

Annex [#]. Social and Environmental Screening Template

The completed template, which constitutes the Social and Environmental Screening Report, must be included as an annex to the Project Document. Please refer to the Social and Environmental Screening Procedure and Toolkit for guidance on how to answer the 6 questions.

Project Information

Project Information	
1. Project Title	Yemen Emergency Crisis Response Project (ECRP)
2. Project Number	00097850
3. Location (Global/Region/Country)	Sana'a, Republic of Yemen

Part A. Integrating Overarching Principles to Strengthen Social and Environmental Sustainability

QUESTION 1: How Does the Project Integrate the Overarching Principles in order to Strengthen Social and Environmental Sustainability?

Briefly describe in the space below how the Project mainstreams the human-rights based approach

The project uphold the principles of accountability and the rule of law, participation and inclusion, and equality and non-discrimination based on gender, age, religion, political views or affiliation to parties to the current conflict, social or geographical origin, birth or other status. UNDP will also ensure the meaningful, effective and informed participation of stakeholders in the formulation, implementation, monitoring and evaluation of the ECRP. The project also establishes a dedicated grievance mechanism and capacity to ensure that the duty-bearers are accountable to the rights-holders for the actions undertaken in the course of the project.

Briefly describe in the space below how the Project is likely to improve gender equality and women's empowerment

The project recognizes that in the midst of the current crisis in Yemen, women are adversely affected and at the same time asked to take on new and additional roles as heads of households or income-earners. The project will actively target women (at least 30%) to support their income-generation opportunities and contribute to the delivery of community service and livelihood assets through Cash for Work and Cash for Services, and through earmarked funding (accounting to 15% of the project budget) dedicated to address severe and acute malnutrition for pregnant and lactating women (and children) by providing cash assistance (mothers are the recipients) and facilitating the affected families' access to nutrition services.

Briefly describe in the space below how the Project mainstreams environmental sustainability

Both SFD and PWP have developed social and environmental sustainability standards to help mitigate potentially high adverse environmental and social impacts in the selection, prioritization and implementation of subprojects at community level, which UNDP will also closely monitor any negative environmental and social impact and ensure compliance with the safeguards through Third Party Monitoring.




Part B. Identifying and Managing Social and Environmental Risks

<p>QUESTION 2: What are the Potential Social and Environmental Risks? <i>Note: Describe briefly potential social and environmental risks identified in Attachment 1 – Risk Screening Checklist (based on any “Yes” responses). If no risks have been identified in Attachment 1 then note “No Risks Identified” and skip to Question 4 and Select “Low Risk”. Questions 5 and 6 not required for Low Risk Projects.</i></p>	<p>QUESTION 3: What is the level of significance of the potential social and environmental risks? <i>Note: Respond to Questions 4 and 5 below before proceeding to Question 6</i></p>	<p>QUESTION 6: What social and environmental assessment and management measures have been conducted and/or are required to address potential risks (for Risks with Moderate and High Significance)?</p>
<p>Risk Description</p>	<p>Impact and Probability (1-5)</p>	<p>Significance (Low, Moderate, High)</p>
	<p>Comments</p>	<p>Description of assessment and management measures as reflected in the Project design. If ESIA or SESA is required note that the assessment should consider all potential impacts and risks.</p>
<p>There is a risk that the Project would exacerbate conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to project-affected communities and individuals</p>	<p>I = 3 P = 4</p> <p>Moderate</p> <p>CO will monitor the situation closely and on a systematic manner in order to make sure the project achieves its goals within the agreed timeline</p>	<p>The conflict context may produce social tensions during project implementation, concerning prioritization of subprojects, locations, and selection of participants. Measures to be undertaken include a clear definition of targeting and selection criteria based on data provided by the UN Clusters; participatory preparation and implementation of subprojects by communities and relevant stakeholders; frequent communication with communities and local stakeholders; grievance redress/ stakeholder response mechanism procedures to ensure timely handling of grievance redress; and public disclosure of the reasons for the rejection of subprojects, if any, to increase transparency. In addition, the project will have a communication strategy which will include consultations with government counterparts, citizen engagement and public outreach. The</p>

