Closure Stage Quality Assurance Report

Form Status: Approved		
Overall Rating:	Satisfactory	
Decision:		
Portfolio/Project Number:	00073054	
Portfolio/Project Title:	Tuvalu NAPA-2	
Portfolio/Project Date:	2013-06-30 / 2019-12-31	

Strategic Quality Rating: Satisfactory

- 1. Did the project pro-actively identified changes to the external environment and incorporated them into the project strategy?
- 3: The project team identified relevant changes in the external environment that may present new opportunities or threats to the project's ability to achieve its objectives, assumptions were tested to determine if the project's strategy was valid. There is some evidence that the project board considered the implications, and documented the changes needed to the project in response. (all must be true)
- 2: The project team identified relevant changes in the external environment that may present new opportunities or threats to the project's ability to achieve its objectives. There is some evidence that the project board discussed this, but relevant changes did not fully integrate in the project. (both must be true)
- 1: The project team considered relevant changes in the external environment since implementation began, but there is no evidence that the project team considered these changes to the project as a result.

Evidence:

During early phase of implementation, the project no ted Isolation of outer islands and lack of reliable tra nsportation had negative impacts on project delivery. The slow start to project was documented in PIR rep orts. The Terminal Evaluation Report notes that the p ace of implementation picked up drastically once the vessel was purchased. An independent consulting fir m was hired by the project and successfully facilitat ed a search/assessment of a potential vessel for the project. The project took advantage of the opportunity to procure a vessel and this proved crucial to im plementation of activities on outer islands.

A documentary video "Linking the islands: early war ning system in Tuvalu "highlighting the work on this Outcome" was produced in 2017. The video shows evidences of equipment being installed. This video was launched in Suva, Fiji by the Prime Minister of T uvalu in a special ceremony where several stakehol ders were invited to the launch. This event was atten ded by diplomats, government departments, regional I institutions and non-governmental organizations rai sing the profile of NAPA 2 Project. The same video was also broadcasted in Fiji on Fiji TV One's "Close Up" Program in June of 2017. This program is also a vailable on the internet for global coverage and thro ughout the Pacific Region. Title of the 24 minute doc umentary: "Linking the Islands: Early Warning Syste m in Tuvalu" https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YpP E9cxDmuU

b) Title of the 8 minute documentary: "Linking the I slands: Early Warning System in Tuvalu" https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bFNvU8KaF40

List of Uploaded Documents

#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	PIR-2017-GEFID4714-PIMS4571_79_301 (h ttps://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAF ormDocuments/PIR-2017-GEFID4714-PIMS 4571_79_301.doc)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/4/2019 12:56:00 AM
2	TE-Tuvalu-NAPA2-DRAFT_79_301 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDoc	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/4/2019 12:58:00 AM

2. Was the project aligned with the thematic focus of the Strategic Plan?

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- 3: The project responded to at least one of the development settings as specified in the Strategic Plan (SP) and adopted at least one Signature Solution .The project's RRF included all the relevant SP output indicators. (all must be true)
- 2: The project responded to at least one of the developments settings1 as specified in the Strategic Plan. The project's RRF included at least one SP output indicator, if relevant. (both must be true)
- 1: While the project may have responded to a partner's identified need, this need falls outside of the UNDP Strategic Plan. Also select this option if none of the relevant SP indicators are included in the RRF.

Evidence:

UNDP RRF Output 1.4. Scaled up action on climate change adaptation and mitigation across sectors whi ch is funded and implemented .Indicators for Project outputs 1.2 and 3.1 linked to UNDP RRF.

Project output 1.2 - The area of Marine Protected Ar eas (MPAs) or Locally Managed Marine Areas (LMM As) managed in a climate-resilient manner & 3.1 Loc al development framework (i.e. ISP)_that integrate climate risks

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On	
1	UNDPIRRFStrategicPlan2014-2017_79_302 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QA FormDocuments/UNDPIRRFStrategicPlan20 14-2017_79_302.doc)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/4/2019 1:26:00 AM	

