



MEDEVAC DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Guidance for Missions and Country Offices on MEDEVAC in the context of COVID-19

Last updated 19 March 2020.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Normal MEDEVAC processes and procedures apply during the current COVID-19 pandemic, although normal MEDEVAC is likely to be significantly affected as countries close borders and dedicate medical resources to addressing pandemic issues. This will affect the normal ability to fulfil the MEDEVAC entitlement. Maintain current up to date information via osh@un.org.

Key considerations when initiating a MEDEVAC include:

- Special considerations for MEDEVAC of confirmed COVID-19 patients;
- Access rights for personnel or dependents (due to short notice visa restrictions or border closures);
- Availability of transport, whether by air ambulance, UN aircraft, charter or commercial flights; and
- Availability of suitable medical care in the receiving location

CONTACT DETAILS

The normal process for MEDEVAC is to be applied which requires that the procedure is initiated and managed from the duty station where the affected personnel or dependents are. Complete the following details as per duty station or Country Office.

For WHO MEDEVAC Process ONLY by Designated MEDEVAC Coordinator (page 4)	For COVID-19 cases only	+41 22 791 1115 shwemergency@who.int WHO Emergency Focal Point
For Mission MEDEVAC (page 3)	For any injury/illness	Your CMO
For HQ Air Transport Services (NY) (page 4)	For HQ support on Air Transport issues	+ 39462261601, +393454774303 +393511970241. saoc@un.org
For Country Offices with a local UN medical service (page 3)	For any injury/illness	Your Clinic Physician
For Country Offices without a local UN medical service (page 3)	For any injury/illness	Your UNEP/WHO Rep Or +1 212 963 6666 Security Operation Centre 24 hr for UNHQ Duty Medical Officer medevac@un.org

A full list of contact details of MEDEVAC coordinators, COVID-19 coordinators and alternates are available at Annex 5



CONTENTS

- Section 1 - Regular MEDEVAC process in the context of COVID-19 – Administrative issues
- Section 2 - Regular MEDEVAC process in the context of COVID-19 – Medical issues
- Section 3 - MEDEVAC process using the World Health Organization mechanism for COVID-19 cases

- Annex 1 – Guidance on MEDEVAC Health Support Planning
- Annex 2 – Medical conditions supporting relocation
- Annex 3 – Standard MEDEVAC locations (note – does not reflect visa or border control limitations)
- Annex 4 – Protocol for WHO/UN frontline workers covered by the COVID-19 MEDEVAC arrangement

BACKGROUND

The 2019 coronavirus (COVID-19) has the potential to lead to increased rates of complex illness in personnel and recognized dependents, and hence to an increased need for medical evacuation (MEDEVAC). However wide-ranging limitations in movement between countries designed to slow the spread of COVID-19 globally requires that duty stations address an actual decrease in overall MEDEVAC capability.

Missions and Country Offices retain the primary responsibility for actively revising their administrative processes and MEDEVAC plan to accommodate changes that arise due to the COVID-19 pandemic, including:

- *Monitoring* for major changes in health care services available locally;
- *Monitoring* for changes in airline destinations or airline passenger requirements (e.g. will patients with fever or respiratory symptoms be able to board?);
- *Determining* if normal MEDEVAC locations still remain accessible based on visa and border control restrictions (if any), and seeking exemptions for MEDEVACS of UN personnel and dependents where appropriate;
- *Identifying* suitable alternative locations with the help of their insurer if regular MEDEVAC locations become unavailable;
- *Updating* their entitlements policies to cover alternate MEDEVAC locations (reference is made to Organizational HR policy guidance); and
- *Communicating* these changes to staff.

Missions and Country Offices may also consider limiting the need for MEDEVAC by implementing flexible or alternate work arrangements.

Whilst MEDEVAC for COVID-19 is high profile, there will be an impact on UN personnel due to limitations in travel and access to locations where regular MEDEVACs occur. Missions and Country Offices should focus their efforts equally on both MEDEVAC for COVID-19 and MEDEVAC for routine injuries and illnesses.



REGULAR MEDEVAC - ADMINISTRATIVE ISSUES

Authorization to travel: This is largely unchanged. Senior staff should actively review their own Organization's entitlement policies, which may have been updated specifically for the period of the COVID-19 outbreak. In brief, financial authority (approval) for a MEDEVAC:

- comes from the Head of Office (or delegate) for the staff members Organization, and
- should be based on a medical recommendation from an authorized medical officer.
 - In locations with a UN medical service this is from a UN Medical Officer with delegated authority from the Medical Director;
 - In other locations, the recommendation should come from DHMOSH, HQ New York, email MEDEVAC@un.org. If urgent, the DHMOSH Duty Medical Officer can be contacted via the UN DSS Security Operations Centre +1 (212) 963 6666 (24hr). Note however in very urgent cases Heads of Office should not wait to hear from the supporting medical service – initiate MEDEVAC on medical advice and follow up with the supporting UN medical service to ensure reports, sick leave and other requirements can be completed.

Destination / Visas: This requires constant review. Given that over 80 countries have restrictions of varying sorts in place it is recommended that HR Offices establish visas or other access arrangements in the destination country as soon as possible, and to be aware of short notice changes, or to potentially establish diplomatic agreements to allow MEDEVAC to continue. If a normal MEDEVAC location is unavailable, another location may need to be selected with the advice of the insurer and if necessary, DHMOSH NY. The current list of MEDEVAC locations is attached.

on suitable medical evacuation centers. .

Hospital selection: This requires constant review. It is highly recommended to get confirmation from the staff members insurer to obtain confirmation of a suitable location. The insurer may also help arrange special assistance if needed and liaise with the receiving hospital regarding coverage.

