#### Annex 1: Social and Environmental Screening Template Project Information

Pro	Project Information			
1.	Project Title	Institutional Support to the Astana Civil Service Hub Phase 3		
2.	Project Number	00123513		
3.	Location (Global/Region/Country)	Kazakhstan		
4.	Project stage	Design		
5.	Date	3 November 2021		

# Part A. Integrating Programming Principles to Strengthen Social and Environmental Sustainability

QUESTION 1: How Does the Project Integrate the Programming Principles in Order to Strengthen Social and Environmental Sustainability?

#### Briefly describe in the space below how the project mainstreams the human rights-based approach

The project focuses on strengthening the management capacity of civil services and other government institutions from the ACSH participating countries in achieving their human development goals. The project contributes to the establishment of modern, effective, and sustainable civil service systems that meet society's expectations to responsive, accountable, and transparent public institutions in the countries of the region and beyond, thus promoting human rightsbased approach to development.

## Briefly describe in the space below how the project is likely to improve gender equality and women's empowerment

The project will ensure gender balance among the participants of its learning and training activities. It will also ensure that demand- and need-oriented, as well as gender-based learning approaches will be employed throughout the implementation timeline of the project. Furthermore, all on-demand capacity building, research-related and partnership events, gender aspects will be taken into consideration.

#### Briefly describe in the space below how the project mainstreams sustainability and resilience

Sustainability is achieved by improving the quality of life of the population and modernizing the governance system through innovation and introduction of digital public service provision through differentiated channels of delivery.

#### Briefly describe in the space below how the project strengthens accountability to stakeholders

Accountability to stakeholders is achieved by continuous monitoring and progress reporting during the lifecycle of the Project.

#### Part B. Identifying and Managing Social and Environmental Risks

QUESTION 2: What are the Potential Social and Environmental Risks? Note: Complete SESP Attachment 1 before responding to Question 2	QUESTION 3: What is the level of significance of the potential social and environmental risks? Note: Respond to Questions 4 and 5 below before proceeding to Question 6		QUESTION 6: Describe the assessment and management measures for each risk rated Moderate, Substantial or High		
Risk Description (broken down by event, cause, impact)	Impact and Likelihood (1-5)	Significance (Low, Moderate, Substantial, High)	Comments	Description of assessment and management measures for risks rated as Moderate, Substantial or High	
No risks identified					
	QUESTION 4: What is the overall Project risk categorization?				
	Low Risk				
	Moderate Ris	k			
	High Risk				
	QUESTION 5: Based on the identified risks and risk categorization, what requirements of the SES are triggered? <i>(check all that apply)</i>				
	Question only required for Moderate, Substantial and High Risk projects				

ls assessment required? (check if "yes")			Status? (completed, planned)
If yes, indicate overall type and		Targeted assessment(s)	
status		ESIA (Environmental and Social Impact Assessment)	
		SESA (Strategic Environmental and Social Assessment)	
Are management plans required (check if "yes")			
If yes, indicate overall type and status		Targeted management plans (e.g., Gender Action Plan, Emergency Response Plan, Waste Management Plan, others)	
		ESMP (Environmental and Social Management Plan which may include range of targeted plans)	
		ESMF (Environmental and Social Management Framework	
Based on identified risks, which Principles/Project-level Standard triggered?		Comments (not requi	ired)
Overarching Principle: Leave No One Behind			
Human Rights			
Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment			
Accountability			
1. Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Natural Resource Management			
2. Climate Change and Disaster Risks			
3. Community Health, Safety and Security			
4. Cultural Heritage			
5. Displacement and Resettlement			
6. Indigenous People			
7. Labour and Working Conditions			

### Final Sign Off

Signature	Date	Description
QA Assessor		Dosbol Tursumuratov, Monitoring and Evaluations Associate
Dosbol Tursumu	03-NOV-202	1
QA Approver		Vitalie Vremis, Deputy Resident Representative
MAM	04-Nov-2021	
PAC Chair		Konstantin Sokulskiy, Assistant Resident Representative
konstantin Sokul	03-Nov-202	<u>ل</u>

Chec	klist Potential Social and Environmental <u>Risks</u>	
Overa	arching Principle: Leave No One Behind	Answer
Princ	iples 1: Human Rights	(Yes/No
P.1	Have local communities or individuals raised human rights concerns regarding the project (e.g.,	NO
	during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements)?	
P.2	Is there a risk that duty-bearers (e.g., government agencies) do not have the capacity to meet their	NO
	obligations in the project?	
P.3	Is there a risk that rights-holders (e.g., project-affected persons) do not have the capacity to claim	NO
	their rights?	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to	
P.4	Adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of	NO
	the affected population and particularly of marginalised groups?	
P.5	Inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty	NO
	or marginalised or excluded individuals or groups including persons with disabilities? <sup>29</sup>	
P.6	Restrictions in availability, quality and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to	NO
	marginalised individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities	
P.7	Exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to project-affected communities and	NO
	individuals?	
Gend	er Equality and Women's Empowerment	
P.8	Have women's groups/leaders raised gender equality concerns regarding the project (e.g., during	NO
	the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements)?	
Woul	d the project potentially have involved or lead to	
P.9	Adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls?	NO
P.10	Reproducing discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in	NO
	design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits?	
P.11	Limitations on women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account	NO
	different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services?	
	For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in	
	communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being	
P.12	Exacerbation of risks of gender-based violence?	NO
	For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household	
	power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc.	
	inability and Resilience: Screening questions regarding risks associated with sustainability and	
resilie	ence are encompassed by the Standard-specific questions below	
Acco	untability	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to	
P.13	Exclusion of any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalised groups and excluded	NO
	individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect	
	them?	
P.14	Grievances or objections from potentially affected stakeholders?	NO
P.15	Risks of retaliation or reprisals against stakeholders who express concerns or grievances, or who	NO
	seek to participate in or to obtain information on the project?	
Proje	ect-Level Standards	
	dard 1: Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Natural Resource Management	
	d the project potentially involve or lead to	
1.1	Adverse effects to habitats (e.g., modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and	NO
	ecosystem services?	
	For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes	

