

### United Nations Development Programme Country: LEBANON

### Project Document Substantive Revision 00077103

Project Title:

Technical Support to the Lebanese Parliament

UNDAF Outcome(s):

1.2 Effective and accountable governance of state institutions and

public administrations is improved

Expected CP Outcome(s):

Accountability of State institutions, and inclusive participation

strengthened.

**Expected Outputs:** 

Transparency and accountability in public institutions, and efficiency

in

administration of justice and parliamentary affairs improved

Implementing partner:

United Nations Development Programme

Responsible Parties:

Lebanese Parliament Lebanese Parliament

### **Brief Description**

This project targets the Lebanese Parliament, one of the main pillars representing the country's long history of multi-party democracy, and the institution in which Lebanon's legislative power is vested.

1.To Strengthen the legislative functions of Parliamentary committees and parliamentary staff.

2.To enhance inclusive participation in public policy and in the legislative process.

3.To assist the implementation of the National Human Rights Action Plan (NHRAP) and to mainstream Human Rights in Parliamentary work.

The project will support the Parliament for a period of 3 years.

 Programme Period:
 2014-2016

 Atlas Award ID:
 00061026

 Project ID:
 00077103

 Start date:
 1/ January/2014

 End Date
 31/December/2016

 PAC Meeting Date
 17/December/2013

 Management Arrangement Support to NIM

Total Budget: \$796,063 2014 Budget: \$258,860 Parliament \$360,000 UNDP \$150,000

Project Old Balance estimated at: UNDP \$32,960

To be mobilized: \$ 253,103

Net for activities: \$ 743,290

Total ISS \$14,866

Total GMS \$37,907

Agreed by Parliament: H.E. Nabih Berr

Agreed by Parliament: H President

Date:

Signature:

Agreed by UNDP: Luca Renda

UNDP Country Director

Date: 15-1-14

Signature:

### List of Abbreviations

LP Lebanese Parliament

MP Members of Parliament

HRPC Human Rights Parliamentary Committee

LPIP Lebanese Parliament Internship Program

NHRAP National Human Rights Action Plan

CSO Civil Society Organizations

NGO Non-Governmental Organizations

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

### I. SITUATION ANALYSIS

This project targets the Lebanese Parliament, one of the main pillars representing the country's long history of multi-party democracy, and the institution in which Lebanon's legislative power is vested.

The Lebanese Government is accountable to the Parliament, as the system resembles a parliamentary democracy with parliamentary control. Many factors have led to the weakening role of Parliament in Lebanon. This weak role is evident in the lack of legislative initiatives, and a very limited parliamentary oversight role over the executive authority.

Parliament detains three main functions: legislative, oversight and representation, however, given the concept of separation of powers these roles are not necessarily decisive. All legislations (including the passage of the national budget) require the approval of the Parliament. In parallel, the Parliament also detains oversight functions over government, including over the budgetary process.

The United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) launched in 1999 a technical assistance project at the Parliament, and since then, the project has been responding to the needs of the Parliament and Parliamentarians. The project has been modified at several instances (lastly in 2007) in order to respond to the changing needs but also to keep abreast with requirements as a result of the political situation in the country. The UNDP project has been supported by Global Programme on Parliamentary Support (GPPS) and was evaluated by GPPS in 2007. Excellent working relationship is already established with both the Parliamentary committees and the Parliamentary administration. To date the following main achievements can be reported among others:

- Capacity Development for parliamentarians, parliamentary committees, and human resources.
- Preparation of a National Human Rights Action Plan in close cooperation with the Human Rights Parliamentary Committee and UN OHCHR.
- · Publishing and distributing several studies and periodic publications.
- Conducting research and workshops organized in support of relevant draft laws.
- Organizing regional development hearings including with MPs, Municipal leaders and Public agencies.
- Providing training and supporting the administration in languages, logistics and IT skills.

Most importantly, the project has been conducting regular consultations and evaluations closely following-up with Parliamentarians to measure the progress of the project, depict progress, and identify and assess the needs, including this last round of consultation done recently in preparation for this project proposal. The three identified priorities are:

- 1.To Strengthen the legislative functions of Parliamentary committees and parliamentary staff.
- 2.To enhance inclusive participation in public policy and in the legislative process.
- 3. To assist the implementation of the National Human Rights Action Plan (NHRAP) and to mainstream Human Rights in Parliamentary work.

