Closure Stage Quality Assurance Report

Form Status: Approved	
Overall Rating:	Satisfactory
Decision:	
Portfolio/Project Number:	00098147
Portfolio/Project Title:	Support to Bottom 40% Income Group Action Plan
Portfolio/Project Date:	2016-09-01 / 2022-03-31

Strategic

Quality Rating: Satisfactory

1. Did the project pro-actively identified changes to the external environment and incorporated them into the project strategy?

3: The project team identified relevant changes in the external environment that may present new opportunities or threats to the project's ability to achieve its objectives, assumptions were tested to determine if the project's strategy was valid. There is some evidence that the project board considered the implications, and documented the changes needed to the project in response. (all must be true)

2: The project team identified relevant changes in the external environment that may present new opportunities or threats to the project's ability to achieve its objectives. There is some evidence that the project board discussed this, but relevant changes did not fully integrate in the project. (both must be true)

1: The project team considered relevant changes in the external environment since implementation began, but there is no evidence that the project team considered these changes to the project as a result.

1) The finding on B40 Action Plan 2016 was unanim ously not accepted by the NSC as some NSC memb ers raised their concerns on the sampling size and w ere less confident about the qualitative methodology used to obtain the results. Therefore, the final report did not receive a unanimous endorsement from the members of NSC. Although the B40 Action Plan was not presented to the Cabinet, the project team agree d to pilot a citizen-centric intervention based on the r ecommendation of the B40 Action Plan Report 2) Poor buy-in from key government partners in the i nitial stage of the Citizen's Journey Approach (CJA) pilot project design due to the mismatch of expectati ons on how this pilot should be operationalised and r eality on the ground has resulted in some resistance given the tight timeline of this pilot. Therefore, the sc ope of the pilot was revised to focus mainly on how t he beneficiary access government services (deman d side) rather than addressing all components in the service delivery (ie the touchpoints and back-end m echanism)

3) Unresponsive local community leaders due to ine xperience, fear of doing it alone, competing commit ments etc, To motivate community leaders, experien ced leaders were mobilised to mentor other team m embers and move as a team.

List of Uploaded Documents

#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	B40FinalReport4June2018rev_10298_301 (h ttps://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAF ormDocuments/B40FinalReport4June2018re v_10298_301.pdf)	asfaazam.kasbani@undp.org	2/25/2022 7:45:00 AM

2. Was the project aligned with the thematic focus of the Strategic Plan?

- 3: The project responded to at least one of the development settings as specified in the Strategic Plan (SP) and adopted at least one Signature Solution .The project's RRF included all the relevant SP output indicators. (all must be true)
- 2: The project responded to at least one of the developments settings1 as specified in the Strategic Plan. The project's RRF included at least one SP output indicator, if relevant. (both must be true)
- 1: While the project may have responded to a partner's identified need, this need falls outside of the UNDP Strategic Plan. Also select this option if none of the relevant SP indicators are included in the RRF.

The project contributes directly to UNDP SP 2022-2 025 Development Outcome 2 No-one left behind, ce ntring on equitable access to opportunities and a rig hts-based approach to human agency and human d evelopment. The project included at least one of the previous UNDP SP's output which is the growth and development are inclusive and sustainable, incorpor ating productive capacities that create employment and livelihoods for the poor and excluded.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	B40ActionPlan_ProDoc_Final_10298_302 (h ttps://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAF ormDocuments/B40ActionPlan_ProDoc_Fina I_10298_302.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 3:14:00 PM

