Supreme Court of the Republic of Kazakhstan United Nations Development Programme

Transparency and access to information and justice in Kazakhstan

Award ID: 00056899

Project ID: 000 70020

The specific objective of the first component is to promote transparency and accountability of public institutions by fostering better supply of and demand for government-held information. Firstly, by supporting the government and CSO efforts in establishing a legislative framework regulating access to information; secondly, by piloting implementation of the legislation in one region by encouraging use of community based access points and mobile technologies that benefit vulnerable groups in particular. UNDP will support awareness-raising among population to exercise their right to information and capacity-building, networking, and coordinating efforts of public institutions to supply information. The project aims at

- with disabilities and other); - improving the access to justice in Kazakhstan with a special emphasis on vulnerable groups (e.g. juveniles, person
- strengthening the institutional and human resource capacity of the courts at three levels; individual skills; professional ethics and work attitudes; promoting awareness of human rights and of the role of the justice system through the development of comprehensive information, education and communication strategy focused on innovation technologies; Promotion of gender equality and empowerment of women to be integrated into all
- improving access to information

United Nations Development Programme Country: Kazakhstan Project Document

UNDAF Outcome(s):

III. Professional capacity, transparency and accountability of the governance structure and participation of civil society in decisionmaking enhanced

Expected CP Outcome(s):

Participatory approaches to development are increased through the enhanced capacities of civil society to better represent the

interests of various social groups.

Expected CPAP Output(s):

Enhanced capacity of civil society to participate in policy-making processes, with specific attention to women's organizations and

ICT for development.

Implementing partner:

Supreme Court of the Republic of Kazakhstan

Other partners:

Parliament; Ministry of Information and Culture of the Republic of Kazakhstan; Ministry of Justice of the Republic of Kazakhstan; Agency for informatization and communications of the Republic of Kazakhstan; CSOs; local municipalities

CPAP Programme Component: Governance Programme Period: 2005-2009; 2010-2015

Project Title: Transparency and access to justice and information in Kazakhstan

Atlas Award ID: Start date: End Date

PAC Meeting Date

March 2009 December 2011

23 October 2008

In-kind Contributions

300,000

USD

Unfunded budget: Regular Estimated budget: Total allocated resources: Total resources required O Other: DGTTF British Embassy GMS 150,000 USD 120,000 USD 740,000 USD 0.00 170,000 USD 440,000 USD 740,000 USD

Agreed by Supreme Court:

Kairat Mami, Chairman

January

Agreed by UNDP:

Haoliang Xu, Resident Representative

Situation Analysis:

same time due to continuous developments of court and legal systems the data on access to justice need to be updated. The situation analysis was fulfilled by the UN Special Rapporteur on independence of judges in broad list of aspects in 2004, the Judicial Reform Index was published in February, 2004, the OSCE held the The Supreme Court endeavours to increase public trust in the judicial system and improve the quality of justice. In this connection, on the regular basis there is cooperation promoted with different international organizations engaged in ensuring the Rule of Law, including in monitoring of court trials, courts functioning in general. Specific analysis has been held by the experts of UN, OSCE, ABA/CEELI and others. At the monitoring of court trials (covering criminal cases) in 2005-2006.

At present there is an urgent need for analytical research on improving the mechanisms of access to justice, and to advance on the coordination of existing projects on access to justice. Increase of public trust in the judicial authority is related to access to justice, including physical, geographical, distance access, etc. The procedure of applying for the court protection of rights and interests should be understandable to everybody.

The Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan enshrines the principle of equality of every person before law and court, and prohibits any discrimination on origin, social, property status, occupation, sex, race, nationality, language, attitude towards religion, convictions, place of residence or any other circumstances

simplicity of procedures, high quality of issued court decisions, its legality and validity; guarantees for free legal advice for poor; effective court decisions enforcement. adjudication, reasonable limits of workload for judges, proper work conditions for judges and court staff, Access to justice can be defined by the following criteria: legislation provisions for the right of everyone to address court, accessibility of the court to people, ensuring timely and unfailing receipt of applications, reasonable court expenses and the right of exemption of fees for poor people; reasonable terms of cases