Therefore, there is a need to develop the capacity of Parliamentarians, parliamentary committees, and parliament administration in order to provide them with adequate and qualified support to enhance the legislative, oversight and representation and participation functions of the parliament.

There is a need to create a clear systematic mechanism to enhance the participation of CSOs, youth and women in public policy legislation. Thus, this project will support CSOs, Youth and women

participation and interaction with the parliament and parliamentary committees and will improve and increase Information Technology and public access to information in the parliament. The existing students Internship programme will be expanded and the number of students participating in the programme will be increased.

### II. STRATEGY

The suggested project "Technical Support to the Lebanese Parliament", targets the Lebanese Parliament as a whole. The project will be implemented in the framework of the Democratic Governance key result of supporting national partners to implement democratic governance practices grounded in Human Rights in terms of conflict prevention and recovery, gender equality and anti-corruption, with a focus on civil peace building and national reconciliation

The project mainly aims at strengthening the structures of legislative, oversight and representation capacities of the Lebanese Parliament, while closely working with Parliamentarians, Parliamentary Committees and Parliamentary staff to promote Human Rights, Gender Equality and Women Empowerment, Inclusive Participation national dialogue and conflict prevention

The overall objective "Strengthening the Legislative, Oversight and Representative roles of the Lebanese Parliament" will be carried out through the following set of specific outputs, which were identified upon agreement with the Lebanese Parliament's administration (national counterpart):

- To Strengthen the legislative functions of Parliamentary committees and parliamentary staff.
- To enhance inclusive participation in public policy and in the legislative process.
- To assist the implementation of the National Human Rights Action Plan (NHRAP) and to mainstream Human Rights in Parliamentary work.

Under each output, activities will focus around the above mentioned identified priority areas, while meeting the ultimate objective of strengthening the structures and legislative, oversight and representation capacities of the Lebanese Parliament.

### Project description .

The project will be building up on the strategic partnership already established with the Lebanese Parliament for over 13 years, and will consolidate its excellent working relationship with the MPs in general, parliamentary committees, and parliamentary administration especially with the Secretary General and the Director of External relations.

In addition, the project will utilize its vast network with civil society organizations allowing for greater participation of CSOs and increased dialogue between parliamentary committees and CSOs. UNDP will also use its presence in most ministries and public institutions, as well as its presence in the various regions to effectively link them with the parliament through periodic sessions of review of progress and dialogue.

The main project components are the following:

Project Outcome: Strengthening the Legislative, Oversight and Representative roles of the Lebanese Parliament

This outcome will be achieved through the implementation of the following three outputs and their relevant activities:

### Output 1: The legislative functions of Parliamentary committees and parliamentary staff strengthened.

The objective of strengthening the legislative functional capacity of the Parliament is based on the fact that National policies developed outside of Parliament and there is a need to provide research support and assistance to the parliamentary committees.

This output will include the following activities:

### Activity 1.1.1:

Legal research, studies, and articles on parliamentary development published in the official Parliament journal and disseminated.

### Activity 1.1.2

E-Library database to support the legislative functions of MPs and their support staff established.

Achievement of the foregoing objective will be measured through the following indicators:

- Number of research studies provided to Parliament and parliamentary committees increased
- · Number of experts, studies and themes in the E-Library database increased.

The project will be assisting in:

- · Publishing and disseminating at least 3 research and studies annually
- Establishing and updating periodically the E-Library database on experts and studies, classifying them according to thematic experience.

### Output 2: Support to enhance inclusive participation in public policy and in the legislative process provided

The objective of this output is based on Lack of participation of the public, especially youth and women, in service delivery in different sectors, and Women being underrepresented at Parliament and in political leadership at large, with a Lack of understanding of the special measures to represent women such as the quota system, and finally the weak government accountability towards Parliament.