Relev	Quality Rating: Satisfactory
	ere the project's targeted groups systematically identified and engaged, with a priority focus on the riminated and marginalized, to ensure the project remained relevant for them?
\bigcirc	3: Systematic and structured feedback was collected over the project duration from a representative sample of beneficiaries, with a priority focus on the discriminated and marginalized, as part of the project's monitoring system. Representatives from the targeted groups were active members of the project's governance mechanism (i.e., the project board or equivalent) and there is credible evidence that their feedback informs project decision making. (all must be true)
	2: Targeted groups were engaged in implementation and monitoring, with a priority focus on the discriminated and marginalized. Beneficiary feedback, which may be anecdotal, was collected regularly to ensure the project addressed local priorities. This information was used to inform project decision making. (all must be true to select this option)
\bigcirc	1: Some beneficiary feedback may have been collected, but this information did not inform project decision making. This option should also be selected if no beneficiary feedback was collected
\bigcirc	Not Applicable

Beneficiary feedback is collected through regular en gagement with stakeholders, participatory workshop s, interviews and mid-point checks. The information obtained was used to inform the project decision ma king. As an example, in the preparation of the trainin q, the core team learnt that the Unit Pemimpin Pemb angunan Masyarakat (UPPM), a politically appointed body responsible to monitor the Sabah MPKK (local community leaders). Assessing the complexities of t he local governance structure and processes which may pose a risk to the CJA implementation, the core team decided to include UPPM as well to the trainin g, mainly to sensitise and get buy-in for this pilot. Thi s "surprise" element resulted in necessary adjustme nts ie change of engagement strategy and implicatio n on cost as the number of people attending the CR s training increases.

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4. Did the project generate knowledge, and lessons learned (i.e., what has worked and what has not) and has this knowledge informed management decisions to ensure the continued relevance of the project towards its stated objectives, the quality of its outputs and the management of risk?

- 3: Knowledge and lessons learned from internal or external sources (gained, for example, from Peer Assists, After Action Reviews or Lessons Learned Workshops) backed by credible evidence from evaluation, corporate policies/strategies, analysis and monitoring were discussed in project board meetings and reflected in the minutes. There is clear evidence that changes were made to the project to ensure its continued relevance. (both must be true)
- 2: Knowledge and lessons learned backed by relatively limited evidence, drawn mainly from within the project, were considered by the project team. There is some evidence that changes were made to the project as a result to ensure its continued relevance. (both must be true)
- 1: There is limited or no evidence that knowledge and lessons learned were collected by the project team.
 There is little or no evidence that this informed project decision making.

Knowledge and lessons learned from this project ha ve been presented at the TWC and NSC meetings (both minutes as attached). Changes made such as the scope of the CJA pilot was changed based on e ngagement and consultations with the key stakehold ers.

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1	LAMPIRAN2MINITPEMANDUCJA_10298_3 04 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/ QAFormDocuments/LAMPIRAN2MINITPEM ANDUCJA_10298_304.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 3:27:00 PM
2	2.0MinitMesyuaratJawatankuasaTeknikalProj ekRintisB40CJA_10298_304 (https://intranet. undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocument s/2.0MinitMesyuaratJawatankuasaTeknikalPr ojekRintisB40CJA_10298_304.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 3:30:00 PM

5. Was the project sufficiently at scale, or is there potential to scale up in the future, to meaningfully contribute to development change?

- 3: There was credible evidence that the project reached sufficient number of beneficiaries (either directly through significant coverage of target groups, or indirectly, through policy change) to meaningfully contribute to development change.
- 2: While the project was not considered at scale, there are explicit plans in place to scale up the project in the future (e.g. by extending its coverage or using project results to advocate for policy change).
- 1: The project was not at scale, and there are no plans to scale up the project in the future.

The B40 Action Plan study was bottom-up engagem ent to obtain feedback from the community while the CJA was proof-of-concept project to demonstrate if t he intervention can be replicated at scale. The CJA pilot has demonstrated that local community leaders can facilitate services for the furthest behind with ad equate training and tools. Building on knowledge gai ned from the CJA pilot, a guideline was developed a nd submitted to EPU aimed at replicating CJA princi ples to any government agencies.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	CJAinGovernmentServiceDelivery-FinalGuid eline_10298_305 (https://intranet.undp.org/a pps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocuments/CJAinGo vernmentServiceDelivery-FinalGuideline_102 98_305.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 3:37:00 PM