Relevant Quality Rating: Highly Satisfactory

- 3. Were the project's targeted groups systematically identified and engaged, with a priority focus on the discriminated and marginalized, to ensure the project remained relevant for them?
- 3: Systematic and structured feedback was collected over the project duration from a representative sample of beneficiaries, with a priority focus on the discriminated and marginalized, as part of the project's monitoring system. Representatives from the targeted groups were active members of the project's governance mechanism (i.e., the project board or equivalent) and there is credible evidence that their feedback informs project decision making. (all must be true)
- 2: Targeted groups were engaged in implementation and monitoring, with a priority focus on the discriminated and marginalized. Beneficiary feedback, which may be anecdotal, was collected regularly to ensure the project addressed local priorities. This information was used to inform project decision making. (all must be true to select this option)
- 1: Some beneficiary feedback may have been collected, but this information did not inform project decision making. This option should also be selected if no beneficiary feedback was collected
- Not Applicable

Evidence:

As per quarterly 1 operational report (2017) men, wo men and youth of Vaitupu participated in a review of their existing Island Strategic Plan. Also 3 females w ere trained included HF Theory Train of Trainers (To T) in February (usually a male dominated training). As per quarter 3 (2018) report Department of Fisher y trained post-harvest training on smoke fish and bot tling to for men, women and youth of Nanumea, Nan umaga and Niutao. their training in these three islan ds. The training involved classroom-style of training and practical, hands-on sessions.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On	
1	NarrativeReportQ3_2018_DRAFT_79_303 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QA FormDocuments/NarrativeReportQ3_2018_ DRAFT_79_303.doc)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/3/2019 5:51:00 AM	
2	NarrativeReportQ1_2017_FINAL_79_303 (ht tps://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFo rmDocuments/NarrativeReportQ1_2017_FIN AL_79_303.doc)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/3/2019 5:02:00 AM	

- 4. Did the project generate knowledge, and lessons learned (i.e., what has worked and what has not) and has this knowledge informed management decisions to ensure the continued relevance of the project towards its stated objectives, the quality of its outputs and the management of risk?
- 3: Knowledge and lessons learned from internal or external sources (gained, for example, from Peer Assists, After Action Reviews or Lessons Learned Workshops) backed by credible evidence from evaluation, corporate policies/strategies, analysis and monitoring were discussed in project board meetings and reflected in the minutes. There is clear evidence that changes were made to the project to ensure its continued relevance. (both must be true)
- 2: Knowledge and lessons learned backed by relatively limited evidence, drawn mainly from within the project, were considered by the project team. There is some evidence that changes were made to the project as a result to ensure its continued relevance. (both must be true)
- 1: There is limited or no evidence that knowledge and lessons learned were collected by the project team.
 There is little or no evidence that this informed project decision making.

Evidence:

As per Mid Term Evaluation Report, a vessel (talam oana) was procured mid way through the project. The is addressed key issue of intermittent shipping services, which if not managed, would have posed a serious risk to project, as it involved implementation of a ctivities in all 8 outer islands i.e. success dependent upon availability of regular shipping services.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On	
1	NAPA2-MASTER-REPORT-31OctFInalRepo rt_79_304 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/Pro jectQA/QAFormDocuments/NAPA2-MASTE R-REPORT-31OctFInalReport_79_304.doc)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/3/2019 5:18:00 AM	

- 5. Was the project sufficiently at scale, or is there potential to scale up in the future, to meaningfully contribute to development change?
- 3: There was credible evidence that the project reached sufficient number of beneficiaries (either directly through significant coverage of target groups, or indirectly, through policy change) to meaningfully contribute to development change.
- 2: While the project was not considered at scale, there are explicit plans in place to scale up the project in the future (e.g. by extending its coverage or using project results to advocate for policy change).
- 1: The project was not at scale, and there are no plans to scale up the project in the future.

Evidence:

As per the Mid Term Review report and draft final ev aluation report, the communications systems establi shed through the projects enables 24 hour communi cations between all 9 islands. This is also crucial for disaster preparedness.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	NAPA2-MASTER-REPORT-31OctFInalRepo rt_79_305 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/Pro jectQA/QAFormDocuments/NAPA2-MASTE R-REPORT-31OctFInalReport_79_305.doc)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/3/2019 6:09:00 AM

Principled Quality Rating: Satisfactory

6. Were the project's measures (through outputs, activities, indicators) to address gender inequalities and empower women relevant and produced the intended effect? If not, evidence-based adjustments and changes were made.