#### SESP Attachment 1. Social and Environmental Risk Screening Checklist

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Prohibited grounds of discrimination include race, ethnicity, gender, age, language, disability, sexual orientation, gender identity, religion, political or other opinion, national or social or geographical origin, property, birth or other status including as an indigenous person or as a member of a minority. References to "women and men" or similar is understood to include women and men, boys and girls, and other groups discriminated against based on their gender identities, such as transgender people and transsexual people.

1.2	Activities within on adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g., nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for	NO
	protection, or recognised as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities?	
1.3	Changes to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems	NO
	and/or livelihoods? (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5)	
1.4	Risks to endangered species (e.g., reduction, encroachment no habitat)?	NO
1.5	Exacerbation of illegal wildlife trade?	NO
1.6	Introduction of invasive alien species?	NO
1.7	Adverse impacts on soils?	NO
1.8	Harvesting of natural forests, plantation development, or reforestation?	NO
1.9	Significant agricultural production?	NO
1.10	Animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species?	NO
1.11	Significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water? For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction	NO
1.12	Handling or utilisation of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms? <sup>30</sup>	NO
1.13	Utilisation of genetic resources (e.g., collection and/or harvesting commercial development) <sup>31</sup>	NO
1.14	Adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns?	NO
Stand	lard 2: Climate Change and Disaster Risks	
2.1	Areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions?	NO
2.2	Outputs and outcomes sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters?	NO
	For example, through increased precipitation, drought temperatures, salinity, extreme events,	
	earthquakes	
2.3	Increases in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices)?	NO
	For example, changes to land use planning many encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding	
2.4	Increased of greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change?	NO
Stand	lard 3: Community Health, Safety and Security	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to	
3.1	Construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g., roads, buildings, dams)? (Note: the GEF does not finance projects that would involve the construction or rehabilitation of large complex dams)	NO
3.2	Air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injurie, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation?	NO
3.3	Harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the project (e.g., collapse of buildings or infrastructure)?	NO
3.4	Risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g., temporary breeding habitats), communicable and non-communicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health?	NO
3.5	Transport, storage and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g., explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation)?	NO
3.6	Adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g., food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding)?	NO
3.7	Influx of project workers to project areas?	NO
3.8	Engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support project activities?	NO
Stand	lard 4: Cultural Heritage	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to	
4.1	Activities adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site?	NO
4.2	Significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes?	NO
4.3	Adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or	NO
	religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g., knowledge, innovations, practices)? (Note:	

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> See the <u>Convention on Biological Diversity</u> and its <u>Cartagena Protocol on Biosafety</u>.
<sup>31</sup> See the <u>Convention on Biological Diversity</u> and its <u>Nagoya Protocol</u> on access and benefit sharing from use of genetic resources.

	projects intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage many also have inadvertent adverse	
	impacts)	
4.4	Alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance?	NO
4.5	Utilisation of tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g., practices, traditional knowledge) or Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes?	NO
Stand	dard 5: Displacement and Resettlement	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to	
5.1	Temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognisable claims to land)?	NO
5.2	Economic displacement (e.g., loss of asses or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation?	NO
5.3	Risk of forced eviction? <sup>32</sup>	NO
5.4	Impacts on or changes to land tenure arrangements and/or community-based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and or resources?	NO
Stand	dard 6: Indigenous Peoples	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to	
6.1	Areas where indigenous peoples are present (including project area of influence)?	NO
6.2	Activities locate on lands and territories claimed by indigenous people?	NO
6.3	Impacts (positive or negative) to the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the project is located within on outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognised as indigenous peoples by the country in question)?	NO
6.4	The absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective to achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned?	NO
6.5	The utilisation and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples?	NO
6.6	Forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to land, territories, and resources?	NO
6.7	Adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them?	NO
6.8	Risk to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?	NO
6.9	Impacts on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialisation or use of their traditional knowledge and practices? <i>Consider, and where appropriate ensure, consistency with the answers under Standard 4 above.</i>	NO
Stand	dard 7: Labour and Working Conditions	
	d the project potentially involve or lead to (note: applies to project and contract workers)	
7.1	Working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments?	NO
7.2	Working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining?	NO
7.3	Use of child labour?	NO
7.4	Use of forced labour?	NO
7.5	Discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity?	NO
7.6	Occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological, and psychological hazards (including violence and harassment) through the project life-cycle?	NO
Stan	dard 8: Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency	
Woul	d the project potentially involve or lead to	
8.1	The release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts?	NO
8.2	The generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous)?	NO
8.3	The manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals?	NO
8.4	The use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs?	NO

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Forced eviction is defined here as the permanent or temporary removal against their will of individuals, families or communities from the homes and/or land which they occupy, without the provision of, and access to, appropriate forms of legal or other protection. Forced evictions constitute gross violations of a range of internationally recognized human rights.

For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal		
	Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention	
8.5	The application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health?	NO
8.6	Significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water?	NO