The legal basis is sufficient, though the challenges of practical realization of legal provisions have to be acknowledged. There is no regular production and dissemination of a sufficient number of brochures, pamphlets, boards, guides, easily explaining the procedures to people. The potential of innovation in full. The use of new technologies needs to be expanded, since the territory of Kazakhstan is large, and this hampers physical access of people to courts, especially if the case is considered in appeal or higher-level instances. Only the Supreme Court and Kostanay oblast court have web-sites, and their infrastructure and content need to be improved. technologies to improve the access to information and justice has not been studied enough, and not applied

information and justice in other countries, develop if needed the proposals on amendments to legislation. develop recommendations on its expansion on the basis of preliminary study of best practice of access to Research in this field will allow to evaluate the existing situation on access to information and justice, their legal basis, to understand how specific criteria are met, how they influence the situation, as well as to

a prominent player in international politics, likely motivated by its bid for chairmanship of the Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe (OSCE) in 2010, the access to information is a key question in the context of the human rights. Even though the Kazakhstan government launched a campaign to improve its image and establish itself as

government, and journalists run serious risks. In 2007 the government continues to censor the internet and suspended several websites. government-owned. The independent media continues to be threatened for criticizing the president or According to the Baseline Human Rights Report in Kazakhstan, 22 percent of the 2,479 media outlets are

concept of participatory democracy and respect for fundamental rights. In this context, information is a tool of democratic control over the State institutions, intimately linked to the

The UN General Assembly, in its resolution 60/251, mandated the Human Rights Council to undertake a Universal Periodic Review (UPR), based on objective and reliable information, of the fulfillment by each State of its human rights obligations and commitments. The Human Rights Council adopted a calendar in relation to the consideration of the 192 Member States of the UN to be considered during the first four year cycle of the UPR mechanism, and decided on the precise order of consideration of reviewed States in 2008. Kazakhstan is scheduled to go through UPR in 2010.

Project Strategy:

aims to improve the Access to Justice in Kazakhstan with a special emphasis on vulnerable groups (e.g. juveniles, person with disabilities and other), using new technologies. The goal of the second component is to improve access to information with a special emphasis on vulnerable groups, using new technologies. The Project includes two components: Access to Justice and Access to Information. The first component

selected courts of Almaty and Astana. Also, the project will pilot digital library of international treaties and project will help develop standards of public service delivery in courts; pilot mediation; pilot access to justice using new technologies such as developed in the Czech Republic. These technologies will be piloted in At the start of the Project research on both components is planned. It will allow evaluation of the situation and its correspondence to international standards in access to information and justice, to reveal the needs of court system in extending the access to information and justice, to develop the relevant recommendations. On the basis of the results of research and recommendations beginning from the second month of the court decision, which will accessible to public. project specific actions on approbation of specific recommendations in 2-3 pilot courts will be organised. The

develop information kit for citizens; improve information desks etc. used in courts; launch a separate web page on the Supreme Court web site dedicated to the citizens' access to justice; introduce distance learning Based on needs mentioned above and the research recommendations, the project may include development of brochures, pamphlets, boards on court functioning, recommendations for staff on relations with public, and training. The interim and final results achieved will be published in mass-media and Institute of Justice course for judges and develop course on international practices of access to justice and pilot it in the concerned and representatives of vulnerable groups of citizens. presented during events and activities on raising public awareness with participation of state agencies It is envisaged that the project will help

throughout Kazakhstan and access to information in particular (Article 19 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights). successful piloting the courses will be run by the Academy on permanent basis for all their students citizens, counteracting abuses of freedom of information and the commercialisation of information) regarding the public access to information. The research will lay the grounds for the development of the draft law. A training programme for civil servants, based on guidelines of freedom of expression and access to Additional activities will be organised involving journalists, officials and citizens to discuss issues related to access to information, including also public awareness campaigns to raise awareness of human rights information will be developed and piloted by the Academy of Public Administration. It is expected that upon messages, sensitive or potentially dangerous topics - prevention, the systems of response to the queries of In the second component on access to information, consultations will be organised for the development of Access to information Draft Law. Research will be conducted on ways, difficult areas and cases (crisis of freedom of expression and access

I. RESULTS AND RESOURCES FRAMEWORK

Intended Outcome as stated in the Country Programme Results and Resource Framework:

UNDAF Outcome III: Professional capacity, transparency and accountability of the governance structure and participation of civil society in decision-making enhanced

Outcome indicators as stated in the Country Programme Results and Resources Framework, including baseline and targets: Participatory approaches to development are increased through the enhanced capacities of civil society to better represent the interests of various social groups.

