevant GOPAC		
practices and anti-corruption tools		
within the Parliament of Bosnia and		
Herzegovina.		
Activities related to Output 2:		
Activities related to Output 2:		

tivity 2.1 Enhance capacities of stitutions mandated to combat rruption through training and pacity development.	<u>Output 2: NOK 184,750</u>
 2.1.1. Design and deliver a two-day workshop for employees of selected relevant institutions on "Causes of Corruption, Corruption Manifestation and Consequences"; 2.1.2. Design and deliver one-day workshop for employees of selected relevant institutions on "Conflict of interest". 2.1.3. Design and deliver a two-day workshop for selected institutions on "Application of Preventive Anti-Corruption Measures and Tools". 2.1.4. Design and deliver a two-day 	
workshop for selected institution on 'Corruption Reporting".	
Activity 2.2 Institute anticorruption tools and measures in selected institutions (Public Review Board, Public Procurement Agency of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Directorate for Coordination of Police Bodies of Bosnia and Herzegovina, Border Police of Bosnia and Herzegovina, State Investigation and Protection Agency) 2.2.1. Establish mechanisms for reporting corruption by citizens, as well as by institution employees.	
2.2.2. Design and anchor procedures to protect whistle-blowers within institutions.	
2.2.3. Conduct assessment of corruption-prone functions within relevant institutions (for 5 selected institutions).	

Activities related to Output 3:	
Activity 3.1. Organise training sessions	
for Prosecutors and Investigators on	
the use of audit reports.	
3.1.1. Design 3 thematic training	
programmes;	
3.1.2. Deliver the training programmes	
to the target groups.	Output 3: NOK 207,051
Activity 3.2. Organise training	
programmes for Auditors on	
understanding of (anti-corruption)	
<i>criminal legislation</i> 3.2.1. Design the 3 thematic training	
programmes;	
3.2.1. Deliver the training programmes	
to the target groups.	
to the target groups.	
Activity 3.3 Organise training sessions	
for parliamentarians (members of	
Committee on Finance and Budget,	
House of Representatives) on Audit	
reports and corruption	
3.3.1. Design the 3 training	
programmes;	
3.3.2. Deliver the training programmes	
to the target groups.	
Activity 3.4 Training of future criminal	
investigators on the use of audit	
reports	
3.3.1. Design the 5 training	
programmes;	
3.3.2. Deliver the training programmes	
to the target groups.	