Principled Quality Rating: Satisfactory 6. Were the project's measures (through outputs, activities, indicators) to address gender inequalities and empower women relevant and produced the intended effect? If not, evidence-based adjustments and changes were made. 3: The project team gathered data and evidence through project monitoring on the relevance of the measures to address gender inequalities and empower women. Analysis of data and evidence were used to inform adjustments and changes, as appropriate. (both must be true). 3: The project team had some data and evidence on the relevance of the measures to address gender inequalities and empower women. There is evidence that at least some adjustments were made, as appropriate. (both must be true). 1: The project team had limited or no evidence on the relevance of measures to address gender inequalities and empowering women. No evidence on the relevance of measures to address gender inequalities and empower women. So evidence on the relevance of measures to address gender inequalities and empower women. No evidence on the relevance of measures to address gender inequalities and empower inequalities and/or changes made. This option should also be selected if the project has no measures to address gender inequalities and empower women relevant to the project results and activities.

1) B40 Action Plan Study

Output 1.1 Open space forum conducted:

In planning the consultation sessions, the project tea m ensured that the invitations targeted equally to ma le and female B40 individuals based on the eKasih d atabase as well as through NGO networks. The invit ations also took into consideration participation of pe ople with disabilities and of different age groups. Output 1.2 B40 Action Plan developed:

In analysing the results of the consultations and of th e existing government programmes for the B40 hous eholds, a gender perspective was used. For exampl e, the study analysed poverty and B40 programmes based on their opportunities for women's participatio n. The study also highlighted the plight of single mot hers from the consultations.

2) CJA Pilot

Output 2.1 Convene consultation and citizen journey mapping:

The households identified by the CRs were based o n these vulnerabilities criteria (details provided in the final report):

- Single parent
- Elderly
- Breadwinner with many dependants
- Unstable job
- Unpaid care-giver
- Output 2.2 capacity development training:

The project was unable to ensure gender equality re presentation of the local leaders as the selection wa s done by the state and local level. However, the rea lity unveiled the need for gender-sensitised at the st ate and local government to promote gender equalit y among local leaders. This observation would be ad ded to the policy brief which is currently being devel oped

Output 2.3 Develop policy paper on citizen journey a pproach in government service delivery:

The report considered gender lens analysis. It highli ghted the unpaid care burden of single or elderly wo men who fell through the crack of the government's social protection due to inability to seek help as the current mechanism in place is not addressing their si tuation.

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7. We	ere social and environmental impacts and risks s	uccessfully managed and monitore	d?
	3: Social and environmental risks were tracked ir		
	required (i.e., Environmental and Social Impact A social and environmental assessment for Modera	Assessment (ESIA) for High risk pro	pjects and some level of
	management plan(s) developed for identified risk and monitored. Risks effectively managed or mit in context that affects risk levels, the SESP was	igated. If there is a substantive cha	nge to the project or change

- 2: Social and environmental risks were tracked in the risk log. Appropriate assessments conducted where required (i.e., Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) for High risk projects and some level of social and environmental assessment for Moderate risk projects as identified through SESP). Relevant management plan(s) developed, implemented and monitored for identified risks. OR project was categorized as Low risk through the SESP.
- 1: Social and environmental risks were tracked in the risk log. For projects categorized as High or Moderate Risk, there was no evidence that social and environmental assessments completed and/or management plans or measures development, implemented or monitored. There are substantive changes to the project or changes in the context but SESP was not updated. (any may be true)

The project risks including the identified social risks were tracked and reported in the Atlas risk log. The project had low social risks since the project's main objective will lead to improved participation and acce ss of people living in poverty and marginalised group s to social assistance services. The project will not e xacerbate gender inequality but rather empowering women within households with the knowledge to see k support to social assistances. The project also had low environmental risk given none of the communitie s we worked with lived near natural forest or depend ed on natural resources.