This output will include the following activities:

- 1.2.1: Parliamentary Internship Programme for university students expanded and improved
- 1.2.2: Training sessions for CSOs on women quota with the participation of relevant committees organized
- 1.2.3: Public hearing session on regional development issues organized.

1.2.4: 3 events organized to enhance public participation in policy making at Parliament and celebrating International Democracy Day

Achievement of the foregoing objective will be measures through the following indicators:

- Students Internship programme expanded, and public participation, especially youth and women interaction in parliamentary affairs increased
- · Number of supporters and promoters of women quota increased
- · Government accountability and oversight functions of Parliament strengthened.

The project will be assisting in:

- Expanding the Parliamentary Internship programme and increasing the number of enrolled interns to accept 10 more graduates annually
- Organizing at least 2 training sessions for CSOs on women quota with the participation of relevant committees annually.
- · Organizing 2 public hearings sessions on regional development annually.
- Organizing a workshop to celebrate the International Day of Democracy to promote public participation and policy making at Parliament annually.

### Output 1.3: Support to adopt and implement the National Human Rights Action Plan (NHRAP) and to mainstream Human Rights in Parliamentary work provided

The objective of this output is based on the need to implement and follow-up on the National Human Rights Action Plan that was adopted by parliament on December 2012, and to mainstream Human Rights in Parliamentary work. The project aims to draft laws based on the National Human Rights Action Plan recommendations, raise awareness on the National Human Rights Implementation Plan (NHRIP) and assist in the implementation.

This output will include the following activities:

- 1.3.1 Consultation Process/Seminars conducted with Lebanese working groups (Ministerial level, MPs and CSOs) for the development of the NHRIP.
- 1.3.2 NHRIP drafted, reviewed and finalized.
- 1.3.3 Media awareness and advocacy campaign on the NHRIP organized.
- 1.3.4: 3 events organized to launch the NHRIP, and to celebrate the Human Rights day.
- 1.3.5 Four draft laws developed and submitted to the Human Rights parliamentary committees

These activities revolve around the development of the National Human Rights Implementation Plan. A communication and media strategy will be developed to launch the Plan and a legal framework on current Human Rights will be mapped, assessed and reviewed. Finally, the project will support the Parliamentary Committees in drafting human rights laws as per the recommendations of the Human Rights Action Plan and will be following up on the passage of draft laws related to Human Rights.

Achievement of the foregoing objective will be measures through the following indicators:

- National Ownership of the NHRIP established and strengthened.
- · Capacities and knowledge of CSOs on NHRIP enhanced
- Promotion of civil, economic and social rights as positive democracy indicators ensured
- · Human Rights in parliamentary legislation mainstreamed

### The project will be assisting in:

- Identifying and Commissioning a legal expert for the development of the National Human Rights Implementation Plan (NHRIP)
- Organizing several working group meetings to participate in the development of the NHRIP
- · Publishing and disseminating the NHRIP to all stakeholders
- · Organizing an event on the International Human Rights Day to launch the NHRIP
- Identifying and developing an outreach strategy including audio-visual advertisement and billboards, and advocacy campaign, to promote and advocate for Human Rights
- · Facilitating for the adoption of the NHRAP by Parliament
- Developing and submitting at least 4 draft laws to the Human Rights Parliamentary Committee

# Section III - Results and Resources Framework 2014-2016

	intended Outcome as stated in the Country Programme Results and Resource Fra	amework:	Accountability	of state	institutions,	and inclusive
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Outcome indicators as stated in the Country Programme Results and Resources Framework, including baseline and targets:

Indicator: Public perception of accountability, integrity and participation improved

Baseline: Draft laws and plans for admin, electoral law and justice reforms in place.