Sick leave: No change. Sick leave is generally covered during MEDEVAC. In those cases when a MEDEVAC would normally end but the staff member cannot return as would usually be the case due to mandatory quarantine (well persons who need to stay away from work) requirements, further sick leave may be given, and if so, the MEDEVAC status may also be extended. If sick leave is not available, special leave with pay is recommended. Voluntary quarantine is covered solely under HR guidance.

Escorts: No change to eligibility Escorts who are required to undergo isolation will have DSA and related support according to individual Organizational policy for interrupted official travel.

REGULAR MEDEVAC - MEDICAL ISSUES

Who can be evacuated: No change. The usual requirements for MEDEVAC are:

- *Internationally recruited* personnel and their eligible dependents may be evacuated to access urgent and essential care when the local medical facilities are inadequate or unavailable.
- *Locally recruited* staff members and their eligible dependents have the additional requirement that the injury or illness must either be life-threatening or may result in loss of limb or eyesight.



Eligibility is not determined according to whether the patient has COVID-19 or some other condition. Note however some countries may require patients with respiratory illness to have negative COVID-19 tests before granting access.

Use of commercial aircraft: This requires case by case review. Commercial airlines are increasingly restricting flights to and from higher risk locations. HR/Travel services are strongly recommended to check beforehand if the patient needs a clearance or other medical documents to board the aircraft.

Use of UN Aircraft: No change. DOS ATS confirms that no UN aircraft will apply additional access restrictions in the event of MEDEVAC.

For field DOS/DPA offices the MEDEVAC policy and procedures currently in place will be upheld, however elements 2&3 below will be determined due to the prevailing COVID-19 travel restrictions imposed by countries.

Other UN offices/Agencies will apply the steps below.

1. For UN Offices/Agencies based in places DOS/DPA field offices: Contact SAOC/ATS directly.
2. SAOC/ATS will require proof (Verbal evidence) if normal MEDEVAC locations still remain accessible based on visa and flight restrictions during this COVID-19 era (documentation to follow)
3. SAOC/ATS will seek information regarding alternative locations if regular MEDEVAC locations become unavailable due to restrictions in item 3 (Verbal approval at present)
4. SAOC will coordinate the request by invoking either the SACA contractors or the LTCA air assets based in field missions in close proximity to the requestor. (12hrs maximum reaction time)
5. SAOC will invoke the existing Global Air Ambulance contract in case of a COVID-19 case (10hrs maximum reaction time)
6. SAOC Contact details:
 - a. e-mail: saoc@un.org
 - b. mobiles: + 93462261601, +393454774303 and +393511970241.

Use of Air Ambulance – Non COVID-19: No change expected. The use of air ambulance for injuries and illnesses unrelated to COVID-19 are as per the regular process that Missions and Country Offices may use. This will be affected however by hospital availability, visa access issues, and potentially by limitations in the aircraft itself.

Use of Air Ambulance – COVID-19: This requires contractual review. The use of air ambulance for a COVID-19 may require additional cost or limitations and should be confirmed with the provider. Many regular providers should be able to adapt procedures simply to accommodate a COVID-19 patient.

USING THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION FOR COVID-19 CASES

The World Health Organization has established an exceptional process to assist UN personnel who are suffering from significant, test positive COVID-19. **The process has not yet been tested.** This service is dependent on availability and on a cost recovery basis and is available to the UN 'workforce' i.e. UN/AFP personnel and consultants, but not to dependents. Any request to WHO should have a parallel submission to MEDEVAC@un.org



Eligibility criteria: Unique – Review; See attached WHO guidance for details.

- **Administrative:** All United Nations personnel, WHO, UN AFPs and personnel and frontline healthcare workers from partners as described by the Security Policy Manual Ch III (attached).
Note 1 – dependents of UN personnel are not eligible for the WHO process which is limited to the UN/AFP workforce
Note 2 – consultants are eligible for the WHO process but may or may not be eligible for MEDEVAC depending on specific Organizational policies. Requestors will be required to provide financial authorization so should ensure that they are authorized to do so.
- **Medical:** Must be a hospitalized, laboratory confirmed COVID-19 case (by rtPCR)

If in doubt, particularly for an emergency, contact shwemergency@who.int

Medical aspects: Unique – Review; The normal qualifying criteria for MEDEVAC for a respiratory illness like COVID-19 is that the patient suffers from a significant or deteriorating respiratory illness that cannot be managed locally and must be tested and positive. A mild or moderate illness would not be considered, however COVID-19 is known to progress quickly from moderate to severe illness, potentially during the space of 1-2 days. This provides an unusually small MEDEVAC window. Prior to this, the patient may appear well enough that the need for MEDEVAC is not considered, after this, the risks and complexity of MEDEVAC itself may be high. If MEDEVAC is to take place it needs to be identified and acted on quickly by both medical and administrative staff. To allow time to start the arrangements, **WHO recommend that initial notification takes place as soon as a patient is hospitalized for COVID-19 symptoms, without waiting for a COVID-19 test result.**

Authorization to travel: Unique – Review; Financial authority (approval) for use of the WHO MEDEVAC aircraft:

- Comes from the Head of Office (or delegate) for the staff members Organization, and
- Also requires medical recommendation from the WHO Staff Health and Welfare (SHW) Director

Location and Visas: Unique – Review; The SHW Director will determine the location of the MEDEVAC and the aircraft to be used based on availability and suitability. The SHW Emergency focal point will work with the parent organization and MEDEVAC coordinator to obtain the necessary letter of guarantee, passport copies and other paperwork in support of visa and payment. Note that the Mission or Country Office remains responsible for obtaining visas etc and will be supported by the WHO.

Sick leave: No change. Sick leave is as for other MEDEVAC's as described above.