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8. Were grievance mechanisms available to project-affected people and were grievances (if any) addressed to ensure any perceived harm was effectively mitigated?

- 3: Project-affected people actively informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism (SRM/SECU) and how to access it. If the project was categorized as High or Moderate Risk through the SESP, a project -level grievance mechanism was in place and project affected people informed. If grievances were received, they were effectively addressed in accordance with SRM Guidance. (all must be true)
- 2: Project-affected people informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism and how to access it. If the project was categorized as High Risk through the SESP, a project -level grievance mechanism was in place and project affected people informed. If grievances were received, they were responded to but faced challenges in arriving at a resolution.
- 1: Project-affected people was not informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism. If grievances were received, they were not responded to. (any may be true)

Evidence:

The project-affected people were informed of the me asures and grievance mechanism throughout the pr oject especially during the check ins. Subsequently, a WhatApps (WA) group was set set-up at the distric t level for Sabah and state level for Kelantan and Kla ng Valley, as a way of communication with the projec t-affected people where the WA group consist of the District Officer, the local community leaders (MPKK), the KEMAS Officers, a representative from the Welf are Department, Implementation Coordination Unit a nd UNDP. The WA group was primarily for coordinati on, progress check-in and a platform where any of t he WA group members can ask for clarification or pr ovide feedback related to the project. Additionally, b eneficiary feedback is collected through regular eng agement with stakeholders, participatory workshops, interviews and mid-point checks.

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Management & Monitoring

Quality Rating: Satisfactory

9. Was the project's M&E Plan adequately implemented?

Closure Print

2: The project costed M&E Plan, and most baselines and targets were populated. Progress data against indicators in the project's RRF was collected on a regular basis, although there was may be some slippage in following the frequency stated in the Plan and data sources was not always reliable. Any evaluations conducted, if relevant, met most decentralized evaluation standards. Lessons learned were captured but were used to take corrective actions. (all must be true)

1: The project had M&E Plan, but costs were not clearly planned and budgeted for, or were unrealistic. Progress data was not regularly collected against the indicators in the project's RRF. Evaluations did not meet decentralized evaluation standards. Lessons learned were rarely captured and used. Select this option also if the project did not have an M&E plan.

Evidence:

The project has a costed M&E plan with baselines a nd targets mostly populated. The progress data indic ators were collected and reported in mid-year progre ss (MYPR) and annual progress report (APR) as att ached. However, evaluation was not conducted as it was not needed. Lessons learned were captured wa s not only for corrective actions but to inform the gov ernment on improving social service delivery and so cial protection work.

List of Uploaded Documents

#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	APR2020Signed_10298_309 (https://intrane t.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocume nts/APR2020Signed_10298_309.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:08:00 PM
2	APR2019-B40-Signed_10298_309 (https://int ranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDoc uments/APR2019-B40-Signed_10298_309.p df)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/8/2021 5:56:00 AM

10. Was the project's governance mechanism (i.e., the project board or equivalent) function as intended?

- 3: The project's governance mechanism operated well, and was a model for other projects. It met in the agreed frequency stated in the project document and the minutes of the meetings were all on file. There was regular (at least annual) progress reporting to the project board or equivalent on results, risks and opportunities. It is clear that the project board explicitly reviewed and used evidence, including progress data, knowledge, lessons and evaluations, as the basis for informing management decisions (e.g., change in strategy, approach, work plan.) (all must be true to select this option)
- 2: The project's governance mechanism met in the agreed frequency and minutes of the meeting are on file. A project progress report was submitted to the project board or equivalent at least once per year, covering results, risks and opportunities. (both must be true to select this option)
- 1: The project's governance mechanism did not meet in the frequency stated in the project document over the past year and/or the project board or equivalent was not functioning as a decision-making body for the project as intended.