Target: Access to justice, electoral law reform and national action plan for human rights produced and implemented

Project title and ID: Technical Support to the Lebanese Parliament

OUTPUT TARGETS Responsible Indicative Activities C	Inputs Vities Costs estimated over a two-year period
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research papers and studies disseminating at least 3 Targets 2014 I-Publishing and Output 1: The legislative functions of parliamentary staff strengthened. Parliamentary committees and

UNDP-

# Baseline:

National policies developed outside of Parliament

database on experts and studies and classifying them according

2-Establishing an E-Library

parliamentary committees to address critical reform issues Need to develop further the research capacity of

Targets 2015-2016

to thematic areas

# Performance Indicators:

Number of experts, studies and Number of research studies provided to Parliament and parliamentary committees increased

thematic areas in the E-Library

### 2-Updating the e-Library with a database on experts and disseminating at least 6 research and studies 1-Publishing and studies

### studies, and articles on development published in to support the legislative functions of MPs and their 1.1.2 E-Library database ournal and disseminated. support staff established. the official parliamentary Parliament

### Project Coordinator 37,000 Junior Project Coordinator Required salaries for 3 years: Project Manager . 87,500 (192,200 \* 3)= 576,600 USD USD /yr. USD /yr. Salaries: ch d Parliament research, Legal

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isce	and
Workshops & M	Communication

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equipment, audio, information technology Equipment, Office supplies: USD 1,690  Total output 1: USD 578,290	Inputs Costs estimated over a three- year period	Total Activities: Workshops & Miscellaneous: UNDP Project Cost Sharing/LEAP	
	Indicative Activities	1.2.1: Parliamentary Internship Programme for university students expanded and improved 1.2.2: Training sessions for CSOs on women quota with the participation of relevant parliamentary committees organized 1.2.3: Public hearing session on regional development issues organized. 1.2.4: 3 events organized to enhance public participation in policy making at Parliament and celebrating International Democracy Day	
	Responsible Partners	UNDP. Parliament	
	OUTPUT TARGETS (YEARS)	Targets 2014  1-Expanding the Parliamentary Internship programme and increasing the number of enrolled interns to accept 10 more graduates  2-Organizing at least 2 training sessions for CSOs on women quota with the participation of relevant committees.  3-Organizing 2 public hearings sessions on regional development  4-Organizing a workshop to celebrate the International Day of Democracy to promote public participation and policy making at Parliament.	Targets 2015-2016
database increased.  Targets:  At least 9 parliamentary research and studies published  E-Library database established and expanded every year.	Intended Outputs	Output 1.2: Support to enhance inclusive participation in public policy and in the legislative process provided  Baseline:  Lack of participation of public, especially youth and women, in service delivery in different sectors, and passive attitude towards political processes  Women underrepresented at Parliament and political leadership, and Lack of understanding of the women special procedures like the quota system  Weak government  Parliament	Performance Indicators:  • Students Internship

Public participation, every youth and women interest with parliament increased     Number of MPs supportion of promoters of women of increased     Government accountal the oversight function Parliament strengthener the oversight function Parliament strengthener programme expanded number of enrolled intincreased to accepting minimum of 30 gradus     At least 6 training sess CSOs organized on we quota with the particip relevant parliamentary committees.     At least 6 public heariful regional development organized in the parlian organized occasion of Internation Democracy Day	Intended Outputs
Public participation, especially youth and women interaction with parliament increased  Number of MPs supporters and promoters of women quota increased  Government accountability and the oversight function of the Parliament strengthened  Parliament strengthened  Parliamentary Internship programme expanded and number of enrolled interns increased to accepting a minimum of 30 graduates  At least 6 training sessions for CSOs organized on women quota with the participation of relevant parliamentary  committees.  At least 6 public hearings on regional development  organized in the parliament  3 workshops organized on the occasion of International  Democracy Day	Outputs
Internship programme and increasing the number of enrolled interns to accept 20 more graduates  2-Organizing at least 4 training sessions for CSOs on women quota with the participation of relevant committees.  3-Organizing 4 public hearings sessions on regional development  4-Organizing 2 workshops to celebrate the International Day of Democracy and promote public participation in policy making at Parliament.	OUTPUT TARGETS (YEARS)
	Indicative Activities
	Inputs Costs estimated over a three-

Output 1.3: Support to adopt and	
implement the National Human Rights	1- Ident
Action Plan (NHRAP) and to	Commis
mainstream Human Rights in	for the (
Parliamentary work provided	Nationa

Targets 2014

ifying and

### Baseline:

- . Need to follow-up on the NHRAP implementation
- Rights in Parliamentary work Need to mainstream Human