Applicable Key Result Area (from 2008-11 Strategic Plan): 2.1. Fostering Inclusive Participation; 2.2 Strengthening responsive governing institutions; 2.3. Support national partners to implement democratic governance practices

Partnership Strategy: UNDP Kazakhstan will work with the Supreme Court of Republic of Kazakhstan and with the Ministry of Information and Culture, the Ministry of Justice the Agency for informatization and communications, CSOs and local municipalities

Project title and ID (ATLAS Award ID): Transparency and access to information and justice in Kazakhstan

INTENDED OUTPUTS	INDICATIVE ACTIVITIES	RESPONSIBLE PARTIES	INPUTS
Output 1 Improved access to information for all, with emphasis on vulnerable groups	A. Training on access to information for civil servants	Information and Culture; Ministry of Justice; Agency for informatization and	DGTTF
Indicator 1: Availability of training course on access to information for civil servants	B. Public awareness and advocacy	communications; CSOs; local municipalities	DGTTF
Baseline 1: There is no training course on access to information for civil servants			
Target 1: Training course on access to information developed and piloted at the Academy of Civil Service	C. Review of national and international legislation on access to information; support law drafting.		British Embassy
Indicator 2: Availability of recommendations on expanding existing legal framework to improve access to information Baseline 2: Right to access to information is covered by number of	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		

international and national normative acts; however, there is no specific law in Kazakhstan.	D. Piloting the legislation with use of information access points and mobile technologies in one region	DOTTE
Target 2: Review of legislation is conducted and recommendations on expanding existing legal framework to improve access to information are provided.		DGTTF
Output 2 Improved access to justice for all, with emphasis on vulnerable groups	A. Piloting new technologies in selected courts	UNDP TRAC
Indicator: Availability of new technologies to record court proceedings Baseline: Annually, 30% of court decisions are published and are publicly available in internet or official publications Target: New technologies to record court proceedings are launched	B. Training on international standards of access to justice and public advocacy campaign.	UNDP TRAC
in pilot courts	C. Effective project management	UNDP TRAC

II. ANNUAL WORK PLAN BUDGET SHEET

Year: 2009

EXPECTED OUTPUTS	PLANNED ACTIVITIES	Τ,	TIMI	FRAME			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PLANNED BUDGET				
And baseline, associated indicatorsand annual targets	List activity results and associated actions	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	Funding Source	Budget Description	Amount			
Output 1 Improved access to information for all, with emphasis on	A. Activity Result Training on access to information for civil servants developed and piloted	X	Х	Х	X	Supreme Court; Ministry of Information and Culture; Ministry of Justice; Agency	DGTTF	71300 Local consultants 71200	8,000			
vulnerable groups Indicator 1: Availability of training course on access to information	Action 1: Needs assessment survey and research on use of public access				İ	for informatization and communications; CSOs; local municipalities		International consultants	10,000			
for civil servants	points and mobile technologies Action 2: Planning workshop with				}	100ai mariicipanties	ļ Ē	71600 Travel 72100 Contractual	4,000			
Baseline 1: There is no training course on access to information for civil servants	participation of international experts Action 3: Development of training course					-		services-Companies 74500 Miscellaneo	1,700			
Target 1: Training course on access to information developed						1		us Expenses 75100 GMSOT	0			
and piloted at the Academy of Civil Service	D. Activity Dev III							Subtotal	33,700			
Indicator 2: Availability of	B. Activity Result Public awareness and advocacy	X	X	X	X	Ministry of Information and Culture; Agency for informatization and	DGTTF	71300 Local consultants	5,000			
recommendations on expanding	Action 1: Development and publication					communications; CSOs;		71600 Travel	3,000			
existing legal framework to improve access to information	of materials concerning public access to information		o information action 2: Advocacy campaign (press	nformation tion 2: Advocacy campaign (press		,			local municipalities	į	72100 Contractual services-Companies	20,000
Baseline 2: Right to access to information is covered by number of international and national normative acts; however, there is	conference, audio-visual materials)							74500 Miscellaneo us Expenses	2,000			
no specific law in Kazakhstan.								75100 GMSOT	0			
Target 2: Review of legislation is conducted and recommendations	C. Activity Result	Х	X	X	· ·	D 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		Subtotal	30,000			
on expanding existing legal framework to improve access to	Review of international and national legislation	^	^	^	Х	Parliament; Supreme Court; Ministry of Information and	British	71300 Local consultants	20,000			
information are provided.	Action 1: Review of existing legislation concerning the access to information Action 2: Discussions of the finding of			1		Culture; Ministry of Justice; Agency for informatization	Embassy	71600 Travel	9,000			
						and communications; CSOs; local municipalities	*	72100 Contractual services-Companies	9,000			
	the review Action 3: Workshops and visits to the				:			74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	2,000			
		1						75100 F&A	2,800			