- 3: The project team gathered data and evidence through project monitoring on the relevance of the measures to address gender inequalities and empower women. Analysis of data and evidence were used to inform adjustments and changes, as appropriate. (both must be true)
- 2: The project team had some data and evidence on the relevance of the measures to address gender inequalities and empower women. There is evidence that at least some adjustments were made, as appropriate. (both must be true)
- 1: The project team had limited or no evidence on the relevance of measures to address gender inequalities and empowering women. No evidence of adjustments and/or changes made. This option should also be selected if the project has no measures to address gender inequalities and empower women relevant to the project results and activities.

Evidence:

As per quarterly 1 operational report (2017) men, wo men and youth of Vaitupu participated in a review of their existing Island Strategic Plan. Also 3 females w ere trained included HF Theory Train of Trainers (To T) in February (usually a male dominated training). As per quarter 3 (2018) report Department of Fisher y trained post-harvest training on smoke fish and bot tling to for men, women and youth of Nanumea, Nan umaga and Niutao. their training in these three islan ds. The training involved classroom-style of training and practical, hands-on sessions.

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- 7. Were social and environmental impacts and risks successfully managed and monitored?
- 3: Social and environmental risks were tracked in the risk log. Appropriate assessments conducted where required (i.e., Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) for High risk projects and some level of social and environmental assessment for Moderate risk projects as identified through SESP). Relevant management plan(s) developed for identified risks through consultative process and implemented, resourced, and monitored. Risks effectively managed or mitigated. If there is a substantive change to the project or change in context that affects risk levels, the SESP was updated to reflect these changes. (all must be true)
- 2: Social and environmental risks were tracked in the risk log. Appropriate assessments conducted where required (i.e., Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) for High risk projects and some level of social and environmental assessment for Moderate risk projects as identified through SESP). Relevant management plan(s) developed, implemented and monitored for identified risks. OR project was categorized as Low risk through the SESP.
- 1: Social and environmental risks were tracked in the risk log. For projects categorized as High or Moderate Risk, there was no evidence that social and environmental assessments completed and/or management plans or measures development, implemented or monitored. There are substantive changes to the project or changes in the context but SESP was not updated. (any may be true)

Evidence:

Project considered low risk.Potential social and envir onmental risk were monitored and also updated on i n ATLAS.

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- 8. Were grievance mechanisms available to project-affected people and were grievances (if any) addressed to ensure any perceived harm was effectively mitigated?
- 3: Project-affected people actively informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism (SRM/SECU) and how to access it. If the project was categorized as High or Moderate Risk through the SESP, a project -level grievance mechanism was in place and project affected people informed. If grievances were received, they were effectively addressed in accordance with SRM Guidance. (all must be true)
- 2: Project-affected people informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism and how to access it. If the project was categorized as High Risk through the SESP, a project -level grievance mechanism was in place and project affected people informed. If grievances were received, they were responded to but faced challenges in arriving at a resolution.
- 1: Project-affected people was not informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism. If grievances were received, they were not responded to. (any may be true)

Evidence:

Communities were not negatively affected by project interventions and no grievances raised

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Management & Monitoring Quality Rating: Satisfactory 9. Was the project's M&E Plan adequately implemented?

- 3: The project had a comprehensive and costed M&E plan. Baselines, targets and milestones were fully populated. Progress data against indicators in the project's RRF was reported regularly using credible data sources and collected according to the frequency stated in the Plan, including sex disaggregated data as relevant. Any evaluations conducted, if relevant, fully meet decentralized evaluation standards, including gender UNEG standards. Lessons learned, included during evaluations and/or After-Action Reviews, were used to take corrective actions when necessary. (all must be true)
- 2: The project costed M&E Plan, and most baselines and targets were populated. Progress data against indicators in the project's RRF was collected on a regular basis, although there was may be some slippage in following the frequency stated in the Plan and data sources was not always reliable. Any evaluations conducted, if relevant, met most decentralized evaluation standards. Lessons learned were captured but were used to take corrective actions. (all must be true)
- 1: The project had M&E Plan, but costs were not clearly planned and budgeted for, or were unrealistic. Progress data was not regularly collected against the indicators in the project's RRF. Evaluations did not meet decentralized evaluation standards. Lessons learned were rarely captured and used. Select this option also if the project did not have an M&E plan.

Evidence:

Mid Term Review and Terminal Evaluations were conducted by independent consultants and met UNDP/GEF requirements.