NHRIP

# Performance Indicators:

- National Ownership of the NHRIP established and strengthened.
- Promotion of civil, economic Capacities and knowledge of CSOs on NHRIP enhanced
- Human Rights in parliamentary democracy indicators ensured and social rights as positive legislation mainstreamed

### Targets:

- Consultation process conducted with the Lebanese Civil Society
- media outlets to advocate for the instruments provided to Civil Society Organizations and Technical support and NHRAP.
- Technical support provided to

### Parliament UNDP/

### OHCHR Implementation Plan (NHRIP) 2-Organizing several working ssioning a legal expert group meetings to participate in the development of the development of the al Human Rights

Day to launch the first draft of 3-Organizing an event on the nternational Human Rights the NHRIP

## Targets 2015

1-Organizing several working group meetings to participate in finalizing the NHRIP

disseminating the NHRIP to all 2-Publishing and stakeholders

Day to launch the final NHRIP an outreach strategy including audiovisual advertisement and 3-Identifying and developing 4-Organizing an event on the International Human Rights advocate for Human Rights campaign, to promote and billboards, and advocacy

### Consultation MPs and CSOs) for the Process/Seminars conducted working groups (Ministerial level, development of the NHRIP. with Lebanese

drafted, reviewed and finalized. NHRIP 1.3.2

advocacy campaign on the 1.3.3 Media awareness and NHRIP organized.

1.3.4: 3 events organized to aunch the NHRIP, and to celebrate the Human Rights

developed and submitted to Four draft laws parliamentary committees Human 1.3.5

## Consultants: USD 60,000.00 Total Activities

Workshops, Production Cost&

Miscellaneous: USD 10,000,00 Communication, Audio Visual Campaign: USD 80,000.00 Legal experts: USD 15,000 Equipment and Media

(To be mobilized)

mobilized in collaboration 165,000 (Resources to be Total Output 1.3: USD with OHCHR)

# SECTION IV-ANNUAL WORK PLAN BUDGET SHEET

Year: 2014

25,000	20,000
71300- Local Consultants	74200- Audio Visual&Print Prod Costs
Muhiple	Multiple
Parliament & UNDP	Parliament & UNDP
×	×
×	×
×	
×	
1.3.1 Consultation Process/Seminars conducted with Lebanese working groups (Ministerial level, MPs and CSOs) for the	development of the NH
Output 1.3: Support to adopt and implement the National Human Rights Action Plan (NHRAP) and to mainstream	Human Rights in Parliamentary work provided

Baseline:	finalized.	×	X	×	Parliament & UNDP	Multiple	75700	3,500
Need to follow-up on the NHRAP implementation     Need to mainstream Human	1.3.3 Media awareness and advocacy campaign on the NHRIP organized.						Training. Workshops and Confer	
Rights in Parliamentary work  Performance Indicators:	1.3.4: Three events organized to launch the NHRIP, and to celebrate the Human Rights day.							
National Ownership of the NHRIP established and strengthened.     Capacities and knowledge of CSOs on NHRIP enhanced	1.3.5 Four draft laws developed and submitted to the Human Rights parliamentary committees							
<ul> <li>Promotion of civil, economic and social rights as positive democracy indicators ensured</li> <li>Human Rights in parliamentary legislation mainstreamed</li> </ul>				are the second s				
Targets:  Consultation process conducted with the Lebanese Civil Society  Technical support and instruments provided to Civil Society Organizations and media outlets to advocate for the NHRAP.  Technical support provided to relevant national counterparts and stakeholders for the adoption and implementation of the NHRIP.  Draft Laws developed and submittee to the HR parliamentary committee.								

TOTAL Output 1.3	48,500 USD
Total Outputs	241,700 USD
Total ISS for year 2014	4,834 USD
Total GMS for year 2014	12,326 USD
Total Budget for year 2014	258,860 USD

### PART V. MANAGEMENT ARRANGEMENTS

The Lebanese Parliament is designated as the National Implementing Agency for this project. The Implementing Agency will be responsible for managing the project and will provide overall support to enable it to achieve its intended outputs and results. The Implementing Agency will thus be accountable to UNDP for all resources allocated by the latter, whether their source is UNDP or from government cost sharing. This accountability calls for concrete capacities in the administrative, technical and financial spheres.