0.1.10	regions	<u> </u>						Subtotal	42,800
Output 2 Improved access to justice for all,	A. Activity Result Piloting new technologies in the selected courts	Х	X	Х	X	Supreme Court, Ministry of Justice, local municipalities	UNDP	71300 Local consultants	3,000
with emphasis on vulnerable groups .	Action 1: Research on access to							71200 International consultants	5,000
Indicator: Availability of new	justice and пewly-available							71600 Travel	20,000
technologies to record court proceedings	technologies Action 2: Technology transfer and training personnel of its use in 2 courts							72100 Contractual services-Companies	1,500
Baseline: Annually, 30% of court decisions are published and are	Action 3 : Networking with international partners						:	74500Miscellaneous Expenses	500
publicly available in internet or official publications								Subtotal	30,000
Target: New technologies to record court proceedings are	C. Activity Result Effective project management	Х	X	X	X	UNDP	UNDP	71400 Project Manager	24,000
launched in pilot courts	Linective project management						DGTTF	71500 National UNV	11300
· .	·						BE	72400 Communication & Audio Visual Equip	2,000
ļ							BE	72500 Supplies	1,000
							BE	72200 Equipment and Furniture	1,000
					,		BE	74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	3,000
							BE	75100 F&A	490
								Subtotal	42,790
Consecution and a state of the second and a second second									179,290
TOTAL			******	*******	********			新华·罗斯基克森政府	

Year: 2010

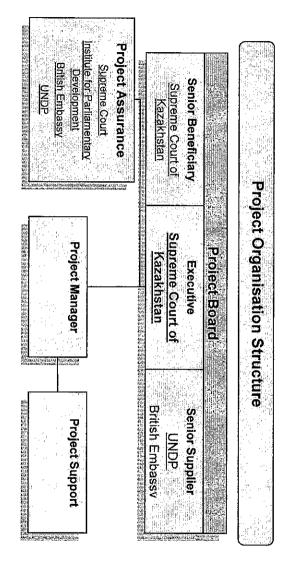
EXPECTED OUTPUTS	PLANNED ACTIVITIES		TIME	FRAME	 -			PLANNED BUDGET	
And baseline, associated indicatorsand annual targets	List activity results and associated actions	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	Funding Source	Budget Description	Amount
Output 1	B. Activity Result: Public			- -				71300 Local consultants	8,000
Improved access to information for all, with emphasis on vulnerable	awareness and advocacy					Supreme Court; Ministry		71600 Travel	4,000
groups	Action 1: Advocacy campaign (press conference, audio-visual	x	х	x	x	of Information and Culture; Ministry of Justice; Agency for	DGTTF	72100 Contractual services-Companies	10,000
Indicator 2: Availability of recommendations on expanding	materials) Action 2 : Trainings and					informatization and communications; CSOs;	DOTT	74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	1,700
existing legal framework to	workshops in the regions					local municipalities		75100 GMSOT	0
improve access to information			<u> </u>					Subtotal	23,700
Baseline 2: Right to access to information is covered by number	C. Activity Result Review of existing national and							71300 Local consultants	12,990
of international and national normative acts; however, there is	international legislation; support law drafting							71600 Travel	5,000
no specific law in Kazakhstan. Target 2: Review of legislation is	Action 1: Monitoring of the					Supreme Court; Ministry of Information and		72100 Contractual services-Companies	4,000
conducted and recommendations on expanding existing legal framework to improve access to	implementation of the legislation Action 2: Training and	х	X	х	Х	Culture; Agency for informatization and	British Embassy	74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	1,000
information are provided.	workshops					communications; local municipalities	Empassy	71200 International consultants	20,000
								75100 F&A	3,009.3
								Subtotal	46,000
	D. Activity Result Piloting legislation with use of							71300 Local consultants	10,000
	information access points and							71600 Travel	7,000
	mobile technologies in one region					Parliament; Supreme Court; Ministry of Information and Culture;		72100 Contractual services-Companies	20,000
	Action 1: Discussion of the law on access to information	Х	x	x	×	Ministry of Justice; Agency for	DGTTF	74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	3,000
	Action 2: Piloting use of mobile					informatization and	50111	75100 GMSOT	0
	technologies as information access points Action 3: Training and workshops in the regions					communications; CSOs; local municipalities		Subtotal	40,000
Output 2	B. Activity Result	Х	Х	Х	Х	Supreme Court, Ministry	UNDP	71300 Local consultants	5,000
Improved access to justice for all,	Training on international					of Justice, local		71600 Travel	10,000

with emphasis on vulnerable groups	standards of access to justice and public advocacy campaign					municipalities		72100 Contractual services-Companies 74500 Miscellaneous	14,000
Indicator: Availability of new technologies to record court	Action 1: Development and publication of materials on					ļ		Expenses	1,000
proceedings Baseline: Annually, 30% of court decisions are published and are publicly available in internet or official publications	access to justice Action 2: Workshops and trainings for court officials Action 3: Advocacy campaign (distribution of materials, audio- visual materials)							Subtotal	30,000
Target: New technologies to record court proceedings are							UNDP	71400 Project Manager	26,500
launched in pilot courts							DGTTF	71500 National UNV	11,300
							BE	72400 Communication & Audio Visual Equip	1,000
,	O A-Gdr. D						BE	72500 Supplies	2,000
	C. Activity Result Effective project management	Х	X	X	×	UNDP	BE	72200 Equipment and Furniture	0
							BE	74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	4,000
							BE	75100 F&A	490
								Subtotal	45,290
TOTAL	***************************************	**************************************	*********	*********	**************************************				184,990
		*******	*******	******	*******				