Evaluator for Terminal Evaluation concluded that the project was satisfactorily monitored, and that this information was used to plan and implement day-to-day activities, including the need to adapt the implementation approach when corrective actions were needed. Reports were endorsed by the PB and and were opportunities to discuss issues and solutions.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	TE-Tuvalu-NAPA2-DRAFT_79_309 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocuments/TE-Tuvalu-NAPA2-DRAFT_79_309.docx)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/4/2019 1:49:00 AM
2	NAPA2-MASTER-REPORT-31OctFInalRepo rt_79_309 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/Pro jectQA/QAFormDocuments/NAPA2-MASTE R-REPORT-31OctFInalReport_79_309.doc)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/4/2019 12:13:00 AM

10. Was the project's governance mechanism (i.e., the project board or equivalent) function as intended?

- 3: The project's governance mechanism operated well, and was a model for other projects. It met in the agreed frequency stated in the project document and the minutes of the meetings were all on file. There was regular (at least annual) progress reporting to the project board or equivalent on results, risks and opportunities. It is clear that the project board explicitly reviewed and used evidence, including progress data, knowledge, lessons and evaluations, as the basis for informing management decisions (e.g., change in strategy, approach, work plan.) (all must be true to select this option)
- ②: The project's governance mechanism met in the agreed frequency and minutes of the meeting are on file. A project progress report was submitted to the project board or equivalent at least once per year, covering results, risks and opportunities. (both must be true to select this option)
- 1: The project's governance mechanism did not meet in the frequency stated in the project document over the past year and/or the project board or equivalent was not functioning as a decision-making body for the project as intended.

Evidence:

As per mid term evaluation, the project board met in frequency required /at least once a year. As per minu tes (January 30, 2018) attached the board provided direction, decision making/strategic advice

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	NAPAII_PROJECTBOARDMEETINGMINUT ES01_2018_79_310 (https://intranet.undp.or g/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocuments/NAPA II_PROJECTBOARDMEETINGMINUTES01_ 2018_79_310.pdf)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/3/2019 6:30:00 AM

- 11. Were risks to the project adequately monitored and managed?
- 3: The project monitored risks every quarter and consulted with the key stakeholders, security advisors, to identify continuing and emerging risks to assess if the main assumptions remained valid. There is clear evidence that relevant management plans and mitigating measures were fully implemented to address each key project risk and were updated to reflect the latest risk assessment. (all must be true)
- 2: The project monitored risks every year, as evidenced by an updated risk log. Some updates were made to management plans and mitigation measures.
- 1: The risk log was not updated as required. There was may be some evidence that the project monitored risks that may affected the project's achievement of results, but there is no explicit evidence that management actions were taken to mitigate risks.

Evidence:

Risks were monitored and updates presented in ATL AS as well as PIR reports

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On	
1	PIR-2017-GEFID4714-PIMS4571_79_311 (h ttps://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAF ormDocuments/PIR-2017-GEFID4714-PIMS 4571_79_311.pdf)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/3/2019 6:32:00 AM	

Efficient	Quality Rating:	Satisfactory

12. Adequate resources were mobilized to achieve intended results. If not, management decisions were taken to adjust expected results in the project's results framework.

- Yes
- O No

Evidence:

USD 4.2 Million accessed from Global Environment Facility (GEF) sufficient for project implementation

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	SignedProjectDocument_coverpage_300820 13_79_312 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocuments/SignedProjectDocument_coverpage_30082013_79_312.pdf)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/3/2019 6:38:00 AM
2	TuvaluNAPAIIProDocFINAL201304161_79_ 312 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQ A/QAFormDocuments/TuvaluNAPAIIProDoc FINAL201304161_79_312.docx)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/3/2019 6:40:00 AM

- 13. Were project inputs procured and delivered on time to efficiently contribute to results?
- 3: The project had a procurement plan and kept it updated. The project quarterly reviewed operational bottlenecks to procuring inputs in a timely manner and addressed them through appropriate management actions. (all must be true)
- 2: The project had updated procurement plan. The project annually reviewed operational bottlenecks to
 procuring inputs in a timely manner and addressed them through appropriate management actions. (all must be
 true)
- 1: The project did not have an updated procurement plan. The project team may or may not have reviewed operational bottlenecks to procuring inputs regularly, however management actions were not taken to address them.