Evidence:

The NSC was conducted in Feb 2019 and Nov 202 0. Interim progress reports were submitted to the pro ject board ie Scoping Document and Final Report.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	NSC_04Nov2020_Rev5_10298_310 (https://i ntranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDo cuments/NSC_04Nov2020_Rev5_10298_31 0.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:11:00 PM
2	LAMPIRAN2MINITPEMANDUCJA_10298_3 10 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/ QAFormDocuments/LAMPIRAN2MINITPEM ANDUCJA_10298_310.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:10:00 PM
3	NSCKick-off_18Feb2019_combined_10298_ 310 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQ A/QAFormDocuments/NSCKick-off_18Feb20 19_combined_10298_310.pptx)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/8/2021 5:47:00 AM
4	CJAScopingDocument_editDL02012020_cle an_10298_310 (https://intranet.undp.org/app s/ProjectQA/QAFormDocuments/CJAScopin gDocument_editDL02012020_clean_10298_ 310.docx)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/8/2021 5:47:00 AM

11. Were risks to the project adequately monitored and managed?

- 3: The project monitored risks every quarter and consulted with the key stakeholders, security advisors, to identify continuing and emerging risks to assess if the main assumptions remained valid. There is clear evidence that relevant management plans and mitigating measures were fully implemented to address each key project risk and were updated to reflect the latest risk assessment. (all must be true)
- 2: The project monitored risks every year, as evidenced by an updated risk log. Some updates were made to management plans and mitigation measures.
- 1: The risk log was not updated as required. There was may be some evidence that the project monitored risks that may affected the project's achievement of results, but there is no explicit evidence that management actions were taken to mitigate risks.

Evidence:

The project monitored risks regularly updated at the Atlas Risk Log with mitigation measures and reporte d in the APR.

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1	APR2020Signed_10298_311 (https://intrane t.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocume nts/APR2020Signed_10298_311.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:13:00 PM
2	APR2019-B40-Signed_10298_311 (https://int ranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDoc uments/APR2019-B40-Signed_10298_311.p df)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/8/2021 5:57:00 AM

Efficient

Quality Rating: Satisfactory

12. Adequate resources were mobilized to achieve intended results. If not, management decisions were taken to adjust expected results in the project's results framework.

Yes

No

Yes, attached is the approved AWP by the EPU and IP which indicate resources mobilised for the projec t.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	B40-AWP2020-SignedbyEPUandIP_10298_ 312 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQ A/QAFormDocuments/B40-AWP2020-Signe dbyEPUandIP_10298_312.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:15:00 PM
2	B40Pilot_ProposedBudget_Appendix_10298 _312 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQ A/QAFormDocuments/B40Pilot_ProposedBu dget_Appendix_10298_312.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/8/2021 6:04:00 AM
3	B40ActionPlanprojectextension_10298_312 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QA FormDocuments/B40ActionPlanprojectexten sion_10298_312.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/8/2021 6:04:00 AM

13. Were project inputs procured and delivered on time to efficiently contribute to results?

- 3: The project had a procurement plan and kept it updated. The project quarterly reviewed operational bottlenecks to procuring inputs in a timely manner and addressed them through appropriate management actions. (all must be true)
- 2: The project had updated procurement plan. The project annually reviewed operational bottlenecks to procuring inputs in a timely manner and addressed them through appropriate management actions. (all must be true)
- 1: The project did not have an updated procurement plan. The project team may or may not have reviewed operational bottlenecks to procuring inputs regularly, however management actions were not taken to address them.

Evidence:

With support from the PSU team, the project update d its procurement plan regularly and annually review ed the procurement plan and addressed operational bottlenecks by ensuring adequate resources availabl e as indicated in the AWP, to procure necessary ser vices (ie technical and logistic) for timely and efficien t delivery of outputs.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	B40-AWP2020-SignedbyEPUandIP_10298_ 313 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQ A/QAFormDocuments/B40-AWP2020-Signe dbyEPUandIP_10298_313.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/8/2021 6:11:00 AM

14. Was there regular monitoring and recording of cost efficiencies, taking into account the expected quality of results?