Year: 2011

EXPECTED OUTPUTS	PLANNED ACTIVITIES		TIME	RAME				PLANNED BUDGET		
And baseline, associated indicatorsand annual targets	List activity results and associated actions	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	Funding Source	Budget Description	Amount	
Output 1 Improved access to information for	C. Activity Result	X	Х	Х	X	Supreme Court; Ministry	British	71300 Local consultants	5,000	
all, with emphasis on vulnerable	Review of existing international and national legislation;					of Information and Culture; Ministry of	Embassy	72100 Contractual services	6,000	
groups	assistance with law drafting					Justice; Agency for	Justice; Agency for		71600 Travel	3,000
Indicator 2: Availability of recommendations on expanding	Action 1: Monitoring of implementation of the existing					informatization and communications; CSOs; local municipalities		74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	1,158.3	
existing legal framework to	legislation concerning the					local municipalities		75100 F&A	1,061.7	
improve access to information Baseline 2: Right to access to information is covered by number of international and national normative acts; however, there is no specific law in Kazakhstan. Target 2: Review of legislation is conducted and recommendations on expanding existing legal	access to information Action 2:Training workshops and visits to the regions							Subtotal	16,220	
framework to improve access to information are provided. Output 2	B. Activity Result							71300 Local consultants	3,000	
Improved access to justice for all,	Training on international							71600 Travel	8,000	
with emphasis on vulnerable groups	standards of access to justice and public advocacy campaign						distribution of the state of th	72100 Contractual services-Companies	15,000	
Indicator: Availability of new technologies to record court	Action 1: Development and publication of materials on access to justice	x	x	x	x	Supreme Court, Ministry of Justice, local municipalities	UNDP	74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	2,700	
proceedings Baseline: Annually, 30% of court decisions are published and are publicly available in internet or official publications	Action 2: Workshops and trainings for court officials Action 3: Advocacy campaign (distribution of materials, audiovisual materials)							Subtotal	28,700	
Target: New technologies to	C Astinity Decode						UNDP	71400 Project Manager	26,500	
record court proceedings are launched in pilot courts	C. Activity Result Effective project management						UNDP	72500 Supplies	1,300	
		х	x	х	x	UNDP	UNDP	74500 Miscellaneous Expenses	3,000	
								Subtotal	30,800	
			<u></u>	<u></u>					75,720	
TOTAL		*******	*******	********	********					

III. MANAGEMENT ARRANGEMENTS



Supreme Court is a key governmental agency responsible for ensuring access to justice in Kazakhstan. The project is a response to the needs of the Supreme Court identified through joint meetings and discussions. The Supreme Court has adequate capacity in terms of expertise as well as the authority to further roll out activities that were piloted through the project. The project will be nationally executed with the Supreme Court acting as an Implementing Partner.

Kazakhstan will provide support services and will assist in monitoring and evaluation (as per the Annex 1 in accordance with UNDP rules and procedures). UNDP is also responsible for financial and program reporting to the British Embassy in Kazakhstan and DGTTF. The Implementing partner is leading in project implementation and has ownership of project results. UNDP

For effective implementation the project structure requires the following roles/focal points

- Project Board;
- Project Assurance
- Project Manager.

Project Board

assess the project's progress against planned outputs, give strategic directions to the implementation of time and budget limits. During the running of the project the Project Board will meet at least twice a year to The Project Board is responsible for making management decisions for the project and providing guidance to the Project Manager in case of significant deviations in the delivery of project outputs from established project and identify any corrective action to be taken, and to assess how well the outputs were achieved

The Project board includes representatives of the

- Executive Supreme Court, UNDP
- Senior Supplier UNDP, British Embassy
- Development) Beneficiary Supreme Court, cso representative (i.e. Institute ਠ੍ਹ Parliamentary

The role of Project Assurance, including project oversight and monitoring functions, is assumed by the Project Board, while UNDP Governance Team carries out daily project oversight and monitoring functions.