Evidence:

The project did not have an annual procurement pla n.Most procurement under component 2 were quite I arge and handled through UNDP (Request for Servi ce) in the last two years of implementation. Some of these were entered into UNDP Pacific Office procur ement pronouncement team procurement plan.Man ged to receive most of equipment on time but some were delayed for factors beyond projects control i.e. dependent shipping routes of vessels traveling to T uvalu .In the event of delays, the project made nece ssary changes to work plans.

Management Response:

Based on request for services received, UNDP NAP A focal points worked with UNDP procurement tea m to facilitate procurement of early warning system s. This was first time for both government and UNDP to engage in procurement of such equipment, learning by hand on experience, aside from engaging a consultant to provide technical support...

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- 14. Was there regular monitoring and recording of cost efficiencies, taking into account the expected quality of results?
- 3: There is evidence that the project regularly reviewed costs against relevant comparators (e.g., other projects or country offices) or industry benchmarks to ensure the project maximized results delivered with given resources. The project actively coordinated with other relevant ongoing projects and initiatives (UNDP or other) to ensure complementarity and sought efficiencies wherever possible (e.g. joint activities.) (both must be true)
- 2: The project monitored its own costs and gave anecdotal examples of cost efficiencies (e.g., spending less to get the same result,) but there was no systematic analysis of costs and no link to the expected quality of results delivered. The project coordinated activities with other projects to achieve cost efficiency gains.
- 1: There is little or no evidence that the project monitored its own costs and considered ways to save money beyond following standard procurement rules.

Evidence:

As per Mid Term Review Report, NAPA 2 project coll aborated with Tuvalu Red Cross and also with the N ational Ridge to Reef project which contributed USD \$300,000 towards purchase of vessel.

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Effective Quality Rating: Satisfactory

15. Was the project on track and delivered its expected outputs?

- Yes
- No

Evidence:

Generally speaking yes, the project was able to achi eve most outputs but in some instances certain activ ities are not completed. For example, the construction of canoes and aquaponics. Based on reaming bud gets, other activities were prioritized in final year of implementation. Factors such as USD300,000 allotted towards the purchase of a vessel and unanticipated costs in procuring/transporting communication material to Tuvalu from overseas vendors had an impact of available budget but is the reality of implementing developing projects in Tuvalu. The procurement of a vessel was essential.

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- 16. Were there regular reviews of the work plan to ensure that the project was on track to achieve the desired results, and to inform course corrections if needed?
- 3: Quarterly progress data informed regular reviews of the project work plan to ensure that the activities implemented were most likely to achieve the desired results. There is evidence that data and lessons learned (including from evaluations /or After-Action Reviews) were used to inform course corrections, as needed. Any necessary budget revisions were made. (both must be true)
- 2: There was at least one review of the work plan per year with a view to assessing if project activities were on track to achieving the desired development results (i.e., outputs.) There may or may not be evidence that data or lessons learned were used to inform the review(s). Any necessary budget revisions have been made.
- 1: While the project team may have reviewed the work plan at least once over the past year to ensure outputs were delivered on time, no link was made to the delivery of desired development results. Select this option also if no review of the work plan by management took place.

Evidence:

Annual Work Plans were reviewed at least once a y ear by the project board. UNDP and Project Implem entation Unit also engaged in regular skype/teleconf erences to identify issues and planned ways foward s.

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- 17. Were the targeted groups systematically identified and engaged, prioritizing the marginalized and excluded, to ensure results were achieved as expected?
- 3: The project targeted specific groups and/or geographic areas, identified by using credible data sources on their capacity needs, deprivation and/or exclusion from development opportunities relevant to the project's area of work. There is clear evidence that the targeted groups were reached as intended. The project engaged regularly with targeted groups over the past year to assess whether they benefited as expected and adjustments were made if necessary, to refine targeting. (all must be true)
- ②: The project targeted specific groups and/or geographic areas, based on some evidence of their capacity needs, deprivation and/or exclusion from development opportunities relevant to the project's area of work. Some evidence is provided to confirm that project beneficiaries are members of the targeted groups. There was some engagement with beneficiaries in the past year to assess whether they were benefiting as expected. (all must be true)
- 1: The project did not report on specific targeted groups. There is no evidence to confirm that project beneficiaries are populations have capacity needs or are deprived and/or excluded from development opportunities relevant to the project area of work. There is some engagement with beneficiaries to assess whether they benefited as expected, but it was limited or did not occurred in the past year.
- Not Applicable

Evidence:

Please refer to answers under question 6 which indicate inclusion of men and women in the review of i sland strategic plan and food preservation technique s.As per quarter 3 (2018) report, 5 community fisher y centers completed on 5 islands benefiting fisherman through preservation of fish, training center and and potential income generation

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	NarrativeReportQ3_2018_DRAFT_79_317 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QA FormDocuments/NarrativeReportQ3_2018_ DRAFT_79_317.doc)	floyd.robinson@undp.org	6/4/2019 1:54:00 AM

Sustainability & National Ownership Quality Rating: Satisfactory

18. Were stakeholders and national partners fully engaged in the decision-making, implementation and monitoring of the project?