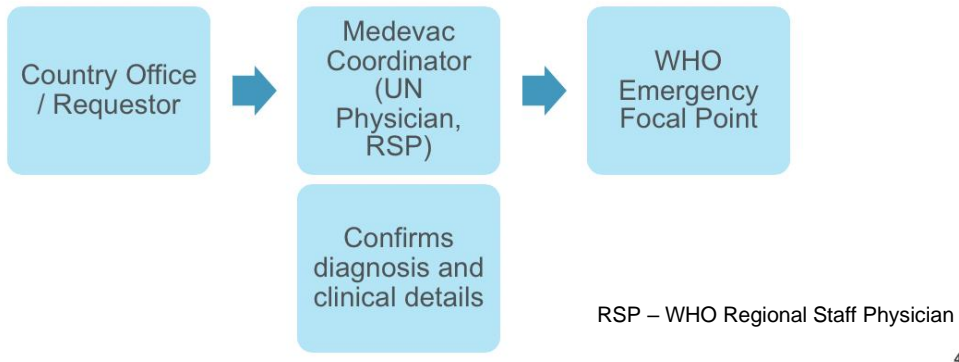
Escorts: Not permitted. Family escorts will generally not be permitted on the WHO aircraft. Any travel of family escorts will need to be arranged separately by the parent organization.

Role of local WHO Representative: Missions and Country Offices remain responsible for initiating and managing all aspects of the MEDEVAC in co-ordination with the Emergency Focal Point in Geneva. Local WHO Representatives may provide guidance but have no primary role in initiating, arranging or managing COVID-19 MEDEVAC for UN/AFP personnel.



Process: Refer to the WHO guidance document Protocols for all WHO, UN and frontline workers / NGOs covered by the COVID-19 MEDEVAC Arrangement

Emergency Contact 24h 7/7: shwemergency@who.int Tel: +41 22 791 11 15



4

Where appropriate, contact SAOC/ATS to coordinate with WHO air transport saoc@un.org

Note



MEDEVAC HEALTH SUPPORT PLANNING

This checklist will create a brief, MEDEVAC focused health support plan. This may be done by a CMO in a mission, a Clinic Physician in a location with a UN medical service, or by a recognized UN Examining Physician (UNEP) where there is no local UN medical service.

This support plan has a minimum of 3 components which must be completed:

1. MEDEVAC COVID-19 Using the WHO mechanism (see WHO guidance)

- Identify a WHO MEDEVAC Coordinator for severe respiratory illness (by name)
- Determine if COVID-19 testing can be done in your DS
 - If yes, document where and how it is accessed
 - If no, contact regional WHO rep to ascertain if any exemption to eligibility can be obtained.
If no exemption and no testing, WHO MEDEVAC for COVID-19 is unlikely
- Establish options for care should WHO MEDEVAC fail
 - Alternate MEDEVAC capability possible – see 2 below.
 - If no, is there a suitable local hospital.
 - If no, consider relocation of susceptible staff
- Practice the MEDEVAC request process (familiarity with WHO document required)
- Identify and train a backup WHO MEDEVAC coordinator
- Clarify any remaining entitlements or HR issues, such as DSA for alternate locations or whether family members will be separately authorized for travel (as will not travel as escorts on WHO flight)
- Communicate this information to staff and ensure they know the COVID-19 MEDEVAC support plan for in the location.

2. MEDEVAC COVID-19 using regular MEDEVAC providers (see your HR guidance)

- Confirm with MEDEVAC provider they can accommodate a COVID-19 patient
 - If no, see 1 above as MEDEVAC alternative
 - Is the country accepting COVID-19 patients from your DS
Confirm if diplomatic approaches been made to retain access for UN personnel/dependents
 - Are the nominated hospitals there receiving COVID-19 patients
Document any limitations or special requirements
- If no to any question above, then pursue the WHO MEDEVAC process or seek and alternative location

3. MEDEVAC – Other injuries and illnesses (see your HR guidance)

- Identify your MEDEVAC location(s)
 - Is the country accepting travel from your DS
Confirm if diplomatic approaches been made to retain access for UN personnel/dependents
 - Are there commercial flights available
Document when and any special requirements
 - Are the nominated hospitals there still receiving patients
Document any limitations or special requirements
- If no to any question above, develop an alternative location asking the same 3 questions for your primary MEDEVAC location.
- Identify a MEDEVAC coordinator for routine MEDEVAC by name



- Instruct the MEDEVAC coordinator to track (1) regional restrictions in travel visas, (2) the availability and frequency of flights, and (3) the availability of hospitals as often as is required to ensure the MEDEVAC health support plan remains viable. This may be required daily in a rapidly progressing regional outbreak
- Identify and train a named backup MEDEVAC coordinator
- Clarify any remaining entitlements or HR issues, such as DSA for alternate locations
- Communicate this information to staff and ensure they know the general MEDEVAC support plan for the location during the COVID-19 outbreak.

4. Local health care should MEDEVAC not be available

- Determine if local hospitals can care for patients with severe acute respiratory symptoms
 - If yes, no change (still identify WHO MEDEVAC Coordinator)
 - If no, consider measures through EN entities to strengthen local capacity
 - If still unacceptable risk, consider relocation of susceptible staff
- Determine if local hospitals can care for patients with the expected other range of conditions
 - If yes, no change. Document any limitations or special requirements at this hospital
 - If no, consider relocation of susceptible staff
- Identify RAC locations
 - Is the RAC location/country accepting travel from your DS
 - Is travel available
Document when and any special requirements
 - Are the nominated facilities there still receiving patients
Document any limitations or special requirements
- Clarify any remaining entitlements or HR issues, such as support or travel time for RAC locations,
- Communicate this information to staff and ensure they know the broad healthcare support plan for the location during the COVID-19 outbreak.