- 3: There is evidence that the project regularly reviewed costs against relevant comparators (e.g., other projects or country offices) or industry benchmarks to ensure the project maximized results delivered with given resources. The project actively coordinated with other relevant ongoing projects and initiatives (UNDP or other) to ensure complementarity and sought efficiencies wherever possible (e.g. joint activities.) (both must be true)
- 2: The project monitored its own costs and gave anecdotal examples of cost efficiencies (e.g., spending less to get the same result,) but there was no systematic analysis of costs and no link to the expected quality of results delivered. The project coordinated activities with other projects to achieve cost efficiency gains.
- 1: There is little or no evidence that the project monitored its own costs and considered ways to save money beyond following standard procurement rules.

Evidence:

The project monitored its own costs and conduct so me cost analysis and projection to ensure the projec t has adequate funding to implement the core activiti es that contribute directly to the project such as the closure workshop to obtain final feedback from the I ocal community leaders. The project also considere d cost efficiency such that any workshops will be hel d in a venue that provides the lowest price and strat egic location for all participants to attend, and progre ss meetings were held at the government's premise s to minimize cost.

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Quality Rating: Satisfactory

Effective

15. Was the project on track and delivered its expected outputs?

	Yes
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No

Evidence:

The B40 Action Plan Study produced a study report while the CJA Pilot produced a final report and a Gui deline for the government to adopt and replicate the CJA principle in any government's setting.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	B40FinalReport4June2018rev_10298_315 (h ttps://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAF ormDocuments/B40FinalReport4June2018re v_10298_315.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:35:00 PM
2	CJAinGovernmentServiceDelivery-FinalGuid eline_10298_315 (https://intranet.undp.org/a pps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocuments/CJAinGo vernmentServiceDelivery-FinalGuideline_102 98_315.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:35:00 PM
3	FinalReportCJAinGovernmentServiceDeliver yAsofMarch05_10298_315 (https://intranet.u ndp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocuments/ FinalReportCJAinGovernmentServiceDeliver yAsofMarch05_10298_315.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:36:00 PM

16. Were there regular reviews of the work plan to ensure that the project was on track to achieve the desired results, and to inform course corrections if needed?

- 3: Quarterly progress data informed regular reviews of the project work plan to ensure that the activities implemented were most likely to achieve the desired results. There is evidence that data and lessons learned (including from evaluations /or After-Action Reviews) were used to inform course corrections, as needed. Any necessary budget revisions were made. (both must be true)
- 2: There was at least one review of the work plan per year with a view to assessing if project activities were on track to achieving the desired development results (i.e., outputs.) There may or may not be evidence that data or lessons learned were used to inform the review(s). Any necessary budget revisions have been made.
- 1: While the project team may have reviewed the work plan at least once over the past year to ensure outputs were delivered on time, no link was made to the delivery of desired development results. Select this option also if no review of the work plan by management took place.

Evidence:

Attached is the AWP 2020 with necessary budget re vision made, reviewed by the EPU and IP

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	B40-AWP2020-SignedbyEPUandIP_10298_ 316 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQ A/QAFormDocuments/B40-AWP2020-Signe dbyEPUandIP_10298_316.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:38:00 PM

17. Were the targeted groups systematically identified and engaged, prioritizing the marginalized and excluded, to ensure results were achieved as expected?

- 3: The project targeted specific groups and/or geographic areas, identified by using credible data sources on their capacity needs, deprivation and/or exclusion from development opportunities relevant to the project's area of work. There is clear evidence that the targeted groups were reached as intended. The project engaged regularly with targeted groups over the past year to assess whether they benefited as expected and adjustments were made if necessary, to refine targeting. (all must be true)
- 2: The project targeted specific groups and/or geographic areas, based on some evidence of their capacity needs, deprivation and/or exclusion from development opportunities relevant to the project's area of work. Some evidence is provided to confirm that project beneficiaries are members of the targeted groups. There was some engagement with beneficiaries in the past year to assess whether they were benefiting as expected. (all must be true)
- 1: The project did not report on specific targeted groups. There is no evidence to confirm that project beneficiaries are populations have capacity needs or are deprived and/or excluded from development opportunities relevant to the project area of work. There is some engagement with beneficiaries to assess whether they benefited as expected, but it was limited or did not occurred in the past year.
- Not Applicable