Project Manager: To support the Implementing Partner in the project realisation, a Project Manager and Project Assistant (under UNV modality) will be hired. The Terms of Reference are attached as Annex 3 and 4. The Project Manager is responsible for day-to-day management and decision-making for the project. The project document, to the required standard of quality and within the specified constraints of time and cost, in which regard the tolerance levels will be 3 weeks deviation in implementation of project activities and up to Project Manager's prime responsibility is to ensure that the project produces the outputs specified in the 10% beyond the approved project budget amount.

Partnership Information:

Organization: United Nations Development Program in Kazakhstan

Address: 26 Bukei Khan Str., Astana, Kazakhstan

Phone/Fax: +7 7172 59 25 50, +7 7172 592540

Web site: www.undp.kz

UNDP Focal Point: Ms. Ainur Baimyrza

Position: UNDP Programme Analyst

Phone/Fax: +7 7172 592550

E-mail: ainur.baimyrza@undp.org

Organization: the Supreme Court

Address: 39 Tauelsizdik, Astana, Kazakhstan 010000

Phone: +7 7172 747703,

Name of the person responsible for Implementation of the Project: Ms. Gulnara Khuanova (Annex 2)

Position: Head of International Affairs Department

Phone/Fax: +7 7172 747539

IV. MONITORING FRAMEWORK AND EVALUATION

₩II be In accordance with the programming policies and procedures outlined in the UNDP User Guide, the project will be monitored through the following:

Within the annual cycle

- quarterly basis, juarterly basis, a quality assessment shall record progress towards the completion of key based on quality criteria and methods captured in the Quality Management table below.
- resolution of potential problems or requests for change An Issue Log shall be activated in Atlas and updated by the Project Manager to facilitate tracking and
- V regularly updated by reviewing the external environment that may affect the project implementation. Based on the initial risk analysis submitted (see annex 5), a risk log shall be activated in Atlas and
- V Based on the above information recorded in Atlas, a Quarterly Progress Reports (QPR) shall be submitted by the Project Manager to the Project Board through Project Assurance, using the standard report format available in the Executive Snapshot.
- V and adaptation within the organization, and to facilitate the preparation of the Lessons-learned a project Lesson-learned log shall be activated and regularly updated to ensure on-going learning Report at the end of the project
- V actions/events a Monitoring Schedule Plan shall be activated in Atlas and updated to track key management

Annually

- V V pre-defined annual targets at the output level. information for each above element of the QPR as well as a summary of results achieved against shared with the Project Board and the Outcome Board. As minimum requirement, the Annual Review Report shall consist of the Atlas standard format for the QPR covering the whole year with updated Annual Review Report. An Annual Review Report shall be prepared by the Project Manager and
- appraise the Annual Work Plan (AWP) for the following year. In the last year, this review will be a final assessment. This review is driven by the Project Board and may involve other stakeholders as these remain aligned to appropriate outcomes during the fourth quarter of the year or soon after, to assess the performance of the project and required. It shall focus on the extent to which progress is being made towards outputs, and that Annual Project Review. Based on the above report, an annual project review shall be conducted

Quality Management for Project Activity Results

eria Quality
of information access p
rurpose Main stakeholders are familiar with international experience

international practices	round tables, seminars on	Midi - Dec 2008
	discussion of the recommendations,	
	publications in mass media, reports on mission to regions	
D. Activity Result	Use of information access points and mobile technologies	Jan –Dec 2010
Purpose	Public institutions are more effective in supplying the information and use of information access points and mobile technologies	tive in supplying the ccess points and mobile
Description	 Discussion of the law on access to information 	ss to information
	 Piloting use of mobile technologies as information 	nologies as information
	access points	
	 Training and workshops 	
Quality Criteria	Quality Method	Date of Assessment
Use of mobile technologies as information access points	survey of stakeholders, number of	Jan -Dec 2010
Feedback from participants	Training evaluations, number of	Jan – Dec 2010
	participants	

	Feedback from participants	Quality Criteria	Description	Purpose	B. Activity Result	Technologies compatible and working	Quality Criteria	Description	Purpose	A. Activity Result	OUTPUT 2: Improved access to jus
	evaluation forms, press reporting	Quality Method	Holding the awareness raising events, trainings based on report findings with both government officials and representatives of vulnerable groups	Trainings and events based on report findings with both government officials and representatives of vulnerable groups	Awareness raising	Equipment established, software entered, some improvements made to existing information tools (website, data bases)	Quality Method	Determining pilot courts, holding acti courts, training and monitoring	Piloting of new technologies of recording court proceedings in the pilot courts of Kazakhstan	Piloting	OUTPUT 2: Improved access to justice for all with emphasis on vulnerable groups
Jan -Dec 2011	Jan -Dec 2010	Date of Assessment	ents, trainings based on ernment officials and	port findings with both ves of vulnerable groups	Jan –Dec 2010 Jan –Dec 2011	Mar -Dec 2009	Date of Assessment	activities for the public and	ording court proceedings	Mar ~Dec 2009	e groups