If there is a component that cannot be met in the checklist

If for example a DS cannot identify a suitable MEDEVAC location anywhere, or for dependents of staff with COVID-19 who cannot use the WHO mechanism but have visa restrictions for other travel, then the presumption is that the person will not be MEDEVAC'd and utilize whatever healthcare capacity is available in the country at the time. If this is not acceptable then senior management should consider:

- Relocation prior to illness
- Alternative work arrangements in another/home country
- Bringing in additional support (setting up its own facility)
- Seeking further support from host countries or attempting to resolve visa or transport issues.

Finally consider developing further options if either the healthcare support available locally, or the MEDEVAC capability changes significantly.

If you have questions regarding this brief health support planning process, please contact osh@un.org

**Annex 2****MEDICAL CONDITIONS SUPPORTING RELOCATION**

DHMOSH recommends that relocation is primarily a reason-neutral managerial decision. However if warranted, other conditions may be relevant to this decision depending on the health support available locally during the COVID-19 outbreak.

Suggested Level 1 (Highest priority group)

Chronic cardiac diseases (including ischemic, hypertensive, AF etc.)
Pulmonary heart disease
Poorly controlled diabetes
Active malignant neoplasm (cancer)
Recent cerebrovascular disease
Primary or secondary Immunodeficiency disease (including chemotherapy, AIDS etc.)
Moderate or severe chronic liver or kidney disease
Active treatment with biologics or immunosuppressive agents
Moderate or severe autoimmune diseases
Moderate or Severe metabolic disorders (such as cystic fibrosis, amyloidosis, etc....)
Severe mental health condition (such as severe anxiety, post-traumatic stress disorder, IBD, etc...)
Cerebral palsy, paralytic syndromes and Moderate or severe demyelinating diseases

Suggested Level 2:

Hypertension, if managed with ACE-inhibitors or angiotensin II receptor blockers medications or if poorly controlled
Well-controlled diabetes
Chronic kidney disease (Stage 1 or 2)
Mild chronic liver disease (including cirrhosis), classified as Child–Pugh score A or equivalent scoring
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)
Sleep Apnea
Mild autoimmune diseases (such as multiple sclerosis, systemic erythematous lupus, IBD, etc...)
Mild demyelinating diseases or other degenerative disease of the nervous system
Pregnancy (third trimester)

Suggested Level 3:

Age over 50
Pregnancy (first and second trimester)



Annex 3

LIST OF MEDICAL EVACUATION CENTRES

Note: This is the current list of MEDEVAC locations published by DHMOSH. It does not indicate which locations are suitable or accessible during the current pandemic. Each Mission or Country Office should maintain close awareness of whether their nominal MEDEVAC location has any limitations on visa, travel or hospital availability

Countries – Africa	Regional Medical Centre (by priority)
Benin	1. Senegal 2. Tunisia 3. Morocco 4. South Africa
Burkina Faso	
Cape Verde	
Central African Republic	
Chad	
Congo	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	
Equatorial Guinea	
Gambia	
Guinea	
Guinea-Bissau	
Liberia	
Mali	
Mauritania	
Niger	
Sao Tome and Principe	
Sierra Leone	
Togo	
Ghana	1. Tunisia 2. Morocco 3. South Africa
Nigeria	1. Tunisia 2. Morocco
Libya	
Burundi	1. India 2. South Africa 3. Turkey (Consider visa issue before evacuating) 4. Kenya 5. Qatar 6. United Arab Emirates
Djibouti	
Eritrea	
Ethiopia	
Rwanda	
Somalia	
South Sudan	
Sudan	
Uganda	
United Republic of Tanzania	
Angola	1. South Africa



Botswana	
Lesotho	
Malawi	
Mozambique	
Namibia	
Swaziland	
Zambia	
Zimbabwe	

Comoros	1. Ile de la Reunion (ensure visa can be obtained)
Madagascar	2. Mauritius
	3. South Africa

Countries – Americas	Regional Medical Centre (by priority)
Haiti	1. Dominican Republic 2. Panama 3. Colombia
Belize	1. Mexico 2. Panama 3. Colombia
El Salvador	
Honduras	
Nicaragua	
Bolivia	1. Chile 2. Colombia
Guyana	1. Trinidad and Tobago 2. Panama 3. Colombia 4. Venezuela (not recommended)
Paraguay	1. Argentina 2. Colombia

Countries – Arab States	Regional Medical Centre (by priority)
Iraq	1. Jordan 2. Lebanon
Yemen	1. Kenya 2. Jordan 3. Lebanon 4. United Arab Emirates 5. Saudi Arabia

Countries – Asia	Regional Medical Centre (by priority)
Afghanistan	1. India 2. Thailand 3. United Arab Emirates
Bangladesh	1. India 2. Thailand
Bhutan	
Pakistan	



Democratic People’s Republic of Korea	1. China 2. Thailand
Maldives	1. India 2. Sri Lanka
Mongolia	1. China 2. Republic of Korea
Nepal	1. India 2. Thailand
Cambodia	1. Thailand
Lao People’s Democratic Republic	2. India
Myanmar	3. Philippines
Viet Nam	4. Singapore

Countries – Europe	Regional Medical Centre (by priority)
Albania	1. Turkey 2. Italy 3. Austria 4. Germany
Republic of Moldova	1. Austria 2. Germany
Ukraine	1. Turkey 2. Austria 3. Germany

Countries – Commonwealth of Independent States	Regional Medical Centre (by priority)
Armenia	1. Turkey (For Armenia, ensure visa can be obtained) 2. India
Azerbaijan	
Georgia	
Kyrgyzstan	
Kazakhstan	1. India 2. Turkey
Tajikistan	
Turkmenistan	
Uzbekistan	