	I = 2 P = 2	Low	The project will target artisanal fishermen using small boats with one off-board petrol engine, i.e. not used in deep waters and will not risk overfishing. The project will carefully monitor the activities of the fishermen during its implementation.	project is implemented by SFD and PWP which are operating relatively independently from the government.
The Project involves the production and/or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species				<p>Some of the fishermen will be equipped with fish finders, to help expedite the search of the fish and thus economize the use of fuel. As the targeted fishermen will be operating on small boats using traditional methods of fishing, there is low risk that the use of the fish finders will lead to over catching the fish. The project will also work with fishing associations responsible for ensuring that fishing protocols are in place and adhered to, to protect fish stocks and regulate seasonal controls on fishing. The project will be implemented in line with the Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable NRM of the SES which includes fishing management. The concept of sustainable and responsible fishing will be promoted through this partnership. Through its direct support to small scale fishermen, the project will improve community livelihoods and training on quality and resource sustainability to include the reduction of wastage.</p>
The Project involves significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water (TBC) <i>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin development, groundwater extraction</i>	I = 1 P = 1	Low	The project rehabilitates existing water supply infrastructure at a small-scale and will not create new extraction points or new infrastructure for containment or diversion of water.	The project aims to rehabilitate or construct a total of 500,000 m3 of water supply (including water catchments, reservoirs and maintenance of clean water supply etc.), which are relatively small-scale. Overall the associated risks are low.
Elements of Project construction, operation, or decommissioning pose potential safety risks to local communities	I = 2 P = 2	Low	The project works through SFD and PWP who will be implemented the infrastructure rehabilitation projects (small-scale) according to the Operational Manual vetted by UNDP BMS which includes safety standards. UNDP will carefully monitor the implementation through TPM and regular consultations with the partners.	Potential minor environmental impacts may include insufficient safety standards used in construction/ rehabilitation of small-scale infrastructure; dust and noise during construction/ rehabilitation; and/or insufficient removal of construction waste after project completion. These are mitigated, however, by the 20-years of experience of SFD and PWP in managing project impacts successfully according to their Operational Manual (endorsed/approved by UNDP BMS) that lay out clear criteria for small-scale infrastructure rehabilitation to identify, eliminate and address potential safety risks and UNDP field monitoring including TPM.

<p>I = 2 P = 2</p> <p>Low</p>	<p>The project works through SFD and PWP who will be implemented the infrastructure rehabilitation projects (small-scale) according to the Operational Manual vetted by UNDP BMS, which includes safety standards. UNDP will carefully monitor the implementation through TPM and regular consultations with the partners.</p>	<p>The project aims to support the rehabilitation/reconstruction of community infrastructure (i.e. damaged classrooms, small-scale infrastructure for flood prevention etc.). These will be mitigated by the 20-years of experience of PWP in managing project impacts successfully according to their Operational Manual (endorsed/approved by UNDP BMS) that lay out clear criteria for small-scale infrastructure rehabilitation to identify, eliminate and address potential safety risks and UNDP field monitoring including TPM.</p>
<p>QUESTION 4: What is the overall Project risk categorization?</p>		
<p>Select one (see SESP for guidance)</p>		
<p>Low Risk <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>		<p>The overall risk for the project has been identified as low with one moderate risk that will be carefully monitored through regular updates and consultations with the responsible parties (SFD and PWP) and key stakeholders, with the relevant mitigation measures in place.</p>
<p>Moderate Risk <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>High Risk <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>QUESTION 5: Based on the identified risks and risk categorization, what requirements of the SES are relevant?</p>		
<p>Check all that apply</p>		
<p>Principle 1: Human Rights <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>Principle 2: Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>1. Biodiversity Conservation and Natural Resource Management <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>2. Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>3. Community Health, Safety and Working Conditions <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>4. Cultural Heritage <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>5. Displacement and Resettlement <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>6. Indigenous Peoples <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
<p>7. Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency <input type="checkbox"/></p>		
		<p>Comments</p>