Evidence:

1) B40 Action Plan Study The study on B40 Action Plan aimed at supporting t he Government in cratting effective policies and initi atives that promote socioeconomic inclusion for the B40 communities. Hence, the findings and recomme ndations from this study benefit both the Governmen t and the B40 communities. The study employed a s eries of open space technology (OST) which provide s a platform for B40 communities to be engaged in a meaningful way. UNDP identified B40 communities t o be involved in this OST based on an extracted but confidential pool of eKasih data provided by the ICU, who among others is the key stakeholder in this stud y. eKasih database is a national registry of poor and hardcore poor in Malaysia, defined as households wi th income below the poverty line. As a result, the OS T discussions were held in six geographical zones, n amely Northern, Eastern, Central, Southern, Sabah and Sarawak covering all states and two custom-de signed participatory workshops with the indigenous people. The participatory discussion saw a total of 6 19 people from B40 communities participate in whic h women comprised 55% of the overall participants.

2) CJA Pilot

The CJA Pilot is an extension of the B40 Study to te st the recommended intervention crafted in consultat ion with the B40 communities. Similarly, it aimed at s upporting the Government to implement an effective programme for the B40 communities to alleviate the poverty of this group. Therefore, both the Governme nt and the B40 communities are the ultimate benefici aries and target group of this project. The interventio n was piloted in three states: Sabah, Kelantan and K uala Lumpur and overall involved 272 poor and vuln erable households from 33 villages and 22 Projek P erumahan Rakyat Termiskin (PPRTs). However, the household interviewed were not necessarily the hea d of households as many of them were out for work during the interview. These households were identifi ed by the local community leaders based on vulnera bility traits ie single parent, elderly, sole breadwinne r, unpaid care etc. 38% of the 272 households reac hed out to are women respondents. Under this proje ct, a total of 90 local community leaders across thre e states trained as the Community Referral (CRs) fo r this pilot and only 20% of the local community lead ers are women. The CRs were selected through a la vered of consultation process at federal and state le vel. As an instance, in consultation with UNDP, MRD at Federal level proposed the MPKK entity to play th e CR's role while the selection of MPKK leaders at t he grassroots level was picked by the MPKK state a dministration in line with the district proposed by the project. With the facilitation of the CRs, a total of 12 7 households were registered in eKasih. For househ

Closure Print

olds with unsuccessful registers were mainly becaus
e the household income is above the poverty line (th
erefore ineligible which reflect the gap in social prote
ction as poverty line measure unidimensionally while
in reality poverty is multidimensional), existing recor
d (repeat entry) or incomplete documentation. How
ever, the pilot did not track nor observe if the househ
olds received the social assistance due to the short t
imeframe of the pilot.

List of Uploaded Documents

#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
No	documents available.		

Sustainability & National Ownership

Quality Rating: Satisfactory

18. Were stakeholders and national partners fully engaged in the decision-making, implementation and monitoring of the project?

- 3: Only national systems (i.e., procurement, monitoring, evaluation, etc.) were used to fully implement and monitor the project. All relevant stakeholders and partners were fully and actively engaged in the process, playing a lead role in project decision-making, implementation and monitoring. (both must be true)
- 2: National systems (i.e., procurement, monitoring, evaluation, etc.) were used to implement and monitor the project (such as country office support or project systems) were also used, if necessary. All relevant stakeholders and partners were actively engaged in the process, playing an active role in project decision-making, implementation and monitoring. (both must be true)
- 1: There was relatively limited or no engagement with national stakeholders and partners in the decisionmaking, implementation and/or monitoring of the project.
- Not Applicable

This is a National Implementation Modality (NIM) pro ject with Equity Division of the EPU as the implemen ting partner. The project is governed by a National S teering Committee (NSC) chaired by the Deputy Dir ector General (Policy) of EPU. The committee mem bers of NSC are representatives from key relevant ministries to B40 issues such as the Implementing C oordination Unit (ICU) under the Prime Minister's Off ice, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Women, Family and Community Development and Ministry of Rural Development. As the governing body of the project, t he committee of NSC provide guidance and directio n to the project implementation process according to the established detailed work plan monitoring tool.