L	alternative and a second and a	
C. Activity Result	Effective Project Management	Mar Dec 2009
		Jan - Dec 2010
		Jan – Dec 2011
Purpose	To effectively manage and implement project	project
Description		
	The state of the s	
Quality Criteria	Quality Method	Date of Assessment
Timely implementation of		Mar – Dec 2009
activities	and UNDP staff	Jan – Dec 2010
		Jan - Dec 2011

V. LEGAL CONTEXT

provisions apply to this document. This document together with the CPAP signed by the Government and UNDP which is incorporated by reference constitute together a Project Document as referred to in the SBAA and all CPAP

safety and security of the implementing partner and its personnel and property, and property in the implementing partner's custody, rests with the implementing partner. Consistent with the Article III of the Standard Basic Assistance Agreement, the responsibility for the safety and security of the implementing partner and its personnel and property, and of UNDP's

The implementing partner shall:

- put in place an appropriate security plan and maintain the security plan, taking into account the security situation in the country where the project is being carried;
- assume all risks implementation of the security plan. and liabilities related to the implementing partner's security, and the full

hereunder shall be deemed a breach of this agreement. plan when necessary. Failure to maintain and implement an appropriate security plan as required UNDP reserves the right to verify whether such a plan is in place, and to suggest modifications to the

entities associated with terrorism and that the recipients of any amounts provided by UNDP hereunder do not appear on the list maintained by the Security Council Committee established sub-contracts or sub-agreements entered into under this Project Document". UNDP funds received pursuant to the Project Document are used to provide support to individuals or pursuant to resolution 1267 (1999). The list can be accessed via http://www.un.org/Docs/sc/committees/1267/1267ListEng.htm. This provision must be included in all The implementing partner agrees to undertake all reasonable efforts to ensure that none

ANNEX 1: UNDP CO Support Services to the Project

ANNEX 2: Terms of Reference of the Project National Director

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ANNEX 1: UNDP Country Office Support Services to be provided to Project

The UNDP country office may provide, at the request of the designated institution, the following support services for the activities of the programme/project:

- (a) Identification and/or recruitment of project and programme personnel;
- (b) Identification and facilitation of training activities;
- (a) Procurement of goods and services;

The procurement of goods and services and the recruitment of project and programme personnel by the UNDP country office shall be in accordance with the UNDP regulations, rules, policies and procedures. Support services described in paragraph 3 above shall be detailed in an annex to the programme support document or project document, in the form provided in the Attachment hereto. If the requirements for support services by the country office change during the life of a programme or project, the annex to the programme support document or project document is revised with the mutual agreement of the UNDP resident representative and the designated institution.

shall apply to the provision of such support services. The Government shall retain overall responsibility for the nationally managed programme or project through its designated institution. The responsibility of the UNDP support services detailed in the annex to the programme support document or project document. country office for the provision of the support services described herein shall be limited to the provision of such The relevant provisions of the UNDP Standard Basic Assistance Agreement with the Government of Kazakhstan, signed on 5 October 1994, including the provisions on liability and privileges and immunities,

Any claim or dispute arising under or in connection with the provision of support services by the UNDP country office in accordance with this letter shall be handled pursuant to the relevant provisions of the SBAA.

The UNDP country office shall submit progress reports on the support services provided and shall report on the costs reimbursed in providing such services, as may be required.

ANNEX 2: Terms of Reference

National Project Director

facilitate co-ordination of project activities among the international project counterparts. He/she works in National Programme Director is a staff member of the executing agency. Coordinator and Development Centre aff member of the executing agency. His/her main responsibility is to xivities among the main counterparts, namely, UNDP, national and He/she works in close collaboration with the executing, Projects

The main duties are as follows:

- Maintains close contacts with Project Manager and UNDP to ensure smooth implementation of the
- Takes part in preparation of annual projects work plan;
- Takes part in preparation/discussion of project revisions requiring Government's approval;
- field Establishes networks/linkages with other externally and nationally-funded projects active in the same
- recruitment, sub-contracting, procurement and training. Provide support to the project personnel to ensure effective management of the project in the areas of
- well as agenda for training activities; Takes part in elaboration of terms of references for projects experts, consultants and sub-contractors as
- Ensures that the Annual Progress Report, Terminal Report, Evaluation Reports specified in the Monitoring and Evaluation Section of the project documents are prepared on time; and Technical Reports by project experts/consultants are available for UNDP and other parties concerned;