The UNDP National Implementation Modality (NIM) will prevail, with the support of the UNDP Country Office. In addition to regular technical backstopping and monitoring activities regularly provided, the UNDP Country Office shall provide the Implementing Agency with support services for the execution of the programme. This will ensure that technical and substantive expertise is available to the Programme for coordination, recruitment, and procurement and contracting. (See Annex 1: Standard Letter of Agreement between UNDP and the Lebanese Parliament for the Provision of Support Services).

Services shall be provided in accordance with UNDP procedures, rules and regulations. The Government, through its designated implementation agency, shall retain overall responsibility for the execution of the project and shall be responsible for and bound by any contracts signed by the UNDP Resident Representative, on behalf of the Implementation Agency and upon its request, for the procurement of goods and services and /or recruitment of personnel for the programme. Costs incurred by UNDP Country Office for providing the above described support services will be partly recovered from the Programme budget.

A Project Board will be established to provide technical support, share relevant information, and review progress. The Project Board will comprise: (i) Executive: a representative of UNDP providing in particular technical guidance to the project and secretariat services; (ii) Senior Supplier: the Parliamentary administration; (iii) Senior Beneficiaries: Members of Parliament. Additional partners/stakeholders can be invited as Observers to share relevant information as and when required. The Project Board will meet at least twice a year and will review annual work plan and budget.

The overall responsibility of the project lies with the designated **National Project Coordinator**. However, **The Project Manager** is directly responsible for managing the project's operations on a day-to-day basis.

The National Focal Point is usually the National Coordinator (or a representative appointed by him/her.

The responsibilities of the NFP:

- Review and approve detailed annual/quarterly work plans (for final approval by Project Board) and relevant budgets and where appropriate recommend changes to better meet the project objectives in the national context, in light of monitoring and other reports;
- Approve RDP/SR that are not included in the annual/quarterly work plans;
- Participate in Project Board meetings;
- · Review APR Report, and other progress and monitoring reports;
- Provide recommendations for the next year's project planning;
- Facilitate adoption of necessary decisions and initiation of appropriate actions by the Parliament for the effective follow-up and implementation of the project activities;
- Assist in the identification and allocation of national resources needed by the project to meet its objectives.

Project Management: A Project Manager will be appointed by UNDP following a competitive and transparent recruitment process. The Project Manager will be responsible for day-to-day management and decision making for the project. S/he will also be responsible for planning, budgeting and managing project activities; facilitating support services from the UNDP country office; training and mentoring national staff; oversight, guidance and insuring technical quality of short-term consultants; to prepare and provide the mandatory reports on project progress and achievements, and financial management; and for early flagging of events and changes in the environment which can affect project implementation and delivery and for providing suggestions for problem solving. To support project implementation, Project staff will be recruited by UNDP and the Project Manager. A number of national and international consultants will also be recruited in order to deliver the trainings as needed and to provide advisory support on issues pertaining to legal aid, human resources, budgetary functions, and support to parliamentary committees. The project team consists of a full-time Project Manager, Project Coordinator, Project Assistant and an Administrative and Finance Assistant.

Project Office: The project will be located at the premises of the Lebanese Parliament

Sustainability: The project will be implemented with a view to achieving sustainable improved institutional capacity and permanent beneficial effects on the Lebanese Parliament

#### Audit:

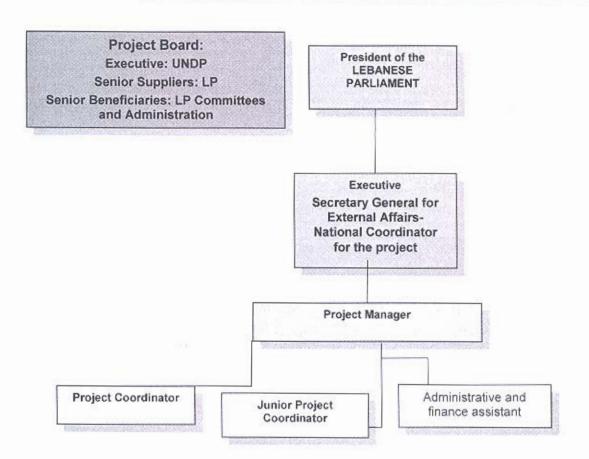
The audit of NIM projects is made through the regular external (UN Board of Auditors) or internal audits (audits managed by UNDP's Office of Audit and Investigations- OAI).