Final Sign Off

<i>Signature</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Description</i>
	18/12/16	UNDP staff member responsible for the Project, typically a UNDP Programme Officer. Final signature confirms they have "checked" to ensure that the SESP is adequately conducted.
	19/12/16	UNDP senior manager, typically the UNDP Deputy Country Director (DCD), Country Director (CD), Deputy Resident Representative (DRR), or Resident Representative (RR). The QA Approver cannot also be the QA Assessor. Final signature confirms they have "cleared" the SESP prior to submittal to the PAC.
	13/12/2016	UNDP chair of the PAC. In some cases PAC Chair may also be the QA Approver. Final signature confirms that the SESP was considered as part of the project appraisal and considered in recommendations of the PAC.

SESP Attachment 1. Social and Environmental Risk Screening Checklist

Checklist Potential Social and Environmental Risks		
Principles 1: Human Rights		Answer (Yes/No)
1.	Could the Project lead to adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups?	No
2.	Is there a likelihood that the Project would have inequitable or discriminatory adverse impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups? ¹	No
3.	Could the Project potentially restrict availability, quality of and access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups?	No
4.	Is there a likelihood that the Project would exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups, from fully participating in decisions that may affect them?	No
5.	Is there a risk that duty-bearers do not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the Project?	No
6.	Is there a risk that rights-holders do not have the capacity to claim their rights?	No
7.	Have local communities or individuals, given the opportunity, raised human rights concerns regarding the Project during the stakeholder engagement process?	No
8.	Is there a risk that the Project would exacerbate conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to project-affected communities and individuals?	Yes
Principle 2: Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment		
1.	Is there a likelihood that the proposed Project would have adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls?	No
2.	Would the Project potentially reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits?	No
3.	Have women's groups/leaders raised gender equality concerns regarding the Project during the stakeholder engagement process and has this been included in the overall Project proposal and in the risk assessment?	No
4.	Would the Project potentially limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services? <i>For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being</i>	No
Principle 3: Environmental Sustainability: Screening questions regarding environmental risks are encompassed by the specific Standard-related questions below		
Standard 1: Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Natural Resource Management		
1.1	Would the Project potentially cause adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services?	No

¹ Prohibited grounds of discrimination include race, ethnicity, gender, age, language, disability, sexual orientation, religion, political or other opinion, national or social or geographical origin, property, birth or other status including as an indigenous person or as a member of a minority. References to "women and men" or similar is understood to include women and men, boys and girls, and other groups discriminated against based on their gender identities, such as transgender people and transsexuals.

	<i>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes</i>	
1.2	Are any Project activities proposed within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities?	No
1.3	Does the Project involve changes to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods? (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5)	No
1.4	Would Project activities pose risks to endangered species?	No
1.5	Would the Project pose a risk of introducing invasive alien species?	No
1.6	Does the Project involve harvesting of natural forests, plantation development, or reforestation?	No
1.7	Does the Project involve the production and/or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species?	Yes
1.8	Does the Project involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water? <i>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction</i>	Yes
1.9	Does the Project involve utilization of genetic resources? (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)	No
1.10	Would the Project generate potential adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns?	No
1.11	Would the Project result in secondary or consequential development activities which could lead to adverse social and environmental effects, or would it generate cumulative impacts with other known existing or planned activities in the area? <i>For example, a new road through forested lands will generate direct environmental and social impacts (e.g. felling of trees, earthworks, potential relocation of inhabitants). The new road may also facilitate encroachment on lands by illegal settlers or generate unplanned commercial development along the route, potentially in sensitive areas. These are indirect, secondary, or induced impacts that need to be considered. Also, if similar developments in the same forested area are planned, then cumulative impacts of multiple activities (even if not part of the same Project) need to be considered.</i>	No
Standard 2: Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation		
2.1	Will the proposed Project result in significant ² greenhouse gas emissions or may exacerbate climate change?	No
2.2	Would the potential outcomes of the Project be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change?	No
2.3	Is the proposed Project likely to directly or indirectly increase social and environmental vulnerability to climate change now or in the future (also known as maladaptive practices)? <i>For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding</i>	No
Standard 3: Community Health, Safety and Working Conditions		
3.1	Would elements of Project construction, operation, or decommissioning pose potential safety risks to local communities?	Yes
3.2	Would the Project pose potential risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation)?	No