Countries – Micronesia and Melanesia	Regional Medical Centre (by priority)
All Countries	1. Philippines 2. Australia 3. New Zealand



COVID-19 MEDEVAC

**Protocols for all WHO, UN and frontline workers /
NGOs covered by the COVID-19 MEDEVAC
Arrangement**

Version 13 March 2020



TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACRONYMS:.....2

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE:3

CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS (CONOPS):.....3

CRITERIA AND CONSIDERATIONS FOR COVID-19 MEDEVAC.....3

PAYMENT AND INSURANCE:3

ACTIONS AND PHASES OF EXECUTION:4

TRANSFER AND MEDEVAC OPTIONS FOR COVID-19.....5

NON-COVID-19 PATIENT MANAGEMENT:6

KEY ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES:.....6

ANNEX 1: KEY CONTACTS.....8

ANNEX 2: IPC GUIDELINES FOR HEALTHCARE WORKERS8

ANNEX 3: CASE DEFINITIONS.....9

ANNEX 4: Conditions to Request WHO Assistance for the Medical Evacuation10

ACRONYMS:

APF:	Agencies, Programmes and Funds
COVID-19:	Coronavirus Disease 2019
HQ:	Headquarters
IM	Incident Manager
(I)NGO:	(International) Non-Governmental Organization
IPC	Infection Prevention & Control
MEDEVAC:	Medical Evacuation
POC:	Point of Contact
RSP	Regional Staff Physician
SHW:	WHO Staff Health and Wellbeing
SOP:	Standard Operating Procedure
UN:	United Nations
WHO:	World Health Organization

**BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE:**

As part of the response to the COVID-19 outbreak declared by WHO Director-General a Public Health Emergency of International Concern on 30 January 2020, WHO and Partners have established a medical evacuation (MEDEVAC) protocol for all eligible WHO and United Nations personnel within or outside of the country.

The eligible personnel for COVID-19 MEDEVAC include all UN personnel as defined in the “United Nations Security Management System – Security Policy Manual”, the WHO, UN Agencies, Funds and Programs (AFPs), and staff, consultants and frontline healthcare personnel from Partners.

CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS (CONOPS):

All agencies and organizations should provide duty of care to their staff by fully informing them of preventive measures to reduce their risk of contracting COVID-19, and the warning symptoms and signs requiring them to present themselves for medical assessment. In addition, all AFPs should develop an individual risk assessment tool for their own staff to decide whether they meet the criteria of a [suspect case](#) (see Annex 3) and require testing, and to have a plan on where and how to safely send such patients to the nearest point of isolation and testing.

The MEDEVACs will be conducted on a case by case basis depending on the availability of appropriate recipient health facilities as well as the authorization of public health authorities in recipient countries. The UN physician (where present) or RSP where no UN physician present will act as the COVID-19 MEDEVAC COORDINATOR.

CRITERIA AND CONSIDERATIONS FOR COVID-19 MEDEVAC

COVID-19 may present with mild, moderate or severe illness with severe cases presenting with severe Pneumonia, ARDS, Sepsis and Septic Shock. Recognizing this varying natural progression of disease, early recognition and timely care is of essence. Cases meeting suspect COVID-19 case definition will be tested using RT-PCR. Availability of a level 3 intensive care unit is important in ensuring optimal care for COVID-19 patients. MEDEVACs will be conducted on a case by case basis for COVID-19 confirmed patients in countries with no level 3 ICU capability in accordance with country specific public health regulations.

WHO recommended [Infection Prevention and Control \(IPC\) guidelines](#) will be maintained throughout patients’ initial care, transfer and admission to definitive health facility.

Confirmed cases in countries with Level 3 ICU facilities available will be managed in-country at the appropriate facility.

PAYMENT AND INSURANCE:

Unless otherwise agreed, all costs will be the responsibility of the requesting organization including ground transport to the airport and to the receiving hospital, air ambulance, and medical treatment in EU/EEA following recipient country regulations. The WHO have an MOU with partners for cost recovery approach avoiding unnecessary delays in the MEDEVAC process.



COVID-19 MEDEVAC Flow Chart:

The chart below summarizes the process of a MEDEVAC* from the initial alert of a suspect case to International MEDEVAC when appropriate:



Administrative Eligibility	Medical Eligibility	Point of Contact
all UN personnel as defined in the “United Nations Security Management System – Security Policy Manual”, the WHO, UN Agencies, Funds and Programs (AFPs), and as staff, consultants and frontline healthcare personnel from Partners.	COVID-19 Lab Confirmed Case	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WHO MEDEVAC Coordinator • WHO Incident Manager • Head of WHO Country Office • WHO Regional Staff Physician (RSP) • WHO Director Staff Health & Well-Being Services (SHW)

ACTIONS AND PHASES OF EXECUTION:



There are four phases in the execution of this protocol, namely the alert phase, transfer to Isolation facility, testing and treatment and MEDEVAC. The following table summarizes actions for each of the phases:

Alert Phase	Transfer to nearest Testing and Treatment Centre	Testing and Treatment	MEDEVAC
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptomatic or high risk exposure patient calls the WHO MEDEVAC Coordinator central hotline.... • The patient can also call the local Alert number.... • Individual risk assessment and a decision as to whether the case meets COVID-19 suspect case definition will be taken • The patient should isolate self until the clinical team arrives to transfer the patient to appropriate health facility. Patient can also safely transport herself to the COVID-19 treatment center if able. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • COVID-19 suspect is transferred to the nearest designated isolation health facility for testing and initial care 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Done at a designated Health facility/treatment centre • Confirmed cases continue supportive care management and begin on therapeutics if available awaiting MEDEVAC to a health facility with Level 3 ICU Capacity in or out of the country 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Phoenix Air Ambulance through the US State department or International SOS Air Ambulance will be activated for International MEDEVACs using agreed WHO protocols.