### Visibility:

UNDP will ensure that the Parliament and respective donors to the project will receive the maximum visibility possible.

UNDP will be responsible for determining when its name and logo are to be displayed and prior written authorization must be granted by the UNDP Resident Representative on a case by case basis.

### **Project Organisation Structure**



### PART VI. MONITORING FRAMEWORK AND EVALUATION

In accordance with the programming policies and procedures outlined in the UNDP User Guide, the project will be monitored through the following:

Day-to-day monitoring of implementation progress will be the responsibility of the Project Manager who will inform the UNDP-CO and LP of any delays or difficulties faced during implementation so that the appropriate support or corrective measures can be adopted in a timely and remedial fashion.

Periodic monitoring of implementation progress will be undertaken by UNDP through regular meetings with the project team, or more frequently as deemed necessary. This will allow parties to take stock and to troubleshoot any problems pertaining to the project in a timely fashion to ensure smooth implementation of project activities. Details of the monitoring requirements are as follows:

### i. Within the annual cycle

- On a quarterly basis, a quality assessment shall record progress towards the completion of key results, based on quality criteria and methods captured in the Quality Management table below.
- An Issue Log shall be activated in Atlas and updated by the Project Manager to facilitate tracking and resolution of potential problems or requests for change.
- Based on the initial risk analysis submitted, a risk log shall be activated in Atlas and regularly updated by reviewing the external environment that may affect the project implementation.
- Based on the above information recorded in Atlas, a Project Progress Reports (PPR) shall be submitted by the Project Manager to the Project Board through Project Assurance, using the standard report format available in the Executive Snapshot.
- A project Lesson-learned log shall be activated and regularly updated to ensure on-going learning and adaptation within the organization, and to facilitate the preparation of the Lessons-learned Report at the end of the project
- A Monitoring Schedule Plan shall be activated in Atlas and updated to track key management actions/events

### ii. Annually

- Annual Review Report. An Annual Review Report shall be prepared by the Project Manager and shared with the Project Board and the Outcome Board. As minimum requirement, the Annual Review Report shall consist of the Atlas standard format for the QPR covering the whole year with updated information for each above element of the QPR as well as a summary of results achieved against pre-defined annual targets at the output level.
- Annual Project Review. Based on the above report, an annual project review shall be conducted during the fourth quarter of the year or soon after, to assess the performance of the project and appraise the Annual Work Plan (AWP) for the following year. In the last year, this review will be a final assessment. This review is driven by the Project Board and may involve other stakeholders as required. It shall focus on the extent to which progress is being made towards outputs, and that these remain aligned to appropriate outcomes.

At the end of each year, a Tripartite Review will take place between officials of UNDP and the Lebanese Parliament to assess the achievements of the project and discuss a new action plan as well as renew the cooperation agreement between both parties.

### Quality Management for Project Activity Results

Activity Result 1	Legislative Functions	Start Date: Jan 1, 2014 End Date: Dec 31, 2016	
Purpose	To support the parliamentary committees and parliamentary staff in exercising their legislative role		
Description	Provide technical support to Parliament to address policy issues through various means, including research, and knowledge creation and sharing		
Quality Criteria	Quality Method	Date of Assessment	
Research conducted	Number of issues addressed  Number of experts commissioned  Number of background studies/policy reform papers developed and distribution number and target groups		
e-Library developed	Number of issues addressed Updates frequency Hints/Access to e-Library	Quarterly and annually	
Activity Result 2	Inclusive Participation	Start Date: Jan 1, 2014 End Date: Dec 31, 2016	
Purpose	The activity aims at enhancing public participation in the political process and decision-making, with a special focus on women and youth. The purpose is to also enhance the understanding of government accountability to Parliament.		
Description	The project will encourage representation in Parliament by closely be working with all involved stakeholders institutionalization of women and youth representa groups as well as strengthening avenues for dialogu skills of women and youth. The activity will also for accountability mechanisms through the Parliament.	in order to allow the ation in multi-party se by enhancing the	
Quality Criteria	Quality Method	Date of Assessment	
Periodic regional meetings	Number of meetings held, number of attendees, agenda of meetings and areas covered, sectors represented and proceedings of meetings	Quarterly and annually	
Implementation of the Lebanese Parliamentary Internship Programme (LPIP)	Number of requests by MPs  Number of interns provided and match with MPs needs  Internship reports  Quarterly annually		
Trainings	Number of training activities provided Number of trainees	Quarterly and annually	