² In regards to CO₂, 'significant emissions' corresponds generally to more than 25,000 tons per year (from both direct and indirect sources). [The Guidance Note on Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation provides additional information on GHG emissions.]

3.3	Does the Project involve large-scale infrastructure development (e.g. dams, roads, buildings)?	No
3.4	Would failure of structural elements of the Project pose risks to communities? (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure)	Yes
3.5	Would the proposed Project be susceptible to or lead to increased vulnerability to earthquakes, subsidence, landslides, erosion, flooding or extreme climatic conditions?	No
3.6	Would the Project result in potential increased health risks (e.g. from water-borne or other vector-borne diseases or communicable infections such as HIV/AIDS)?	No
3.7	Does the Project pose potential risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during Project construction, operation, or decommissioning?	No
3.8	Does the Project involve support for employment or livelihoods that may fail to comply with national and international labor standards (i.e. principles and standards of ILO fundamental conventions)?	No
3.9	Does the Project engage security personnel that may pose a potential risk to health and safety of communities and/or individuals (e.g. due to a lack of adequate training or accountability)?	No
Standard 4: Cultural Heritage		
4.1	Will the proposed Project result in interventions that would potentially adversely impact sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices)? (Note: Projects intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts)	No
4.2	Does the Project propose utilizing tangible and/or intangible forms of cultural heritage for commercial or other purposes?	No
Standard 5: Displacement and Resettlement		
5.1	Would the Project potentially involve temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement?	No
5.2	Would the Project possibly result in economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation)?	No
5.3	Is there a risk that the Project would lead to forced evictions? ³	No
5.4	Would the proposed Project possibly affect land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources?	No
Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples		
6.1	Are indigenous peoples present in the Project area (including Project area of influence)?	No
6.2	Is it likely that the Project or portions of the Project will be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples?	No
6.3	Would the proposed Project potentially affect the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the Project is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question)? <i>If the answer to the screening question 6.3 is "yes" the potential risk impacts are considered potentially severe and/or critical and the Project would be categorized as either Moderate or High Risk.</i>	No

³ Forced evictions include acts and/or omissions involving the coerced or involuntary displacement of individuals, groups, or communities from homes and/or lands and common property resources that were occupied or depended upon, thus eliminating the ability of an individual, group, or community to reside or work in a particular dwelling, residence, or location without the provision of, and access to, appropriate forms of legal or other protections.

6.4	Has there been an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned?	No
6.5	Does the proposed Project involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples?	No
6.6	Is there a potential for forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources?	No
6.7	Would the Project adversely affect the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them?	No
6.8	Would the Project potentially affect the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?	No
6.9	Would the Project potentially affect the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices?	No
Standard 7: Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency		
7.1	Would the Project potentially result in the release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts?	No
7.2	Would the proposed Project potentially result in the generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous)?	No
7.3	Will the proposed Project potentially involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous chemicals and/or materials? Does the Project propose use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs? <i>For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Stockholm Conventions on Persistent Organic Pollutants or the Montreal Protocol</i>	No
7.4	Will the proposed Project involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health?	No
7.5	Does the Project include activities that require significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water?	No