TRANSFER AND MEDEVAC OPTIONS FOR COVID-19

- Transport must be coordinated with the Ministry of Public health and Civil Aviation Authorities at origin and destination.
- Infection control policies and procedures should be established before and implemented during all phases of patient transport.
- A portable isolation unit is recommended to contain infected materials and minimize contamination of the aircraft.
- Personnel providing care during transport should be trained in clinical management, infection control, and correct use of personal protective equipment (PPE).
- PPE should be used by all those in the patient care area or who may have contact with patients or their body fluids; infection control guidelines should be followed, and procedures that could increase the risk of exposure to the patient’s body fluids should be avoided.

Ground transport of a confirmed case should be by appropriate Ambulance. Local arrangements for an Ambulance will be made in consultation with public health authorities as well as the UN-WHO Physicians in country.

The international MEDEVAC is operated by the US State Department Phoenix /Air Ambulance and International SOS. The Director SHW decides which option to use on a case by case basis.



NON-COVID-19 PATIENT MANAGEMENT:

These cases (Non COVID-19 suspects and trauma cases etc.) will be seen at appropriate health facilities including UN level I, II or Level 3 facilities and a designated facilities as advised by the WHO SHW.

KEY ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES:

MEDEVAC COORDINATOR (UN PHYSICIAN AT COUNTRY OFFICE OR RSP AT REGIONAL OFFICE)

- Activation of the algorithm will be initiated through contact with the WHO MEDEVAC Coordinator by the 24/7 telephone number
- Informs the WHO Incident Manager (IM), the WHO SHW HQ, the RSP and the local alert /surveillance team
- Identifies and notifies the designated Isolation/testing and treatment facility and verifies the Level 3 ICU availability.
- Compiles all necessary paperwork for the MEDEVAC, including patient reports
- Arranges the ground transportation from the Treatment centre of reference for the case to the airport
- Maintains communication with the MEDEVAC requestor/parent organization in country and WHO/SHW to ensure relevant information is communicated in a timely fashion
- Disseminates MEDEVAC flight information received from SHW Emergency
- Assists with airport coordination
- Assists the requestor to obtain visas and border crossing formalities
- Informs contact tracing team to begin investigation of staff contacts, and IPC team for cleanup procedure assistance.

SHW EMERGENCY HQ FOCAL POINT:

- Receives all eligible patients in case of MEDEVAC requests 24/7 and verifies clinical details and relevant demographic information.
- SHW Emergency focal point consults with SHW Director to determine need for MEDEVAC
- As soon as a potential case is declared a pre-alert the US Department of State for activation of Phoenix Air Ambulance/ International SOS.
- Informs and maintains contact with DG Sante/Echo and collates relevant paperwork including medical reports of the patient.
- SHW Emergency focal point makes a Pre-Alert to Phoenix Air-US State Department or International SOS.
- SHW Emergency works with MEDEVAC Coordinator to obtain all necessary paperwork from requestor organization including Letter of guarantee, passport copies.
- SHW Emergency notifies Phoenix Air /International SOS with details of receiving country and hospital and requests a flight plan.
- SHW Emergency focal point notifies the MEDEVAC coordinator in country on the flight plan. At the same time
- Organization at HQ level informed on developments until the patient is under the care of the international receiving hospital
- Coordinates the MEDEVAC with the Emergency Response Coordination Centre

SHW MEDICAL DIRECTOR:

- Overall management of both the clinical and organizational structures of the MEDEVAC
- Determines and approves MEDEVAC
- Manages the required public health authorization between countries and key actors
- Is responsible for the financial management of the MEDEVAC
- Post MEDEVAC follow up and regular interface with Recipient country health authorities

**THE INCIDENT MANAGER (IM):**

- Notifies UN security, the Parent organization and the WHO Representative
- Obtains Security clearance
- Assists with coordination of local health authorities

SECURITY MANAGER:

- Advises on security clearance
- Ensures MOSS compliance
- Coordinates military/police escort if required

PARENT ORGANIZATION / MEDEVAC REQUESTOR:

- Assists in getting the necessary signatures and letter of authorization signed and sent to SHW HQ
- Assists in obtaining appropriate visa paperwork
- Informs the staff member's next of kin
- Begins assessment of possible contacts within their organization and works with WHO SHW team on IPC and contact tracing as relevant.

ACTIONS AND PHASES OF EXECUTION (follows the checklist of actions-Annex)**The stepwise activation and management of COVID-19 MEDEVAC is as follows**

- The requestor organization informs the MEDEVAC Coordinator giving details of the case and need for MEDEVAC.
- The MEDEVAC Coordinator notifies SHW Emergency focal point upon verification of the clinical details and relevant demographic information. Medical reports if available should be emailed to SHW Emergency.
- SHW Emergency focal point consults with SHW Director to determine need for MEDEVAC
- SHW Director approves MEDEVAC and informs appropriate authorities including RSP and IMST HQ
- SHW Emergency notifies DG ECHO/DG SANTE with relevant details to aid search for appropriate health facility.
- SHW Emergency focal point makes a Pre-Alert to Phoenix Air-US State Department or International SOS.
- SHW Emergency works with MEDEVAC Coordinator to obtain all necessary paperwork from requestor organization including Letter of guarantee, passport copies.
- DG Sante obtains a recipient Hospital and informs SHW Emergency with details of point of contact and planned Ground Transportation from the receiving airport.
- SHW Emergency notifies Phoenix Air /International SOS with details of receiving country and hospital and requests a flight plan.
- SHW Emergency focal point notifies the MEDEVAC coordinator in country on the flight plan. At the same time, SHW Medical director informs the Requestor organization, RSP and WHO IMST
- MEDEVAC Coordinator arranges ground transportation to the airport ensuring the patient arrives at least 1 hour before the flight lands at the country airport. The MEDEVAC Coordinator also assists with Immigration paperwork for the patient in coordination with the Requestor Organization in-country focal point.
- MEDEVAC Coordinator regularly updates SHW emergency on the clinical state of the patient including medical reports.
- MEDEVAC Coordinator ensures smooth handover of the patient to the International MEDEVAC team and informs SHW emergency.
- International MEDEVAC team informs SHW emergency once they depart for the Receiving country/Destination and regularly updates SHW emergency on patient's clinical state and flight plan until arrival at destination.