	Training areas covered and pre and post capacity assessment			
Activity Result 3	Human Rights	Start Date: Jan 1, 2014 End Date: Dec 31, 2016		
Purpose	Supporting the Lebanese to mainstream Human Rights in Parliamentary work			
Description	The project will support the Human Rights parliamentary committee in adopting and implementing the National Human Rights Action Plan, will hold consultation meetings to gather support for implementation, will raise awareness on the action plan and will provide technical support to Parliament to review the legal apparatus to ensure compatibility with the action plan.			
Quality Criteria	Quality Method	Date of Assessment		
Awareness created around the action plan	Number of recipients and reaction/feedback to the action plan  Media campaign: Number of outlets used, number of presentations (spots, billboard, articles, press, etc) and reaction/feedback to the campaign	Quarterly and annually		
Consultation/support meetings conducted	Number of consultation/support meetings held, number of participants, and proceedings of meetings.	Quarterly and annually		
Legal reform	Number of propositional law drafted	Quarterly and annually		

### PART VII. LEGAL CONTEXT

This document together with the CPAP signed by the Government and UNDP which is incorporated by reference constitute together a Project Document as referred to in the SBAA [or other appropriate governing agreement] and all CPAP provisions apply to this document.

Consistent with the Article III of the Standard Basic Assistance Agreement, the responsibility for the safety and security of the implementing partner and its personnel and property, and of UNDP's property in the implementing partner's custody, rests with the implementing partner.

The implementing partner shall:

- a) put in place an appropriate security plan and maintain the security plan, taking into account the security situation in the country where the project is being carried;
- assume all risks and liabilities related to the implementing partner's security, and the full implementation of the security plan.

UNDP reserves the right to verify whether such a plan is in place, and to suggest modifications to the plan when necessary. Failure to maintain and implement an appropriate security plan as required hereunder shall be deemed a breach of this agreement.

The implementing partner agrees to undertake all reasonable efforts to ensure that none of the UNDP funds received pursuant to the Project Document are used to provide support to individuals or entities associated with terrorism and that the recipients of any amounts provided by UNDP hereunder do not appear on the list maintained by the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1267 (1999). The list can be accessed via <a href="http://www.un.org/Docs/sc/committees/1267/1267Listling.htm">http://www.un.org/Docs/sc/committees/1267/1267Listling.htm</a>. This provision must be included in all sub-contracts or sub-agreements entered into under this Project Document".

### ANNEX 1: RISK ANALYSIS

For further sustainability of the project, its related risk factors have also been looked at and countermeasures have been identified as per the following:

Description	Туре	Impact/Probability (1= low, 5= high)	Countermeasure
Lack of responsiveness and coordination from stakeholders	Administrative	This may cause a delay in implementation of some activities (including the training sessions) $P = 3$ $I = 4$	Lead a consultation process and ensure that activities are demand driven and respond to a necessity.  Conduct regular informative sessions with stakeholders in order to create ownership and ensure buy-in
Political instability and security situation in the country	Political/Securit y	Political or security changes can hinder access to site and delay in receiving legal issues $P = 2$ $I = 5$	Close coordination with UN DSS
Lack of funds mobilized at the beginning of the project	Financial	This would substantially delay the initiation of the project and the implementation of activities as planned $P = 4$ $I = 5$	Follow-up by UNDP with the Parliament's Administration for cost-sharing as well as with the donor community.