In reinforcing ownership of this project, the project's NPD is the Director of EPU Equity Division whose re sponsibility is coordinating project activities, ensurin g the project document and project revisions requirin g Government's approval are verified by EPU Equity Division and processed through the Government cocoordinating authority in accordance with establishe d procedures and providing direction and guidance o n project-related issues. The NPD also has the auth ority to disburse funds upon the advice from the Nati onal Steering Committee or the Project Manager ba sed on the required project milestones.

To ensure sustainability, the project works with existi ng institutions and processes, where the EPU Equity Division was the main driver behind this initiative an d was supported strongly by key partners such as th e MRD, MFT, MWFCD and ICU.

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No documents available.				

19. Were there regular monitoring of changes in capacities and performance of institutions and systems relevant to the project, as needed, and were the implementation arrangements⁸ adjusted according to changes in partner capacities?

- 3: Changes in capacities and performance of national institutions and systems were assessed/monitored using clear indicators, rigorous methods of data collection and credible data sources including relevant HACT assurance activities. Implementation arrangements were formally reviewed and adjusted, if needed, in agreement with partners according to changes in partner capacities. (all must be true)
- 2: Aspects of changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems were monitored by the project using indicators and reasonably credible data sources including relevant HACT assurance activities. Some adjustment was made to implementation arrangements if needed to reflect changes in partner capacities. (all must be true)
- 1: Some aspects of changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems may have been monitored by the project, however changes to implementation arrangements have not been considered. Also select this option if changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems have not been monitored by the project.
- Not Applicable

Evidence:

There is no audit for the project since the overall exp enses for IP processes is below USD 200K. HACT spot check for the B40 project was not condu cted because the annual IP processes expenses is below USD50K.

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No	documents available.		

20. Were the transition and phase-out arrangements were reviewed and adjusted according to progress (including financial commitment and capacity).

- 3: The project's governance mechanism regularly reviewed the project's sustainability plan, including arrangements for transition and phase-out, to ensure the project remained on track in meeting the requirements set out by the plan. The plan was implemented as planned by the end of the project, taking into account any adjustments made during implementation. (both must be true)
- 2: There was a review of the project's sustainability plan, including arrangements for transition and phase-out, to ensure the project remained on track in meeting the requirements set out by the plan.
- 1: The project may have had a sustainability plan but there was no review of this strategy after it was developed. Also select this option if the project did not have a sustainability strategy.

After the last NSC meeting, it was suggested that a CJA Guideline potentially to be adopted by the Gove rnment. The Guideline is aimed to provide a generic guideline for the government as well as non-govern ment entities to roll out CJA relevant to their context in improving service delivery to the last mile. The CJ A Guideline has been submitted to the IP but there was no further feedback from IP on the next steps of whether the Guideline will be discussed, presented and formally adopted by the Government. Attached i s the minutes of the last NSC meeting mentioning th e Guideline. However, the knowledge and lesson lear ned gained from this project have been applied to in form another project on social protection.

List of Uploaded Documents

#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	LAMPIRAN2MINITPEMANDUCJA_10298_3 20 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/ QAFormDocuments/LAMPIRAN2MINITPEM ANDUCJA_10298_320.pdf)	herlianna.naning@undp.org	11/5/2021 4:58:00 PM

QA Summary/Final Project Board Comments

Reviewed and added other necessary information.