## Indicative Outline of Indigenous Peoples Planning Framework

The purpose of an Indigenous Peoples Planning Framework (IPPF) is to set out the requirements of UNDP SES Standard 6, organizational arrangements, and design criteria to be applied to subprojects or project components that are not yet defined and will be prepared during project implementation.

A key purpose of and IPPF is to outline the procedures for screening, assessment and development of a specific IPP once the project components, subprojects and/or activities have been fully defined and/or assessment is possible.

It is critical to emphasize that any project activities that may adversely affect indigenous peoples will not commence until the IPP is developed with the meaningful participation of the affected indigenous peoples (and FPIC where required) and appropriate mitigation measures are in place.

The IPPF at a minimum needs to set out:

* 1. Executive Summary: Concisely describes the project and reason why an IPPF is being utilized. Include description of the types of activities/subprojects likely to be proposed under the project.
  2. Description of Indigenous Peoples: Include a description of indigenous people(s) that may be affected by the forthcoming project activities. Identify the applicable legal framework that pertains to the potentially affected indigenous peoples and relevant issues regarding their substantive rights.
  3. Potential Impacts: Identify the types of potential positive and adverse impacts of the planned types of activities or subprojects on indigenous peoples.
  4. Procedures: Describe in detail the procedures for carrying out the screening, assessment and development of the IPP with appropriate mitigation and management measures for the planned activities/subprojects.
  5. Participation, Consultations and FPIC Processes: Describe the framework for ensuring meaningful consultation and participation of potentially affected indigenous peoples and, where relevant per the requirements of UNDP SES S6 a framework for seeking their free, prior, and informed consent, during further project development and implementation.
  6. Appropriate Benefits: Indicate potential types of social and economic benefits of project activities that would be further tailored to preferences of potentially affected persons through meaningful consultations, consent processes, benefit sharing agreements, etc.
  7. Grievance Redress: A description of the procedures available to address grievances brought by the affected indigenous peoples.
  8. Institutional arrangements: Describe institutional arrangements, including capacity building where necessary, for screening project-supported activities, evaluating their effects on indigenous peoples, and preparing the IPP.
  9. Monitoring and reporting: Describe arrangements for monitoring implementation of the IPPF, in particular consultation and FPIC processes and completion of anticipated screening, assessment, and development of the IPP. Include mechanisms and benchmarks appropriate to the project, including reporting.
  10. Budget and Financing: Include an appropriately costed plan, with itemized budget sufficient to undertake the activities described in the IPPF, including the screening, assessments development of IPP, meaningful consultations, and where relevant FPIC processes.