POST-MEDEVAC REPORT/LESSONS LEARNT SHARED (Teleconference):

- The SHW director declares MEDEVAC is complete as soon as the patient is received at the Recipient Hospital and informs all parties involved.
- MEDEVAC summary of events report is generated and through a Teleconference, lessons learnt are shared.
- SHW Director regularly monitors patient’s recovery progress until final outcome.

ANNEX 1: KEY CONTACTS PLEASE DO NOT CALL WHO CELL NUMBERS FOR GENERAL ENQUIRIES

WHO Staff Health & Wellbeing Department HQ Geneva		
Emergency Contact 24h 7/7	shwemergency@who.int	+41 22 791 11 15
SHW Director: Dr CROSS, Caroline	crossc@who.int (please copy shws@who.int)	+41 22 791 3040 13040 (GPN number)
WPRO Regional Medical Services		
Regional Staff Physician: Dr BAUTISTA, Marcia	bautistal@who.int	+63 2 8 5289620 89620 (GPN number)
Clinical Nurse: Mrs. ROMERO, Abigail	romeroab@who.int	+63 2 8 5289621 89621 (GPN number)
EURO Regional Medical Services		
Regional Staff Physician: DR DONDOGLIO, Pierre-Olivier	dondogliopi@who.int	+4545336816 76816 (GPN number)
Clinical Nurse: MS. ELMER, Jeanett	elmerj@who.int	+4545336661 76661 (GPN number)
AFRO Regional Medical Services		
Regional Staff Physician: Dr RIZET, Roland	rizetro@who.int	+4724139959 39959 (GPN number)
Clinical Nurse: MRS. TRAORE, Minata	traoremi@who.int	+4724139461 39415 (GPN number)
AMRO Regional Medical Services		
Regional Staff Physician: Dr SELOD, Anne-Gaelle	selodann@paho.org	+1 202-974-3904
Clinical Nurse: MRS. CORCUERA, Norma	corcuernor@paho.org	+1 202-974-3392
EMRO Regional Medical Services		
Regional Staff Physician: DR MAKLAD, Sahar	maklads@who.int	+20-2-22765207 65207 (GPN number)
Clinical Nurse: MS. ELBAKRY, Maha	elbakrym@who.int	+202 227 65208 65208 (GPN number)
SEARO Regional Medical Services		
Regional Staff Physician: Dr SOBTI, Rohit	sobtir@who.int	+911143040135/+911143040136 26135 (GPN number)
Clinical Nurse: MRS. TRIPATHI, Indira	tripathii@who.int	+911123370804 26136 (GPN number)

ANNEX 2: IPC GUIDELINES FOR HEALTHCARE WORKERS

WHO Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) technical guidance: Infection prevention and control:
<https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/technical-guidance/infection-prevention-and-control>



ANNEX 3: CASE DEFINITIONS

Case definitions

The latest WHO technical guidance can be found at: <https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/technical-guidance>



ANNEX 4: Conditions to Request WHO Assistance for the Medical Evacuation

Conditions to Request WHO Assistance for the Medical Evacuation

in the Context of Emergency Response or the Investigation of Suspected Public Health Events

According to para 30 of WHO eManual XVII.7.2, “Exceptionally WHO may provide assistance for the medical evacuation of employees of implementing partners in the context of emergency response or the investigation of suspected public health events on conditions to be established on a case-by-case basis.” This document outlines the conditions for the implementing partners of WHO if and when one or more employees of which request WHO assistance for the medical evacuation (“MEDEVAC”) within the context of emergency response or the investigation of suspected public health events.

The following conditions must be met before an individual who is not contracted by WHO requests WHO assistance for MEDEVAC:

1. s/he is a current eligible employee of one of the WHO implementing partner organizations and is performing active duty in the place of assignment in response to a WHO graded emergency or as a part of joint WHO-Partner team for investigation of a suspected public health event, as acknowledged by a WHO authorized official (normally WHO Incident Manager or WHO Country Representative);
2. S/he is a current eligible personnel of the United Nations (as defined by the Security Policy Manual) and UN AFPs.
3. In case of the accident or illness affecting the individual, the illness or injury is judged by WHO-authorized medical professional to have the possibility of leading to a life threatening situation and/or a major disability and the facilities for medical treatment at the place of assignment are judged by Director SHW at WHO to be inadequate;
4. The requesting organization understands and agrees that WHO shall not be responsible for the payment or advance of any costs whatsoever in relation to the MEDEVAC unless a letter of guarantee of payment by the relevant partner organization is received in advance. To this end, a signed Letter of Guarantee is required certifying that the full cost related to the MEDEVAC will be covered by the implementing partner;
5. The requesting organization provides all medical and administrative information relevant to the MEDEVAC to WHO as requested and has transmitted the information to WHO;
6. The requesting organization undertakes to sign a MEDEVAC Request Form in Annex 1 and has transmitted the signed form and the Letter of Guarantee (Annex 2) to the WHO;
7. The requesting organization undertakes to sign any agreement requested by WHO with the third parties which provide either the air evacuation services or medical care services;
8. The requesting organization confirms that the patient has all the required visas issued on the basis of valid national passports or UN travel documents;
9. The location of the intended MEDEVAC destination with adequate available medical facilities is confirmed by Director SHW of WHO;

WHO assistance to the employees of implementing partners may take one or more of the following forms:

- in-country MEDEVAC transportation, escort and coordination from the location of the patient up to the in-country destination where adequate medical facility is judged to be available;
- in-country MEDEVAC transportation, escort and coordination from the location of the patient up to the international airport prior to international air evacuation;
- Arrangement of international air evacuation to the identified medical facility.