- 3: Only national systems (i.e., procurement, monitoring, evaluation, etc.) were used to fully implement and monitor the project. All relevant stakeholders and partners were fully and actively engaged in the process, playing a lead role in project decision-making, implementation and monitoring. (both must be true)
- 2: National systems (i.e., procurement, monitoring, evaluation, etc.) were used to implement and monitor the project (such as country office support or project systems) were also used, if necessary. All relevant stakeholders and partners were actively engaged in the process, playing an active role in project decision-making, implementation and monitoring. (both must be true)
- 1: There was relatively limited or no engagement with national stakeholders and partners in the decision-making, implementation and/or monitoring of the project.
- Not Applicable

Evidence:

Of the 6 project implementation unit members 2 eac h were placed at the Department of Environment,De partment of Fishery and Department of Resources a nd Development. This ensured that key national part ners directly implemented activities under the NAPA 2 Project and also contributed to developing and re viewing Annual Work Plans.

NAPA 2 and Local Climate Adaptive Living Facility (LoCAL) jointly carried out Climate Adaptation Risk Reduction (CARR) assessment on four outer islands (Nukufetau, Niulakita, Nukulaelae and Nanumea) and use the assessment as a tool to identify communit y priority actions to be incorporated into their Island Development Plans. (Refer to Mid term review report)

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- 19. Were there regular monitoring of changes in capacities and performance of institutions and systems relevant to the project, as needed, and were the implementation arrangements⁸ adjusted according to changes in partner capacities?
- 3: Changes in capacities and performance of national institutions and systems were assessed/monitored using clear indicators, rigorous methods of data collection and credible data sources including relevant HACT assurance activities. Implementation arrangements were formally reviewed and adjusted, if needed, in agreement with partners according to changes in partner capacities. (all must be true)
- 2: Aspects of changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems were monitored by the project using indicators and reasonably credible data sources including relevant HACT assurance activities. Some adjustment was made to implementation arrangements if needed to reflect changes in partner capacities. (all must be true)
- 1: Some aspects of changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems may have been monitored by the project, however changes to implementation arrangements have not been considered. Also select this option if changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems have not been monitored by the project.
- Not Applicable

Evidence:

The implementation arrangements including execution of activities by Department of Environment, Department of Fishery and Department of Resources and Development continued throughout the project. Discussions were held with respective directors on a needs basis/whenever appropriate. Whilst a micro-hact assessment was undertaken, a key weakness was that this form of assessment does not consider key is sues such as the capacity of agencies, overtime, especially when they receive additional funding from other donors but are expected to manage execution of several initiatives. This a key lesson learnt and in this regard, needs to be reflected in micro hact assessments for future projects.

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- 20. Were the transition and phase-out arrangements were reviewed and adjusted according to progress (including financial commitment and capacity).
- 3: The project's governance mechanism regularly reviewed the project's sustainability plan, including arrangements for transition and phase-out, to ensure the project remained on track in meeting the requirements set out by the plan. The plan was implemented as planned by the end of the project, taking into account any adjustments made during implementation. (both must be true)
- 2: There was a review of the project's sustainability plan, including arrangements for transition and phase-out, to ensure the project remained on track in meeting the requirements set out by the plan.
- 1: The project may have had a sustainability plan but there was no review of this strategy after it was developed. Also select this option if the project did not have a sustainability strategy.

Evidence:

To date one position for an officer based at the Depa rtment of Resources and Development has been ins titutionalized, hiring charges for project vessel (Tala moana) developed and managed by Department of Fishery, all Island Strategic Plans (supported by pro ject) have been finalized/endorsed and is now mana ged by respective island councils (Kaupules).

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QA Summary/Final Project Board Comments

QA completed.Project operationally closed .UNDP and Government facilitating financial closure.