ANNEX 3: Terms of Reference

Job Code Title: Project Manager

Grade: SB-3

Supervisor: Head of Unit, Governance and Local Development Programme Team

Duty station: Astana, Kazakhstan

Duration of employment: February 2009 – December 2011

assistant. Project Manager has overall responsibility for project management with the support of the project

Core duties include:

- Project and financial management Support to resource mobilization
- Advocacy and Co-ordination
- Function / Expected Results

Project and Financial Management:

- Prepare and update work plans and budgets:
- rules, regulations and procedures Manage the work of local consultants and conduct performance reviews in accordance with UNDP
- and procedures; generate Atlas reports, including combined delivery reports Manage financial allocations, ensure timely payments in accordance with UNDP rules, regulations
- Prepare procurement plans and oversee procurement and logistics for project implementation; Monitor and analyze the project environment and progress, using applicable M&E and risk management tools where relevant, and advise on timely readjustments of strategies and corrective actions as necessary;
- Produce periodical annual project progress reports and financial reports for the Project Board and donors
- Provide regular reports on the project progress issues to the Programme Analyst/Portfolio Manager;
- by all local consultants; Comply with security and safety requirements and regulations and ensure the same are respected
- Work closely with other UNDP local governance initiatives to ensure that the project is contributing effectively to overall performance of the UNDP Governance Cluster
- N Function / Expected Results

Support to resource mobilization:

- institutions, bi-lateral and multi-lateral donors, private sector, civil society in the area of human rights based on strategic goals of UNDP, country needs and donors' priorities; Establish and further develop contacts and cooperation with the relevant UN Agencies, government
- Seek information on donors and share information on opportunities for resource mobilization with the Portfolio Manager
- ω Function / Expected Results

Advocacy and Co-ordination:

- of national counterparts Encourage full participation of all the stakeholders in order to promote empowerment and ownership
- Ensure regular communication and coordination with project donors and partners and develop and
- maintain effective mechanisms for integrating and responding to their feedback and insights; Play an active advisory role on human rights within the UNDP governance team and in other settings

Recruitment Qualifications

Education:

An advanced university degree (masters or equivalent) in social sciences, public administration or related field.

Experience:

- management and development; At least 5 years of substantive experience working on or directly related to project/ programme
- Proven record of theoretical knowledge and practical experience in the area of human rights
- and collaboration with multiple actors including government representatives, donors Proven communication and advocacy skills, and ability to work in an environment requiring liaison stakeholders; and other
- Maturity, excellent inter-personal, negotiation and team leading skills required;
 Ability to work to tight deadlines and to handle multiple concurrent project components;
- Good technology as a tool and resource computer skills (especially Microsoft office applications) and ability to use information

Language Requirements:

- Fluency in Russian and English with proven drafting and presentation skills;
- Knowledge of Kazakh is an asset.

ANNEX 4: Terms of Reference

Post: Project Assistant

Duty station: Astana

Period: March 2009 –December 2010

Type of contract: UNV

Responsibilities:

administrative support. The Project Assistant works under direct supervision of the Project Manager The Project Assistant, recruited locally, will be responsible for daily operational work, in particular

Concrete duties are the following

- Maintain files and assist in the preparation of the project documentation; Assist in organization of Project Board meetings;
- Assist in preparation of the periodic project reports;
- Coordinate and assist in making travel arrangements for consultants working in the project;
- Assist in organizing meetings related to the project activities; Liaise with all the Project related entities;
- Perform other duties as may be required

Requirements:

- <u>a</u> University Degree in Business or Public Administration, Economics, Political Sciences and Social Sciences would be desirable, but it is not a requirement;
- Work experience in administrative/financial functions
- ಆ೦೮
- knowledge of spreadsheet and database packages Experience of work in the projects, funded by international organization would be advantageous; Experience in the usage of computers and office software packages (MS Word, Excel, etc) and
- ൗക Fluency in Kazakh and Russian, including good drafting skills
- Good knowledge of English is desirable

ANNEX 5: OFFLINE RISK LOG

Project Title: Transparency and access to information and justice in Kazakhstan	Award ID:	Date:
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#	Description	Date Identified	Type	Impact & Probability	Countermeasures Mngt response	Owner	Submitted, updated by	Last Updat e	Status
1	Political changes in the government. Appointment of the new Chairman of the Supreme Court	February 2009	Political	P = 3	Since the project implementation is based on multi-partner cooperation, the focus will be shift to other partner	Project Manager	Project Manager	an darkitaran	
2	Change of project management may cause the delay of project implementation and achievement of results	February 2009	Organizational	P = 1	Hiring new project personnel	Programme Manager	Project Manager	,	
3	Exchange rate fluctuations/ inflation	February 2009	Financial	P = 5 I = 5	Reduce number of activities Additional resource mobilisation	Project Manager	Project Manager		