Appendix 1: MEDEVAC LETTER OF REQUEST (Employee of Implementing Partner)

This document is transmitted to the World Health Organization (WHO): shwemergency@who.int

The requesting organization, the undersigned, being duly authorized to that effect, hereby certify that the _____ **(name of the organization)** requests WHO to organize a medical evacuation under the provisions outlined in the WHO eManual XVII.7.2 for medical evacuation dated for the following patient:

First Name: _____
 Surname: _____
 Date of birth: _____
 Nationality: _____

The requesting organization confirms that**(name of the patient)**:

1. s/he is either:
 - a. a current international employee of one of the WHO implementing partner organizations (.....**specify the name of the partner organization**) and is performing active duty in the place of assignment in response to a WHO graded emergency or as a part of joint WHO-Partner team for investigation of a suspected public health event, as acknowledged by a WHO authorized official, who is**(specify the name of the WHO authorized official, normally WHO Incident Manager or WHO Country Representative)**; OR
 - b. S/he is a current eligible personnel of the United Nations (as defined by the Security Policy Manual) and UN AFPs.
2. In case of the accident or illness affecting the individual, the illness or injury is judged by WHO-authorized medical professional to have the possibility of leading to a life threatening situation and/or a major disability and the facilities for medical treatment at the place of assignment are judged by Director SHW at WHO to be inadequate;
3. The requesting organization understands and agrees that WHO shall not be responsible for the payment or advance of any costs whatsoever in relation to the MEDEVAC. To this end, **a signed Letter of Guarantee (Annex 2) has been received by Director SHW at WHO** certifying that the full cost related to the MEDEVAC will be covered either by the individual (and his/her insurance company) or by the implementing partner;
4. The requesting organization provides all medical and administrative information relevant to the MEDEVAC to WHO as requested and has transmitted the information to WHO;
5. The requesting organization undertakes to sign a MEDEVAC Request Form in Annex 1 and has transmitted the signed forms to WHO;
6. The requesting organization undertakes to sign any agreement requested by WHO with the third parties which provide either the air evacuation services or medical care services;
7. when required s/he has all the required visas issued on the basis of valid national passports or UN travel documents;
8. The location of the intended MEDEVAC destination with adequate available medical facilities is confirmed by Director SHW of WHO;

Name, Title and the Organization of the Requestor	Date and Signature of the Requestor
Name, Title of the WHO Authorized Official (IM or WR)	Date and Signature of the WHO Official [Email is sufficient]
Director SHW, WHO	Date and Signature of Director SHW, WHO



Appendix 2: LETTER OF GUARANTEE FOR WHO

The requesting organization, the undersigned, being duly authorized to that effect, hereby certify that: _____ (fill out the name of your organization) undertakes to pay for 100% of the medical care after the transport in the country of destination.

For: _____ (name patient)

On discharge, the original invoice should be addressed to:

Name: _____

Address: _____

Postal code: _____ **City:** _____

For direct payment to the hospital.

Direct payment will be effected by bank transfer, for which complete banking details (IBAN+SWIFT code, ACH ABA code for USA, etc.) should be provided.

Date **Place**

Name **Title** **Organization**

Signature + stamp



UNITED NATIONS SECURITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
Policy Manual

Chapter



APPLICABILITY

**Applicability of United Nations
Security Management System**





A. Introduction:

1) Policies, procedures, standards and other arrangements of the United Nations Security Management System are applicable to the following categories of individuals:

a) **United Nations personnel:**

- (i) All United Nations system staff members, including temporary staff, in posts subject to international or local recruitment (except those who are both locally-recruited and paid by the hour);
- (ii) United Nations Volunteers (UNVs);
- (iii) Individually deployed military and police personnel in DPKO- or DPA-led missions¹, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) United Nations police officers, military observers, military liaison officers, military advisors and staff officers; and
 - (b) Military members of national contingents or members of formed police units when not deployed with their contingent or unit.
- (iv) Consultants, individual contractors and experts on mission when actually employed by an organization of the United Nations system; and
- (v) Officials other than United Nations Secretariat staff members and similar non-staff officials of other organizations of the United Nations system with a direct contractual agreement with a United Nations System organization;

b) **Other Individuals Covered:**

- (i) Eligible family members (as determined by the staff rules and regulations of the organizations comprising the United Nations System);
- (ii) Eligible family members (who are authorized to be at the duty station) of United Nations Volunteers;
- (iii) United Nations fellows, either non-resident fellows studying in the country, or nationals who are on leave from the country of study;
- (iv) Personnel and their eligible family members of Intergovernmental Organizations that have signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with an organization of the United Nations system to cooperate on security matters.

¹ It does not cover military members of national contingents or members of formed police units when deployed with their contingent or unit nor does it cover any spouses or other family members of the military and police personnel listed in subparagraphs (a) and (b).



Annex 5

Medevac Coordinators / Contact details

TBD